
MPI for Python

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Lisandro Dalcin

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Contents

| | | |
|----------|---|-----------|
| 1 | Introduction | 3 |
| 1.1 | What is MPI? | 4 |
| 1.2 | What is Python? | 4 |
| 1.3 | Related Projects | 4 |
| 2 | Overview | 5 |
| 2.1 | Communicating Python Objects and Array Data | 6 |
| 2.2 | Communicators | 6 |
| 2.3 | Point-to-Point Communications | 7 |
| 2.4 | Collective Communications | 8 |
| 2.5 | Support for GPU-aware MPI | 8 |
| 2.6 | Dynamic Process Management | 9 |
| 2.7 | One-Sided Communications | 9 |
| 2.8 | Parallel Input/Output | 10 |
| 2.9 | Environmental Management | 10 |
| 3 | Tutorial | 11 |
| 3.1 | Running Python scripts with MPI | 13 |
| 3.2 | Point-to-Point Communication | 13 |
| 3.3 | Collective Communication | 14 |
| 3.4 | Input/Output (MPI-IO) | 16 |
| 3.5 | Dynamic Process Management | 17 |
| 3.6 | GPU-aware MPI + Python GPU arrays | 18 |
| 3.7 | One-Sided Communication (RMA) | 18 |
| 3.8 | Wrapping with SWIG | 20 |
| 3.9 | Wrapping with F2Py | 20 |
| 4 | mpi4py | 21 |
| 4.1 | Runtime configuration options | 21 |
| 4.2 | Environment variables | 24 |
| 4.3 | Miscellaneous functions | 27 |
| 5 | mpi4py.MPI | 28 |
| 5.1 | Classes | 28 |
| 5.2 | Functions | 29 |
| 5.3 | Attributes | 31 |

| | | |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|------------|
| 6 | mpi4py.typing | 37 |
| 7 | mpi4py.futures | 40 |
| 7.1 | MPIPoolExecutor | 41 |
| 7.2 | MPICommExecutor | 44 |
| 7.3 | Command line | 45 |
| 7.4 | Parallel tasks | 46 |
| 7.5 | Utilities | 46 |
| 7.6 | Examples | 47 |
| 7.7 | Citation | 50 |
| 8 | mpi4py.util | 50 |
| 8.1 | mpi4py.util.dtlb | 50 |
| 8.2 | mpi4py.util.pkl5 | 51 |
| 8.3 | mpi4py.util.pool | 58 |
| 8.4 | mpi4py.util.sync | 62 |
| 9 | mpi4py.run | 70 |
| 9.1 | Exceptions and deadlocks | 70 |
| 9.2 | Command line | 71 |
| 10 | mpi4py.bench | 71 |
| 11 | Reference | 71 |
| 11.1 | mpi4py.MPI | 71 |
| 12 | Citation | 243 |
| 13 | Installation | 244 |
| 13.1 | Build backends | 244 |
| 13.2 | Using pip | 246 |
| 13.3 | Using conda | 246 |
| 13.4 | Linux | 247 |
| 13.5 | macOS | 248 |
| 13.6 | Windows | 248 |
| 14 | Development | 248 |
| 14.1 | Prerequisites | 248 |
| 14.2 | Building | 249 |
| 14.3 | Installing | 250 |
| 14.4 | Testing | 250 |
| 15 | Guidelines | 250 |
| 15.1 | Fair play | 250 |
| 16 | LICENSE | 252 |
| 17 | CHANGES | 252 |
| 17.1 | Release 4.0.1 [2024-10-11] | 252 |
| 17.2 | Release 4.0.0 [2024-07-28] | 253 |
| 17.3 | Release 3.1.6 [2024-04-14] | 254 |
| 17.4 | Release 3.1.5 [2023-10-04] | 255 |
| 17.5 | Release 3.1.4 [2022-11-02] | 255 |
| 17.6 | Release 3.1.3 [2021-11-25] | 255 |
| 17.7 | Release 3.1.2 [2021-11-04] | 255 |
| 17.8 | Release 3.1.1 [2021-08-14] | 256 |

| | |
|---|------------|
| 17.9 Release 3.1.0 [2021-08-12] | 256 |
| 17.10Release 3.0.3 [2019-11-04] | 257 |
| 17.11Release 3.0.2 [2019-06-11] | 257 |
| 17.12Release 3.0.1 [2019-02-15] | 257 |
| 17.13Release 3.0.0 [2017-11-08] | 257 |
| 17.14Release 2.0.0 [2015-10-18] | 258 |
| 17.15Release 1.3.1 [2013-08-07] | 259 |
| 17.16Release 1.3 [2012-01-20] | 259 |
| 17.17Release 1.2.2 [2010-09-13] | 260 |
| 17.18Release 1.2.1 [2010-02-26] | 260 |
| 17.19Release 1.2 [2009-12-29] | 260 |
| 17.20Release 1.1.0 [2009-06-06] | 261 |
| 17.21Release 1.0.0 [2009-03-20] | 261 |
| References | 262 |
| Python Module Index | 263 |
| Index | 264 |

Abstract

MPI for Python provides Python bindings for the *Message Passing Interface* (MPI) standard, allowing Python applications to exploit multiple processors on workstations, clusters and supercomputers.

This package builds on the MPI specification and provides an object oriented interface resembling the MPI-2 C++ bindings. It supports point-to-point (sends, receives) and collective (broadcasts, scatters, gathers) communication of any *pickleable* Python object, as well as efficient communication of Python objects exposing the Python buffer interface (e.g. NumPy arrays and builtin bytes/array/memoryview objects).

1 Introduction

Over the last years, high performance computing has become an affordable resource to many more researchers in the scientific community than ever before. The conjunction of quality open source software and commodity hardware strongly influenced the now widespread popularity of *Beowulf* class clusters and cluster of workstations.

Among many parallel computational models, message-passing has proven to be an effective one. This paradigm is specially suited for (but not limited to) distributed memory architectures and is used in today's most demanding scientific and engineering application related to modeling, simulation, design, and signal processing. However, portable message-passing parallel programming used to be a nightmare in the past because of the many incompatible options developers were faced to. Fortunately, this situation definitely changed after the MPI Forum released its standard specification.

High performance computing is traditionally associated with software development using compiled languages. However, in typical applications programs, only a small part of the code is time-critical enough to require the efficiency of compiled languages. The rest of the code is generally related to memory management, error handling, input/output, and user interaction, and those are usually the most error prone and time-consuming lines of code to write and debug in the whole development process. Interpreted high-level languages can be really advantageous for this kind of tasks.

For implementing general-purpose numerical computations, MATLAB¹ is the dominant interpreted programming language. In the open source side, Octave and Scilab are well known, freely distributed software packages providing compatibility with the MATLAB language. In this work, we present MPI for Python, a new package enabling applications to exploit multiple processors using standard MPI “look and feel” in Python scripts.

1.1 What is MPI?

MPI, [\[mpi-using\]](#) [\[mpi-ref\]](#) the *Message Passing Interface*, is a standardized and portable message-passing system designed to function on a wide variety of parallel computers. The standard defines the syntax and semantics of library routines and allows users to write portable programs in the main scientific programming languages (Fortran, C, or C++).

Since its release, the MPI specification [\[mpi-std1\]](#) [\[mpi-std2\]](#) has become the leading standard for message-passing libraries for parallel computers. Implementations are available from vendors of high-performance computers and from well known open source projects like [MPICH](#) [\[mpi-mpich\]](#) and [Open MPI](#) [\[mpi-openmpi\]](#).

1.2 What is Python?

[Python](#) is a modern, easy to learn, powerful programming language. It has efficient high-level data structures and a simple but effective approach to object-oriented programming with dynamic typing and dynamic binding. It supports modules and packages, which encourages program modularity and code reuse. Python’s elegant syntax, together with its interpreted nature, make it an ideal language for scripting and rapid application development in many areas on most platforms.

The Python interpreter and the extensive standard library are available in source or binary form without charge for all major platforms, and can be freely distributed. It is easily extended with new functions and data types implemented in C or C++. Python is also suitable as an extension language for customizable applications.

Python is an ideal candidate for writing the higher-level parts of large-scale scientific applications [\[Hinsen97\]](#) and driving simulations in parallel architectures [\[Beazley97\]](#) like clusters of PC’s or SMP’s. Python codes are quickly developed, easily maintained, and can achieve a high degree of integration with other libraries written in compiled languages.

1.3 Related Projects

As this work started and evolved, some ideas were borrowed from well known MPI and Python related open source projects from the Internet.

- [OOMPI](#)
 - It has no relation with Python, but is an excellent object oriented approach to MPI.
 - It is a C++ class library specification layered on top of the C bindings that encapsulates MPI into a functional class hierarchy.
 - It provides a flexible and intuitive interface by adding some abstractions, like *Ports* and *Messages*, which enrich and simplify the syntax.
- [Pympar](#)
 - Its interface is rather minimal. There is no support for communicators or process topologies.
 - It does not require the Python interpreter to be modified or recompiled, but does not permit interactive parallel runs.

¹ MATLAB is a registered trademark of The MathWorks, Inc.

- General (*picklable*) Python objects of any type can be communicated. There is good support for numeric arrays, practically full MPI bandwidth can be achieved.
- **pyMPI**
 - It rebuilds the Python interpreter providing a built-in module for message passing. It does permit interactive parallel runs, which are useful for learning and debugging.
 - It provides an interface suitable for basic parallel programming. There is not full support for defining new communicators or process topologies.
 - General (picklable) Python objects can be messaged between processors. There is native support for numeric arrays.
- **Scientific Python**
 - It provides a collection of Python modules that are useful for scientific computing.
 - There is an interface to MPI and BSP (*Bulk Synchronous Parallel programming*).
 - The interface is simple but incomplete and does not resemble the MPI specification. There is support for numeric arrays.

Additionally, we would like to mention some available tools for scientific computing and software development with Python.

- **NumPy** is a package that provides array manipulation and computational capabilities similar to those found in IDL, MATLAB, or Octave. Using NumPy, it is possible to write many efficient numerical data processing applications directly in Python without using any C, C++ or Fortran code.
- **SciPy** is an open source library of scientific tools for Python, gathering a variety of high level science and engineering modules together as a single package. It includes modules for graphics and plotting, optimization, integration, special functions, signal and image processing, genetic algorithms, ODE solvers, and others.
- **Cython** is a language that makes writing C extensions for the Python language as easy as Python itself. The Cython language is very close to the Python language, but Cython additionally supports calling C functions and declaring C types on variables and class attributes. This allows the compiler to generate very efficient C code from Cython code. This makes Cython the ideal language for wrapping for external C libraries, and for fast C modules that speed up the execution of Python code.
- **SWIG** is a software development tool that connects programs written in C and C++ with a variety of high-level programming languages like Perl, Tcl/Tk, Ruby and Python. Issuing header files to SWIG is the simplest approach to interfacing C/C++ libraries from a Python module.

2 Overview

MPI for Python provides an object oriented approach to message passing which grounds on the standard MPI-2 C++ bindings. The interface was designed with focus in translating MPI syntax and semantics of standard MPI-2 bindings for C++ to Python. Any user of the standard C/C++ MPI bindings should be able to use this module without need of learning a new interface.

2.1 Communicating Python Objects and Array Data

The Python standard library supports different mechanisms for data persistence. Many of them rely on disk storage, but *pickling* and *marshaling* can also work with memory buffers.

The `pickle` modules provide user-extensible facilities to serialize general Python objects using ASCII or binary formats. The `marshal` module provides facilities to serialize built-in Python objects using a binary format specific to Python, but independent of machine architecture issues.

MPI for Python can communicate any built-in or user-defined Python object taking advantage of the features provided by the `pickle` module. These facilities will be routinely used to build binary representations of objects to communicate (at sending processes), and restoring them back (at receiving processes).

Although simple and general, the serialization approach (i.e., *pickling* and *unpickling*) previously discussed imposes important overheads in memory as well as processor usage, especially in the scenario of objects with large memory footprints being communicated. Pickling general Python objects, ranging from primitive or container built-in types to user-defined classes, necessarily requires computer resources. Processing is also needed for dispatching the appropriate serialization method (that depends on the type of the object) and doing the actual packing. Additional memory is always needed, and if its total amount is not known *a priori*, many reallocations can occur. Indeed, in the case of large numeric arrays, this is certainly unacceptable and precludes communication of objects occupying half or more of the available memory resources.

MPI for Python supports direct communication of any object exporting the single-segment buffer interface. This interface is a standard Python mechanism provided by some types (e.g., strings and numeric arrays), allowing access in the C side to a contiguous memory buffer (i.e., address and length) containing the relevant data. This feature, in conjunction with the capability of constructing user-defined MPI datatypes describing complicated memory layouts, enables the implementation of many algorithms involving multidimensional numeric arrays (e.g., image processing, fast Fourier transforms, finite difference schemes on structured Cartesian grids) directly in Python, with negligible overhead, and almost as fast as compiled Fortran, C, or C++ codes.

2.2 Communicators

In *MPI for Python*, `Comm` is the base class of communicators. The `Intracomm` and `Intercomm` classes are subclasses of the `Comm` class. The `Comm.Is_inter` method (and `Comm.Is_intra`, provided for convenience but not part of the MPI specification) is defined for communicator objects and can be used to determine the particular communicator class.

The two predefined intracommunicator instances are available: `COMM_SELF` and `COMM_WORLD`. From them, new communicators can be created as needed.

The number of processes in a communicator and the calling process rank can be respectively obtained with methods `Comm.GetSize` and `Comm.GetRank`. The associated process group can be retrieved from a communicator by calling the `Comm.Get_group` method, which returns an instance of the `Group` class. Set operations with `Group` objects like `Group.Union`, `Group.Intersection` and `Group.Difference` are fully supported, as well as the creation of new communicators from these groups using `Comm.Create` and `Intracomm.Create_group`.

New communicator instances can be obtained with the `Comm.Clone`, `Comm.Dup` and `Comm.Split` methods, as well methods `Intracomm.Create_intercomm` and `Intercomm.Merge`.

Virtual topologies (`Cartcomm`, `Graphcomm` and `Distgraphcomm` classes, which are specializations of the `Intracomm` class) are fully supported. New instances can be obtained from intracommunicator instances with factory methods `Intracomm.Create_cart` and `Intracomm.Create_graph`.

2.3 Point-to-Point Communications

Point to point communication is a fundamental capability of message passing systems. This mechanism enables the transmission of data between a pair of processes, one side sending, the other receiving.

MPI provides a set of *send* and *receive* functions allowing the communication of *typed* data with an associated *tag*. The type information enables the conversion of data representation from one architecture to another in the case of heterogeneous computing environments; additionally, it allows the representation of non-contiguous data layouts and user-defined datatypes, thus avoiding the overhead of (otherwise unavoidable) packing/unpacking operations. The tag information allows selectivity of messages at the receiving end.

Blocking Communications

MPI provides basic send and receive functions that are *blocking*. These functions block the caller until the data buffers involved in the communication can be safely reused by the application program.

In *MPI for Python*, the `Comm.Send`, `Comm.Recv` and `Comm.Sendrecv` methods of communicator objects provide support for blocking point-to-point communications within `Intracomm` and `Intercomm` instances. These methods can communicate memory buffers. The variants `Comm.send`, `Comm.recv` and `Comm.sendrecv` can communicate general Python objects.

Nonblocking Communications

On many systems, performance can be significantly increased by overlapping communication and computation. This is particularly true on systems where communication can be executed autonomously by an intelligent, dedicated communication controller.

MPI provides *nonblocking* send and receive functions. They allow the possible overlap of communication and computation. Non-blocking communication always come in two parts: posting functions, which begin the requested operation; and test-for-completion functions, which allow to discover whether the requested operation has completed.

In *MPI for Python*, the `Comm.Isend` and `Comm.Irecv` methods initiate send and receive operations, respectively. These methods return a `Request` instance, uniquely identifying the started operation. Its completion can be managed using the `Request.Test`, `Request.Wait` and `Request.Cancel` methods. The management of `Request` objects and associated memory buffers involved in communication requires a careful, rather low-level coordination. Users must ensure that objects exposing their memory buffers are not accessed at the Python level while they are involved in nonblocking message-passing operations.

Persistent Communications

Often a communication with the same argument list is repeatedly executed within an inner loop. In such cases, communication can be further optimized by using persistent communication, a particular case of nonblocking communication allowing the reduction of the overhead between processes and communication controllers. Furthermore, this kind of optimization can also alleviate the extra call overheads associated to interpreted, dynamic languages like Python.

In *MPI for Python*, the `Comm.Send_init` and `Comm.Recv_init` methods create persistent requests for a send and receive operation, respectively. These methods return an instance of the `Prequest` class, a subclass of the `Request` class. The actual communication can be effectively started using the `Prequest.Start` method, and its completion can be managed as previously described.

2.4 Collective Communications

Collective communications allow the transmittal of data between multiple processes of a group simultaneously. The syntax and semantics of collective functions is consistent with point-to-point communication. Collective functions communicate *typed* data, but messages are not paired with an associated *tag*; selectivity of messages is implied in the calling order. Additionally, collective functions come in blocking versions only.

The more commonly used collective communication operations are the following.

- Barrier synchronization across all group members.
- Global communication functions
 - Broadcast data from one member to all members of a group.
 - Gather data from all members to one member of a group.
 - Scatter data from one member to all members of a group.
- Global reduction operations such as sum, maximum, minimum, etc.

In *MPI for Python*, the `Comm.Bcast`, `Comm.Scatter`, `Comm.Gather`, `Comm.Allgather`, `Comm.Alltoall` methods provide support for collective communications of memory buffers. The lower-case variants `Comm.bcast`, `Comm.scatter`, `Comm.gather`, `Comm.allgather` and `Comm.alltoall` can communicate general Python objects. The vector variants (which can communicate different amounts of data to each process) `Comm.Scatterv`, `Comm.Gatherv`, `Comm.Allgatherv`, `Comm.Alltoallv` and `Comm.Alltoallw` are also supported, they can only communicate objects exposing memory buffers.

Global reduction operations on memory buffers are accessible through the `Comm.Reduce`, `Comm.Reduce_scatter`, `Comm.Allreduce`, `Intracomm.Scan` and `Intracomm.Exscan` methods. The lower-case variants `Comm.reduce`, `Comm.allreduce`, `Intracomm.scan` and `Intracomm.exscan` can communicate general Python objects; however, the actual required reduction computations are performed sequentially at some process. All the predefined (i.e., `SUM`, `PROD`, `MAX`, etc.) reduction operations can be applied.

2.5 Support for GPU-aware MPI

Several MPI implementations, including Open MPI and MVAPICH, support passing GPU pointers to MPI calls to avoid explicit data movement between host and device. On the Python side, support for handling GPU arrays have been implemented in many libraries related GPU computation such as `CuPy`, `Numba`, `PyTorch`, and `PyArrow`. To maximize interoperability across library boundaries, two kinds of zero-copy data exchange protocols have been defined and agreed upon: `DLPack` and `CUDA Array Interface (CAI)`.

MPI for Python provides an experimental support for GPU-aware MPI. This feature requires:

1. `mpi4py` is built against a GPU-aware MPI library.
2. The Python GPU arrays are compliant with either of the protocols.

See the [Tutorial](#) section for further information. We note that

- Whether or not a MPI call can work for GPU arrays depends on the underlying MPI implementation, not on `mpi4py`.
- This support is currently experimental and subject to change in the future.

2.6 Dynamic Process Management

In the context of the MPI-1 specification, a parallel application is static; that is, no processes can be added to or deleted from a running application after it has been started. Fortunately, this limitation was addressed in MPI-2. The new specification added a process management model providing a basic interface between an application and external resources and process managers.

This MPI-2 extension can be really useful, especially for sequential applications built on top of parallel modules, or parallel applications with a client/server model. The MPI-2 process model provides a mechanism to create new processes and establish communication between them and the existing MPI application. It also provides mechanisms to establish communication between two existing MPI applications, even when one did not *start* the other.

In *MPI for Python*, new independent process groups can be created by calling the `Intracomm.Spawn` method within an intracommunicator. This call returns a new intercommunicator (i.e., an `Intercomm` instance) at the parent process group. The child process group can retrieve the matching intercommunicator by calling the `Comm.Get_parent` class method. At each side, the new intercommunicator can be used to perform point to point and collective communications between the parent and child groups of processes.

Alternatively, disjoint groups of processes can establish communication using a client/server approach. Any server application must first call the `Open_port` function to open a *port* and the `Publish_name` function to publish a provided *service*, and next call the `Intracomm.Accept` method. Any client applications can first find a published *service* by calling the `Lookup_name` function, which returns the *port* where a server can be contacted; and next call the `Intracomm.Connect` method. Both `Intracomm.Accept` and `Intracomm.Connect` methods return an `Intercomm` instance. When connection between client/server processes is no longer needed, all of them must cooperatively call the `Comm.Disconnect` method. Additionally, server applications should release resources by calling the `Unpublish_name` and `Close_port` functions.

2.7 One-Sided Communications

One-sided communications (also called *Remote Memory Access*, *RMA*) supplements the traditional two-sided, send/receive based MPI communication model with a one-sided, put/get based interface. One-sided communication that can take advantage of the capabilities of highly specialized network hardware. Additionally, this extension lowers latency and software overhead in applications written using a shared-memory-like paradigm.

The MPI specification revolves around the use of objects called *windows*; they intuitively specify regions of a process's memory that have been made available for remote read and write operations. The published memory blocks can be accessed through three functions for put (remote send), get (remote write), and accumulate (remote update or reduction) data items. A much larger number of functions support different synchronization styles; the semantics of these synchronization operations are fairly complex.

In *MPI for Python*, one-sided operations are available by using instances of the `Win` class. New window objects are created by calling the `Win.Create` method at all processes within a communicator and specifying a memory buffer. When a window instance is no longer needed, the `Win.Free` method should be called.

The three one-sided MPI operations for remote write, read and reduction are available through calling the methods `Win.Put`, `Win.Get`, and `Win.Accumulate` respectively within a `Win` instance. These methods need an integer rank identifying the target process and an integer offset relative the base address of the remote memory block being accessed.

The one-sided operations read, write, and reduction are implicitly nonblocking, and must be synchronized by using two primary modes. Active target synchronization requires the origin process to call the `Win.Start` and `Win.Complete` methods at the origin process, and target process cooperates by calling the `Win.Post` and `Win.Wait` methods. There is also a collective variant provided by the `Win.Fence` method. Passive target synchronization is more lenient, only the origin process calls the `Win.Lock` and `Win.Unlock` methods. Locks are used to protect remote accesses to the locked remote window and to protect local load/store accesses to a locked local window.

2.8 Parallel Input/Output

The POSIX standard provides a model of a widely portable file system. However, the optimization needed for parallel input/output cannot be achieved with this generic interface. In order to ensure efficiency and scalability, the underlying parallel input/output system must provide a high-level interface supporting partitioning of file data among processes and a collective interface supporting complete transfers of global data structures between process memories and files. Additionally, further efficiencies can be gained via support for asynchronous input/output, strided accesses to data, and control over physical file layout on storage devices. This scenario motivated the inclusion in the MPI-2 standard of a custom interface in order to support more elaborated parallel input/output operations.

The MPI specification for parallel input/output revolves around the use objects called *files*. As defined by MPI, files are not just contiguous byte streams. Instead, they are regarded as ordered collections of *typed* data items. MPI supports sequential or random access to any integral set of these items. Furthermore, files are opened collectively by a group of processes.

The common patterns for accessing a shared file (broadcast, scatter, gather, reduction) is expressed by using user-defined datatypes. Compared to the communication patterns of point-to-point and collective communications, this approach has the advantage of added flexibility and expressiveness. Data access operations (read and write) are defined for different kinds of positioning (using explicit offsets, individual file pointers, and shared file pointers), coordination (non-collective and collective), and synchronism (blocking, nonblocking, and split collective with begin/end phases).

In *MPI for Python*, all MPI input/output operations are performed through instances of the `File` class. File handles are obtained by calling the `File.Open` method at all processes within a communicator and providing a file name and the intended access mode. After use, they must be closed by calling the `File.Close` method. Files even can be deleted by calling method `File.Delete`.

After creation, files are typically associated with a per-process *view*. The view defines the current set of data visible and accessible from an open file as an ordered set of elementary datatypes. This data layout can be set and queried with the `File.Set_view` and `File.Get_view` methods respectively.

Actual input/output operations are achieved by many methods combining read and write calls with different behavior regarding positioning, coordination, and synchronism. Summing up, *MPI for Python* provides the thirty (30) methods defined in MPI-2 for reading from or writing to files using explicit offsets or file pointers (individual or shared), in blocking or nonblocking and collective or noncollective versions.

2.9 Environmental Management

Initialization and Exit

Module functions `Init` or `Init_thread` and `Finalize` provide MPI initialization and finalization respectively. Module functions `Is_initialized` and `Is_finalized` provide the respective tests for initialization and finalization.

Note

`MPI_Init()` or `MPI_Init_thread()` is actually called when you import the `MPI` module from the `mpi4py` package, but only if MPI is not already initialized. In such case, calling `Init` or `Init_thread` from Python is expected to generate an MPI error, and in turn an exception will be raised.

Note

`MPI_Finalize()` is registered (by using Python C/API function `Py_AtExit()`) for being automatically called when Python processes exit, but only if `mpi4py` actually initialized MPI. Therefore, there is no need to call `Finalize` from Python to ensure MPI finalization.

Implementation Information

- The MPI version number can be retrieved from module function `Get_version`. It returns a two-integer tuple (version, subversion).
- The `Get_processor_name` function can be used to access the processor name.
- The values of predefined attributes attached to the world communicator can be obtained by calling the `Comm.Get_attr` method within the `COMM_WORLD` instance.

Timers

MPI timer functionalities are available through the `Wtime` and `Wtick` functions.

Error Handling

In order to facilitate handle sharing with other Python modules interfacing MPI-based parallel libraries, the predefined MPI error handlers `ERRORS_RETURN` and `ERRORS_ARE_FATAL` can be assigned to and retrieved from communicators using methods `Comm.Set_errhandler` and `Comm.Get_errhandler`, and similarly for windows and files. New custom error handlers can be created with `Comm.Create_errhandler`.

When the predefined error handler `ERRORS_RETURN` is set, errors returned from MPI calls within Python code will raise an instance of the exception class `Exception`, which is a subclass of the standard Python exception `RuntimeError`.

Note

After import, mpi4py overrides the default MPI rules governing inheritance of error handlers. The `ERRORS_RETURN` error handler is set in the predefined `COMM_SELF` and `COMM_WORLD` communicators, as well as any new `Comm`, `Win`, or `File` instance created through mpi4py. If you ever pass such handles to C/C++/Fortran library code, it is recommended to set the `ERRORS_ARE_FATAL` error handler on them to ensure MPI errors do not pass silently.

Warning

Importing with `from mpi4py.MPI import *` will cause a name clashing with the standard Python `Exception` base class.

3 Tutorial

Warning

Under construction. Contributions very welcome!

Tip

Rolf Rabenseifner at HLRS developed a comprehensive MPI-3.1/4.0 course with slides and a large set of exercises including solutions. This material is [available online](#) for self-study. The slides and exercises show the C,

Fortran, and Python (mpi4py) interfaces. For performance reasons, most Python exercises use NumPy arrays and communication routines involving buffer-like objects.

Tip

Victor Eijkhout at TACC authored the book *Parallel Programming for Science and Engineering*. This book is available online in PDF and HTML formats. The book covers parallel programming with MPI and OpenMP in C/C++ and Fortran, and MPI in Python using mpi4py.

MPI for Python supports convenient, *pickle*-based communication of generic Python object as well as fast, near C-speed, direct array data communication of buffer-provider objects (e.g., NumPy arrays).

- Communication of generic Python objects

You have to use methods with **all-lowercase** names, like `Comm.send`, `Comm.recv`, `Comm.bcast`, `Comm.scatter`, `Comm.gather`. An object to be sent is passed as a parameter to the communication call, and the received object is simply the return value.

The `Comm.isend` and `Comm.irecv` methods return *Request* instances; completion of these methods can be managed using the `Request.test` and `Request.wait` methods.

The `Comm.recv` and `Comm.irecv` methods may be passed a buffer object that can be repeatedly used to receive messages avoiding internal memory allocation. This buffer must be sufficiently large to accommodate the transmitted messages; hence, any buffer passed to `Comm.recv` or `Comm.irecv` must be at least as long as the *pickled* data transmitted to the receiver.

Collective calls like `Comm.scatter`, `Comm.gather`, `Comm.allgather`, `Comm.alltoall` expect a single value or a sequence of `Comm.size` elements at the root or all process. They return a single value, a list of `Comm.size` elements, or `None`.

Note

MPI for Python uses the **highest** protocol version available in the Python runtime (see the `HIGHEST_PROTOCOL` constant in the *pickle* module). The default protocol can be changed at import time by setting the `MPI4PY_PICKLE_PROTOCOL` environment variable, or at runtime by assigning a different value to the `PROTOCOL` attribute of the *pickle* object within the *MPI* module.

- Communication of buffer-like objects

You have to use method names starting with an **upper-case** letter, like `Comm.Send`, `Comm.Recv`, `Comm.Bcast`, `Comm.Scatter`, `Comm.Gather`.

In general, buffer arguments to these calls must be explicitly specified by using a 2/3-list/tuple like `[data, MPI.DOUBLE]`, or `[data, count, MPI.DOUBLE]` (the former one uses the byte-size of data and the extent of the MPI datatype to define count).

For vector collectives communication operations like `Comm.Scatterv` and `Comm.Gatherv`, buffer arguments are specified as `[data, count, displ, datatype]`, where `count` and `displ` are sequences of integral values.

Automatic MPI datatype discovery for NumPy/GPU arrays and PEP-3118 buffers is supported, but limited to basic C types (all C/C99-native signed/unsigned integral types and single/double precision real/complex floating types) and availability of matching datatypes in the underlying MPI implementation. In this case, the buffer-provider object can be passed directly as a buffer argument, the count and MPI datatype will be inferred.

If `mpi4py` is built against a GPU-aware MPI implementation, GPU arrays can be passed to upper-case methods as long as they have either the `__dlpack__` and `__dlpack_device__` methods or the `__cuda_array_interface__` attribute that are compliant with the respective standard specifications. Moreover, only C-contiguous or Fortran-contiguous GPU arrays are supported. It is important to note that GPU buffers must be fully ready before any MPI routines operate on them to avoid race conditions. This can be ensured by using the synchronization API of your array library. `mpi4py` does not have access to any GPU-specific functionality and thus cannot perform this operation automatically for users.

3.1 Running Python scripts with MPI

Most MPI programs can be run with the command `mpiexec`. In practice, running Python programs looks like:

```
$ mpiexec -n 4 python script.py
```

to run the program with 4 processors.

3.2 Point-to-Point Communication

- Python objects (`pickle` under the hood):

```
from mpi4py import MPI

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
rank = comm.Get_rank()

if rank == 0:
    data = {'a': 7, 'b': 3.14}
    comm.send(data, dest=1, tag=11)
elif rank == 1:
    data = comm.recv(source=0, tag=11)
```

- Python objects with non-blocking communication:

```
from mpi4py import MPI

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
rank = comm.Get_rank()

if rank == 0:
    data = {'a': 7, 'b': 3.14}
    req = comm.isend(data, dest=1, tag=11)
    req.wait()
elif rank == 1:
    req = comm.irecv(source=0, tag=11)
    data = req.wait()
```

- NumPy arrays (the fast way!):

```
from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
```

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```

rank = comm.Get_rank()

# passing MPI datatypes explicitly
if rank == 0:
    data = numpy.arange(1000, dtype='i')
    comm.Send([data, MPI.INT], dest=1, tag=77)
elif rank == 1:
    data = numpy.empty(1000, dtype='i')
    comm.Recv([data, MPI.INT], source=0, tag=77)

# automatic MPI datatype discovery
if rank == 0:
    data = numpy.arange(100, dtype=numpy.float64)
    comm.Send(data, dest=1, tag=13)
elif rank == 1:
    data = numpy.empty(100, dtype=numpy.float64)
    comm.Recv(data, source=0, tag=13)

```

3.3 Collective Communication

- Broadcasting a Python dictionary:

```

from mpi4py import MPI

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
rank = comm.Get_rank()

if rank == 0:
    data = {'key1' : [7, 2.72, 2+3j],
            'key2' : ('abc', 'xyz')}
else:
    data = None
data = comm.bcast(data, root=0)

```

- Scattering Python objects:

```

from mpi4py import MPI

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
size = comm.Get_size()
rank = comm.Get_rank()

if rank == 0:
    data = [(i+1)**2 for i in range(size)]
else:
    data = None
data = comm.scatter(data, root=0)
assert data == (rank+1)**2

```

- Gathering Python objects:

```

from mpi4py import MPI

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
size = comm.Get_size()
rank = comm.Get_rank()

data = (rank+1)**2
data = comm.gather(data, root=0)
if rank == 0:
    for i in range(size):
        assert data[i] == (i+1)**2
else:
    assert data is None

```

- Broadcasting a NumPy array:

```

from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy as np

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
rank = comm.Get_rank()

if rank == 0:
    data = np.arange(100, dtype='i')
else:
    data = np.empty(100, dtype='i')
comm.Bcast(data, root=0)
for i in range(100):
    assert data[i] == i

```

- Scattering NumPy arrays:

```

from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy as np

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
size = comm.Get_size()
rank = comm.Get_rank()

sendbuf = None
if rank == 0:
    sendbuf = np.empty([size, 100], dtype='i')
    sendbuf.T[:, :] = range(size)
recvbuf = np.empty(100, dtype='i')
comm.Scatter(sendbuf, recvbuf, root=0)
assert np.allclose(recvbuf, rank)

```

- Gathering NumPy arrays:

```

from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy as np

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD

```

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```
size = comm.Get_size()
rank = comm.Get_rank()

sendbuf = np.zeros(100, dtype='i') + rank
recvbuf = None
if rank == 0:
    recvbuf = np.empty([size, 100], dtype='i')
comm.Gather(sendbuf, recvbuf, root=0)
if rank == 0:
    for i in range(size):
        assert np.allclose(recvbuf[i,:], i)
```

- Parallel matrix-vector product:

```
from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy

def matvec(comm, A, x):
    m = A.shape[0] # local rows
    p = comm.Get_size()
    xg = numpy.zeros(m*p, dtype='d')
    comm.Allgather([x, MPI.DOUBLE],
                  [xg, MPI.DOUBLE])
    y = numpy.dot(A, xg)
    return y
```

3.4 Input/Output (MPI-IO)

- Collective I/O with NumPy arrays:

```
from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy as np

amode = MPI.MODE_WRONLY | MPI.MODE_CREATE
comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
fh = MPI.File.Open(comm, "./datafile.contig", amode)

buffer = np.empty(10, dtype=np.int)
buffer[:] = comm.Get_rank()

offset = comm.Get_rank()*buffer.nbytes
fh.Write_at_all(offset, buffer)

fh.Close()
```

- Non-contiguous Collective I/O with NumPy arrays and datatypes:

```
from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy as np

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
```

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```
rank = comm.Get_rank()
size = comm.Get_size()

amode = MPI.MODE_WRONLY | MPI.MODE_CREATE
fh = MPI.File.Open(comm, "./datafile.noncontig", amode)

item_count = 10

buffer = np.empty(item_count, dtype='i')
buffer[:] = rank

filetype = MPI.INT.Create_vector(item_count, 1, size)
filetype.Commit()

displacement = MPI.INT.Get_size()*rank
fh.Set_view(displacement, filetype=filetype)

fh.Write_all(buffer)
filetype.Free()
fh.Close()
```

3.5 Dynamic Process Management

- Compute Pi - Master (or parent, or client) side:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy
import sys

comm = MPI.COMM_SELF.Spawn(sys.executable,
                           args=['cpi.py'],
                           maxprocs=5)

N = numpy.array(100, 'i')
comm.Bcast([N, MPI.INT], root=MPI.ROOT)
PI = numpy.array(0.0, 'd')
comm.Reduce(None, [PI, MPI.DOUBLE],
            op=MPI.SUM, root=MPI.ROOT)
print(PI)

comm.Disconnect()
```

- Compute Pi - Worker (or child, or server) side:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
from mpi4py import MPI
import numpy

comm = MPI.Comm.Get_parent()
size = comm.Get_size()
```

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```
rank = comm.Get_rank()

N = numpy.array(0, dtype='i')
comm.Bcast([N, MPI.INT], root=0)
h = 1.0 / N; s = 0.0
for i in range(rank, N, size):
    x = h * (i + 0.5)
    s += 4.0 / (1.0 + x**2)
PI = numpy.array(s * h, dtype='d')
comm.Reduce([PI, MPI.DOUBLE], None,
            op=MPI.SUM, root=0)

comm.Disconnect()
```

3.6 GPU-aware MPI + Python GPU arrays

- Reduce-to-all CuPy arrays:

```
from mpi4py import MPI
import cupy as cp

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
size = comm.Get_size()
rank = comm.Get_rank()

sendbuf = cp.arange(10, dtype='i')
recvbuf = cp.empty_like(sendbuf)
cp.cuda.get_current_stream().synchronize()
comm.Allreduce(sendbuf, recvbuf)

assert cp.allclose(recvbuf, sendbuf*size)
```

3.7 One-Sided Communication (RMA)

- Read from (write to) the entire RMA window:

```
import numpy as np
from mpi4py import MPI
from mpi4py.util import dtlib

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
rank = comm.Get_rank()

datatype = MPI.FLOAT
np_dtype = dtlib.to_numpy_dtype(datatype)
itemsize = datatype.Get_size()

N = 10
win_size = N * itemsize if rank == 0 else 0
win = MPI.Win.Allocate(win_size, comm=comm)
```

(continues on next page)

```

buf = np.empty(N, dtype=np_dtype)
if rank == 0:
    buf.fill(42)
    win.Lock(rank=0)
    win.Put(buf, target_rank=0)
    win.Unlock(rank=0)
    comm.Barrier()
else:
    comm.Barrier()
    win.Lock(rank=0)
    win.Get(buf, target_rank=0)
    win.Unlock(rank=0)
    assert np.all(buf == 42)

```

- Accessing a part of the RMA window using the target argument, which is defined as (offset, count, datatype):

```

import numpy as np
from mpi4py import MPI
from mpi4py.util import dtlib

comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
rank = comm.Get_rank()

datatype = MPI.FLOAT
np_dtype = dtlib.to_numpy_dtype(datatype)
itemsizesize = datatype.Get_size()

N = comm.Get_size() + 1
win_size = N * itemsizesize if rank == 0 else 0
win = MPI.Win.Allocate(
    size=win_size,
    disp_unit=itemsizesize,
    comm=comm,
)
if rank == 0:
    mem = np.frombuffer(win, dtype=np_dtype)
    mem[:] = np.arange(len(mem), dtype=np_dtype)
comm.Barrier()

buf = np.zeros(3, dtype=np_dtype)
target = (rank, 2, datatype)
win.Lock(rank=0)
win.Get(buf, target_rank=0, target=target)
win.Unlock(rank=0)
assert np.all(buf == [rank, rank+1, 0])

```

3.8 Wrapping with SWIG

- C source:

```
/* file: helloworld.c */
void sayhello(MPI_Comm comm)
{
    int size, rank;
    MPI_Comm_size(comm, &size);
    MPI_Comm_rank(comm, &rank);
    printf("Hello, World! "
           "I am process %d of %d.\n",
           rank, size);
}
```

- SWIG interface file:

```
// file: helloworld.i
%module helloworld
%{
#include <mpi.h>
#include "helloworld.c"
}%

#include mpi4py/mpi4py.i
%mpi4py_typemap(Comm, MPI_Comm);
void sayhello(MPI_Comm comm);
```

- Try it in the Python prompt:

```
>>> from mpi4py import MPI
>>> import helloworld
>>> helloworld.sayhello(MPI.COMM_WORLD)
Hello, World! I am process 0 of 1.
```

3.9 Wrapping with F2Py

- Fortran 90 source:

```
! file: helloworld.f90
subroutine sayhello(comm)
    use mpi
    implicit none
    integer :: comm, rank, size, ierr
    call MPI_Comm_size(comm, size, ierr)
    call MPI_Comm_rank(comm, rank, ierr)
    print *, 'Hello, World! I am process ',rank,' of ',size,'.'
end subroutine sayhello
```

- Compiling example using f2py

```
$ f2py -c --f90exec=mpif90 helloworld.f90 -m helloworld
```

- Try it in the Python prompt:

```

>>> from mpi4py import MPI
>>> import helloworld
>>> fcomm = MPI.COMM_WORLD.py2f()
>>> helloworld.sayhello(fcomm)
Hello, World! I am process 0 of 1.

```

4 mpi4py

The **MPI for Python** package.

The *Message Passing Interface* (MPI) is a standardized and portable message-passing system designed to function on a wide variety of parallel computers. The MPI standard defines the syntax and semantics of library routines and allows users to write portable programs in the main scientific programming languages (Fortran, C, or C++). Since its release, the MPI specification has become the leading standard for message-passing libraries for parallel computers.

MPI for Python provides MPI bindings for the Python programming language, allowing any Python program to exploit multiple processors. This package build on the MPI specification and provides an object oriented interface which closely follows MPI-2 C++ bindings.

4.1 Runtime configuration options

`mpi4py.rc`

This object has attributes exposing runtime configuration options that become effective at import time of the *MPI* module.

Attributes Summary

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| <code>initialize</code> | Automatic MPI initialization at import |
| <code>threads</code> | Request initialization with thread support |
| <code>thread_level</code> | Level of thread support to request |
| <code>finalize</code> | Automatic MPI finalization at exit |
| <code>fast_reduce</code> | Use tree-based reductions for objects |
| <code>recv_mprobe</code> | Use matched probes to receive objects |
| <code>irecv_bufsz</code> | Default buffer size in bytes for <code>irecv()</code> |
| <code>errors</code> | Error handling policy |

Attributes Documentation

`mpi4py.rc.initialize`

Automatic MPI initialization at import.

Type

`bool`

Default

`True`

See also[*MPI4PY_RC_INITIALIZE*](#)**mpi4py.rc.threads**

Request initialization with thread support.

Type

`bool`

Default

`True`

See also[*MPI4PY_RC_THREADS*](#)**mpi4py.rc.thread_level**

Level of thread support to request.

Type

`str`

Default

`"multiple"`

Choices

`"multiple", "serialized", "funneled", "single"`

See also[*MPI4PY_RC_THREAD_LEVEL*](#)**mpi4py.rc.finalize**

Automatic MPI finalization at exit.

Type

`None` or `bool`

Default

`None`

See also[*MPI4PY_RC_FINALIZE*](#)**mpi4py.rc.fast_reduce**

Use tree-based reductions for objects.

Type

`bool`

Default

`True`

See also[*MPI4PY_RC_FAST_REDUCE*](#)**mpi4py.rc.recv_mprobe**

Use matched probes to receive objects.

Type

`bool`

Default

`True`

See also[*MPI4PY_RC_RECV_MPROBE*](#)**mpi4py.rc.irecv_bufsz**

Default buffer size in bytes for *irecv()*.

Type

`int`

Default

`32768`

See also[*MPI4PY_RC_IRecv_BUFSZ*](#)

Added in version 4.0.0.

mpi4py.rc.errors

Error handling policy.

Type

`str`

Default

`"exception"`

Choices

`"exception", "default", "abort", "fatal"`

See also[*MPI4PY_RC_ERRORS*](#)

Example

MPI for Python features automatic initialization and finalization of the MPI execution environment. By using the `mpi4py.rc` object, MPI initialization and finalization can be handled programmatically:

```
import mpi4py
mpi4py.rc.initialize = False # do not initialize MPI automatically
mpi4py.rc.finalize = False  # do not finalize MPI automatically

from mpi4py import MPI # import the 'MPI' module

MPI.Init()             # manual initialization of the MPI environment
...                     # your finest code here ...
MPI.Finalize()          # manual finalization of the MPI environment
```

4.2 Environment variables

The following environment variables override the corresponding attributes of the `mpi4py.rc` and `MPI.pickle` objects at import time of the `MPI` module.

Note

For variables of boolean type, accepted values are 0 and 1 (interpreted as `False` and `True`, respectively), and strings specifying a `YAML boolean` value (case-insensitive).

MPI4PY_RC_INITIALIZE

Type
`bool`

Default
`True`

Whether to automatically initialize MPI at import time of the `mpi4py.MPI` module.

See also

`mpi4py.rc.initialize`

Added in version 4.0.0.

MPI4PY_RC_FINALIZE

Type
`None | bool`

Default
`None`

Choices
`None, True, False`

Whether to automatically finalize MPI at exit time of the Python process.

See also

[*mpi4py.rc.finalize*](#)

Added in version 4.0.0.

MPI4PY_RC_THREADS**Type**

`bool`

Default

`True`

Whether to initialize MPI with thread support.

See also

[*mpi4py.rc.threads*](#)

Added in version 3.1.0.

MPI4PY_RC_THREAD_LEVEL**Default**

`"multiple"`

Choices

`"single", "funneled", "serialized", "multiple"`

The level of required thread support.

See also

[*mpi4py.rc.thread_level*](#)

Added in version 3.1.0.

MPI4PY_RC_FAST_REDUCE**Type**

`bool`

Default

`True`

Whether to use tree-based reductions for objects.

See also

[*mpi4py.rc.fast_reduce*](#)

Added in version 3.1.0.

MPI4PY_RC_RECV_MPROBE

Type
`bool`

Default
`True`

Whether to use matched probes to receive objects.

See also

[`mpi4py.rc.recv_mprobe`](#)

MPI4PY_RC_IRecv_BUFSZ

Type
`bool`

Default
`True`

Default buffer size in bytes for `irecv()`.

See also

[`mpi4py.rc.irecv_bufsz`](#)

Added in version 4.0.0.

MPI4PY_RC_ERRORS

Default
`"exception"`

Choices
`"exception", "default", "abort", "fatal"`

Controls default MPI error handling policy.

See also

[`mpi4py.rc.errors`](#)

Added in version 3.1.0.

MPI4PY_PICKLE_PROTOCOL

Type
`int`

Default
`pickle.HIGHEST_PROTOCOL`

Controls the default pickle protocol to use when communicating Python objects.

See also

PROTOCOL attribute of the *MPI.pickle* object within the *MPI* module.

Added in version 3.1.0.

MPI4PY_PICKLE_THRESHOLD

Type

`int`

Default

262144

Controls the default buffer size threshold for switching from in-band to out-of-band buffer handling when using pickle protocol version 5 or higher.

See also

THRESHOLD attribute of the *MPI.pickle* object within the *MPI* module.

Added in version 3.1.2.

4.3 Miscellaneous functions

`mpi4py.profile(name, *, path=None)`

Support for the MPI profiling interface.

Parameters

- **name** (`str`) – Name of the profiler library to load.
- **path** (`sequence` of `str`, *optional*) – Additional paths to search for the profiler.

Return type

`None`

`mpi4py.get_include()`

Return the directory in the package that contains header files.

Extension modules that need to compile against mpi4py should use this function to locate the appropriate include directory. Using Python distutils (or perhaps NumPy distutils):

```
import mpi4py
Extension('extension_name', ...
        include_dirs=[..., mpi4py.get_include()])
```

Return type

`str`

`mpi4py.get_config()`

Return a dictionary with information about MPI.

Changed in version 4.0.0: By default, this function returns an empty dictionary. However, downstream packagers and distributors may alter such behavior. To that end, MPI information must be provided under an `mpi` section

within a UTF-8 encoded INI-style configuration file `mpi.cfg` located at the top-level package directory. The configuration file is read and parsed using the `configparser` module.

Return type

`dict[str, str]`

5 mpi4py.MPI

5.1 Classes

Ancillary

| | |
|-------------------|------------------------------|
| <i>Datatype</i> | Datatype object. |
| <i>Status</i> | Status object. |
| <i>Request</i> | Request handler. |
| <i>Prerequest</i> | Persistent request handler. |
| <i>Grequest</i> | Generalized request handler. |
| <i>Op</i> | Reduction operation. |
| <i>Group</i> | Group of processes. |
| <i>Info</i> | Info object. |
| <i>Session</i> | Session context. |

Communication

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| <i>Comm</i> | Communication context. |
| <i>Intracomm</i> | Intracommunicator. |
| <i>Topocomm</i> | Topology intracommunicator. |
| <i>Cartcomm</i> | Cartesian topology intracommunicator. |
| <i>Graphcomm</i> | General graph topology intracommunicator. |
| <i>Distgraphcomm</i> | Distributed graph topology intracommunicator. |
| <i>Intercomm</i> | Intercommunicator. |
| <i>Message</i> | Matched message. |

One-sided operations

| | |
|------------|-------------------------------|
| <i>Win</i> | Remote memory access context. |
|------------|-------------------------------|

Input/Output

| | |
|-------------|-------------------|
| <i>File</i> | File I/O context. |
|-------------|-------------------|

Error handling

| | |
|-------------------|------------------|
| <i>Errhandler</i> | Error handler. |
| <i>Exception</i> | Exception class. |

Auxiliary

| | |
|---------------|---------------------------------|
| <i>Pickle</i> | Pickle/unpickle Python objects. |
| <i>buffer</i> | Buffer. |

5.2 Functions

Version inquiry

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| <i>Get_version()</i> | Obtain the version number of the MPI standard. |
| <i>Get_library_version()</i> | Obtain the version string of the MPI library. |

Initialization and finalization

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| <i>Init()</i> | Initialize the MPI execution environment. |
| <i>Init_thread</i> ([required]) | Initialize the MPI execution environment. |
| <i>Finalize()</i> | Terminate the MPI execution environment. |
| <i>Is_initialized()</i> | Indicate whether <i>Init</i> has been called. |
| <i>Is_finalized()</i> | Indicate whether <i>Finalize</i> has completed. |
| <i>Query_thread()</i> | Return the level of thread support provided by the MPI library. |
| <i>Is_thread_main()</i> | Indicate whether this thread called <i>Init</i> or <i>Init_thread</i> . |

Memory allocation

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| <i>Alloc_mem</i> (size[, info]) | Allocate memory for message passing and remote memory access. |
| <i>Free_mem</i> (mem) | Free memory allocated with <i>Alloc_mem</i> . |

Address manipulation

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| <i>Get_address</i> (location) | Get the address of a location in memory. |
| <i>Aint_add</i> (base, disp) | Return the sum of base address and displacement. |
| <i>Aint_diff</i> (addr1, addr2) | Return the difference between absolute addresses. |

Timer

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| <i>Wtick</i> () | Return the resolution of <i>Wtime</i> . |
| <i>Wtime</i> () | Return an elapsed time on the calling processor. |

Error handling

| | |
|---|---|
| <i>Get_error_class</i> (errorcode) | Convert an <i>error code</i> into an <i>error class</i> . |
| <i>Get_error_string</i> (errorcode) | Return the <i>error string</i> for a given <i>error class</i> or <i>error code</i> . |
| <i>Add_error_class</i> () | Add an <i>error class</i> to the known error classes. |
| <i>Add_error_code</i> (errorclass) | Add an <i>error code</i> to an <i>error class</i> . |
| <i>Add_error_string</i> (errorcode, string) | Associate an <i>error string</i> with an <i>error class</i> or <i>error code</i> . |
| <i>Remove_error_class</i> (errorclass) | Remove an <i>error class</i> from the known error classes. |
| <i>Remove_error_code</i> (errorcode) | Remove an <i>error code</i> from the known error codes. |
| <i>Remove_error_string</i> (errorcode) | Remove <i>error string</i> association from <i>error class</i> or <i>error code</i> . |

Dynamic process management

| | |
|---|---|
| <i>Open_port</i> ([info]) | Return an address used to connect group of processes. |
| <i>Close_port</i> (port_name) | Close a port. |
| <i>Publish_name</i> (service_name, port_name[, info]) | Publish a service name. |
| <i>Unpublish_name</i> (service_name, port_name[, info]) | Unpublish a service name. |
| <i>Lookup_name</i> (service_name[, info]) | Lookup a port name given a service name. |

Miscellanea

| | |
|---|---|
| <i>Attach_buffer</i> (buf) | Attach a user-provided buffer for sending in buffered mode. |
| <i>Detach_buffer</i> () | Remove an existing attached buffer. |
| <i>Flush_buffer</i> () | Block until all buffered messages have been transmitted. |
| <i>Iflush_buffer</i> () | Nonblocking flush for buffered messages. |
| <i>Compute_dims</i> (nnodes, dims) | Return a balanced distribution of processes per coordinate direction. |
| <i>Get_processor_name</i> () | Obtain the name of the calling processor. |
| <i>Register_datarep</i> (datarep, read_fn, write_fn, ...) | Register user-defined data representations. |
| <i>Pcontrol</i> (level) | Control profiling. |

Utilities

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| <i>get_vendor</i> () | Information about the underlying MPI implementation. |
|----------------------|--|

5.3 Attributes

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| <i>UNDEFINED</i> | Constant UNDEFINED of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>ANY_SOURCE</i> | Constant ANY_SOURCE of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>ANY_TAG</i> | Constant ANY_TAG of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>PROC_NULL</i> | Constant PROC_NULL of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>ROOT</i> | Constant ROOT of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>BOTTOM</i> | Constant BOTTOM of type <i>BottomType</i> |
| <i>IN_PLACE</i> | Constant IN_PLACE of type <i>InPlaceType</i> |
| <i>BUFFER_AUTOMATIC</i> | Constant BUFFER_AUTOMATIC of type <i>BufferAutomaticType</i> |
| <i>KEYVAL_INVALID</i> | Constant KEYVAL_INVALID of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>TAG_UB</i> | Constant TAG_UB of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>IO</i> | Constant IO of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>WTIME_IS_GLOBAL</i> | Constant WTIME_IS_GLOBAL of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>UNIVERSE_SIZE</i> | Constant UNIVERSE_SIZE of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>APPNUM</i> | Constant APPNUM of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>LASTUSEDPCODE</i> | Constant LASTUSEDPCODE of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>WIN_BASE</i> | Constant WIN_BASE of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>WIN_SIZE</i> | Constant WIN_SIZE of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>WIN_DISP_UNIT</i> | Constant WIN_DISP_UNIT of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>WIN_CREATE_FLAVOR</i> | Constant WIN_CREATE_FLAVOR of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>WIN_FLAVOR</i> | Constant WIN_FLAVOR of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>WIN_MODEL</i> | Constant WIN_MODEL of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>SUCCESS</i> | Constant SUCCESS of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>ERR_LASTCODE</i> | Constant ERR_LASTCODE of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>ERR_COMM</i> | Constant ERR_COMM of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>ERR_GROUP</i> | Constant ERR_GROUP of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>ERR_TYPE</i> | Constant ERR_TYPE of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>ERR_REQUEST</i> | Constant ERR_REQUEST of type <i>int</i> |

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Table 1 – continued from previous page

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| ERR_OP | Constant ERR_OP of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_ERRHANDLER | Constant ERR_ERRHANDLER of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_BUFFER | Constant ERR_BUFFER of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_COUNT | Constant ERR_COUNT of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_TAG | Constant ERR_TAG of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_RANK | Constant ERR_RANK of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_ROOT | Constant ERR_ROOT of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_TRUNCATE | Constant ERR_TRUNCATE of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_IN_STATUS | Constant ERR_IN_STATUS of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_PENDING | Constant ERR_PENDING of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_TOPOLOGY | Constant ERR_TOPOLOGY of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_DIMS | Constant ERR_DIMS of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_ARG | Constant ERR_ARG of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_OTHER | Constant ERR_OTHER of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_UNKNOWN | Constant ERR_UNKNOWN of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_INTERN | Constant ERR_INTERN of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_INFO | Constant ERR_INFO of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_FILE | Constant ERR_FILE of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_WIN | Constant ERR_WIN of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_KEYVAL | Constant ERR_KEYVAL of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_INFO_KEY | Constant ERR_INFO_KEY of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_INFO_VALUE | Constant ERR_INFO_VALUE of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_INFO_NOKEY | Constant ERR_INFO_NOKEY of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_ACCESS | Constant ERR_ACCESS of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_AMODE | Constant ERR_AMODE of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_BAD_FILE | Constant ERR_BAD_FILE of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_FILE_EXISTS | Constant ERR_FILE_EXISTS of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_FILE_IN_USE | Constant ERR_FILE_IN_USE of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_NO_SPACE | Constant ERR_NO_SPACE of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_NO_SUCH_FILE | Constant ERR_NO_SUCH_FILE of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_IO | Constant ERR_IO of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_READ_ONLY | Constant ERR_READ_ONLY of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_CONVERSION | Constant ERR_CONVERSION of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_DUP_DATAREP | Constant ERR_DUP_DATAREP of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_UNSUPPORTED_DATAREP | Constant ERR_UNSUPPORTED_DATAREP of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_UNSUPPORTED_OPERATION | Constant ERR_UNSUPPORTED_OPERATION of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_NAME | Constant ERR_NAME of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_NO_MEM | Constant ERR_NO_MEM of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_NOT_SAME | Constant ERR_NOT_SAME of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_PORT | Constant ERR_PORT of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_QUOTA | Constant ERR_QUOTA of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_SERVICE | Constant ERR_SERVICE of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_SPAWN | Constant ERR_SPAWN of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_BASE | Constant ERR_BASE of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_SIZE | Constant ERR_SIZE of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_DISP | Constant ERR_DISP of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_ASSERT | Constant ERR_ASSERT of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_LOCKTYPE | Constant ERR_LOCKTYPE of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_RMA_CONFLICT | Constant ERR_RMA_CONFLICT of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_RMA_SYNC | Constant ERR_RMA_SYNC of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_RMA_RANGE | Constant ERR_RMA_RANGE of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_RMA_ATTACH | Constant ERR_RMA_ATTACH of type <code>int</code> |

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Table 1 – continued from previous page

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| ERR_RMA_SHARED | Constant ERR_RMA_SHARED of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_RMA_FLAVOR | Constant ERR_RMA_FLAVOR of type <code>int</code> |
| ORDER_C | Constant ORDER_C of type <code>int</code> |
| ORDER_F | Constant ORDER_F of type <code>int</code> |
| ORDER_FORTTRAN | Constant ORDER_FORTTRAN of type <code>int</code> |
| TYPECLASS_INTEGER | Constant TYPECLASS_INTEGER of type <code>int</code> |
| TYPECLASS_REAL | Constant TYPECLASS_REAL of type <code>int</code> |
| TYPECLASS_COMPLEX | Constant TYPECLASS_COMPLEX of type <code>int</code> |
| DISTRIBUTE_NONE | Constant DISTRIBUTE_NONE of type <code>int</code> |
| DISTRIBUTE_BLOCK | Constant DISTRIBUTE_BLOCK of type <code>int</code> |
| DISTRIBUTE_CYCLIC | Constant DISTRIBUTE_CYCLIC of type <code>int</code> |
| DISTRIBUTE_DFLT_DARG | Constant DISTRIBUTE_DFLT_DARG of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_NAMED | Constant COMBINER_NAMED of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_DUP | Constant COMBINER_DUP of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_CONTIGUOUS | Constant COMBINER_CONTIGUOUS of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_VECTOR | Constant COMBINER_VECTOR of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_HVECTOR | Constant COMBINER_HVECTOR of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_INDEXED | Constant COMBINER_INDEXED of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_HINDEXED | Constant COMBINER_HINDEXED of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_INDEXED_BLOCK | Constant COMBINER_INDEXED_BLOCK of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_HINDEXED_BLOCK | Constant COMBINER_HINDEXED_BLOCK of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_STRUCT | Constant COMBINER_STRUCT of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_SUBARRAY | Constant COMBINER_SUBARRAY of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_DARRAY | Constant COMBINER_DARRAY of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_RESIZED | Constant COMBINER_RESIZED of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_VALUE_INDEX | Constant COMBINER_VALUE_INDEX of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_F90_REAL | Constant COMBINER_F90_REAL of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_F90_COMPLEX | Constant COMBINER_F90_COMPLEX of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_F90_INTEGER | Constant COMBINER_F90_INTEGER of type <code>int</code> |
| IDENT | Constant IDENT of type <code>int</code> |
| CONGRUENT | Constant CONGRUENT of type <code>int</code> |
| SIMILAR | Constant SIMILAR of type <code>int</code> |
| UNEQUAL | Constant UNEQUAL of type <code>int</code> |
| CART | Constant CART of type <code>int</code> |
| GRAPH | Constant GRAPH of type <code>int</code> |
| DIST_GRAPH | Constant DIST_GRAPH of type <code>int</code> |
| UNWEIGHTED | Constant UNWEIGHTED of type <code>int</code> |
| WEIGHTS_EMPTY | Constant WEIGHTS_EMPTY of type <code>int</code> |
| COMM_TYPE_SHARED | Constant COMM_TYPE_SHARED of type <code>int</code> |
| BSEND_OVERHEAD | Constant BSEND_OVERHEAD of type <code>int</code> |
| WIN_FLAVOR_CREATE | Constant WIN_FLAVOR_CREATE of type <code>int</code> |
| WIN_FLAVOR_ALLOCATE | Constant WIN_FLAVOR_ALLOCATE of type <code>int</code> |
| WIN_FLAVOR_DYNAMIC | Constant WIN_FLAVOR_DYNAMIC of type <code>int</code> |
| WIN_FLAVOR_SHARED | Constant WIN_FLAVOR_SHARED of type <code>int</code> |
| WIN_SEPARATE | Constant WIN_SEPARATE of type <code>int</code> |
| WIN_UNIFIED | Constant WIN_UNIFIED of type <code>int</code> |
| MODE_NOCHECK | Constant MODE_NOCHECK of type <code>int</code> |
| MODE_NOSTORE | Constant MODE_NOSTORE of type <code>int</code> |
| MODE_NOPUT | Constant MODE_NOPUT of type <code>int</code> |
| MODE_NOPRECEDE | Constant MODE_NOPRECEDE of type <code>int</code> |
| MODE_NOSUCCEED | Constant MODE_NOSUCCEED of type <code>int</code> |
| LOCK_EXCLUSIVE | Constant LOCK_EXCLUSIVE of type <code>int</code> |

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Table 1 – continued from previous page

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| LOCK_SHARED | Constant LOCK_SHARED of type <i>int</i> |
| MODE_RDONLY | Constant MODE_RDONLY of type <i>int</i> |
| MODE_WRONLY | Constant MODE_WRONLY of type <i>int</i> |
| MODE_RDWR | Constant MODE_RDWR of type <i>int</i> |
| MODE_CREATE | Constant MODE_CREATE of type <i>int</i> |
| MODE_EXCL | Constant MODE_EXCL of type <i>int</i> |
| MODE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE | Constant MODE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE of type <i>int</i> |
| MODE_UNIQUE_OPEN | Constant MODE_UNIQUE_OPEN of type <i>int</i> |
| MODE_SEQUENTIAL | Constant MODE_SEQUENTIAL of type <i>int</i> |
| MODE_APPEND | Constant MODE_APPEND of type <i>int</i> |
| SEEK_SET | Constant SEEK_SET of type <i>int</i> |
| SEEK_CUR | Constant SEEK_CUR of type <i>int</i> |
| SEEK_END | Constant SEEK_END of type <i>int</i> |
| DISPLACEMENT_CURRENT | Constant DISPLACEMENT_CURRENT of type <i>int</i> |
| DISP_CUR | Constant DISP_CUR of type <i>int</i> |
| THREAD_SINGLE | Constant THREAD_SINGLE of type <i>int</i> |
| THREAD_FUNNELED | Constant THREAD_FUNNELED of type <i>int</i> |
| THREAD_SERIALIZED | Constant THREAD_SERIALIZED of type <i>int</i> |
| THREAD_MULTIPLE | Constant THREAD_MULTIPLE of type <i>int</i> |
| VERSION | Constant VERSION of type <i>int</i> |
| SUBVERSION | Constant SUBVERSION of type <i>int</i> |
| MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME | Constant MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME of type <i>int</i> |
| MAX_ERROR_STRING | Constant MAX_ERROR_STRING of type <i>int</i> |
| MAX_PORT_NAME | Constant MAX_PORT_NAME of type <i>int</i> |
| MAX_INFO_KEY | Constant MAX_INFO_KEY of type <i>int</i> |
| MAX_INFO_VAL | Constant MAX_INFO_VAL of type <i>int</i> |
| MAX_OBJECT_NAME | Constant MAX_OBJECT_NAME of type <i>int</i> |
| MAX_DATAREP_STRING | Constant MAX_DATAREP_STRING of type <i>int</i> |
| MAX_LIBRARY_VERSION_STRING | Constant MAX_LIBRARY_VERSION_STRING of type <i>int</i> |
| DATATYPE_NULL | Object DATATYPE_NULL of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| PACKED | Object PACKED of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| BYTE | Object BYTE of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| AINT | Object AINT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| OFFSET | Object OFFSET of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| COUNT | Object COUNT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| CHAR | Object CHAR of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| WCHAR | Object WCHAR of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| SIGNED_CHAR | Object SIGNED_CHAR of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| SHORT | Object SHORT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| INT | Object INT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| LONG | Object LONG of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| LONG_LONG | Object LONG_LONG of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| UNSIGNED_CHAR | Object UNSIGNED_CHAR of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| UNSIGNED_SHORT | Object UNSIGNED_SHORT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| UNSIGNED | Object UNSIGNED of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| UNSIGNED_LONG | Object UNSIGNED_LONG of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG | Object UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| FLOAT | Object FLOAT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| DOUBLE | Object DOUBLE of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| LONG_DOUBLE | Object LONG_DOUBLE of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| C_BOOL | Object C_BOOL of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| INT8_T | Object INT8_T of type <i>Datatype</i> |

continues on next page

Table 1 – continued from previous page

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| INT16_T | Object INT16_T of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| INT32_T | Object INT32_T of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| INT64_T | Object INT64_T of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| UINT8_T | Object UINT8_T of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| UINT16_T | Object UINT16_T of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| UINT32_T | Object UINT32_T of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| UINT64_T | Object UINT64_T of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| C_COMPLEX | Object C_COMPLEX of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| C_FLOAT_COMPLEX | Object C_FLOAT_COMPLEX of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| C_DOUBLE_COMPLEX | Object C_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| C_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX | Object C_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| CXX_BOOL | Object CXX_BOOL of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| CXX_FLOAT_COMPLEX | Object CXX_FLOAT_COMPLEX of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| CXX_DOUBLE_COMPLEX | Object CXX_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| CXX_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX | Object CXX_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| SHORT_INT | Object SHORT_INT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| INT_INT | Object INT_INT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| TWOINT | Object TWOINT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| LONG_INT | Object LONG_INT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| FLOAT_INT | Object FLOAT_INT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| DOUBLE_INT | Object DOUBLE_INT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| LONG_DOUBLE_INT | Object LONG_DOUBLE_INT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| CHARACTER | Object CHARACTER of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| LOGICAL | Object LOGICAL of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| INTEGER | Object INTEGER of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| REAL | Object REAL of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| DOUBLE_PRECISION | Object DOUBLE_PRECISION of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| COMPLEX | Object COMPLEX of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| DOUBLE_COMPLEX | Object DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| LOGICAL1 | Object LOGICAL1 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| LOGICAL2 | Object LOGICAL2 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| LOGICAL4 | Object LOGICAL4 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| LOGICAL8 | Object LOGICAL8 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| INTEGER1 | Object INTEGER1 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| INTEGER2 | Object INTEGER2 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| INTEGER4 | Object INTEGER4 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| INTEGER8 | Object INTEGER8 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| INTEGER16 | Object INTEGER16 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| REAL2 | Object REAL2 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| REAL4 | Object REAL4 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| REAL8 | Object REAL8 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| REAL16 | Object REAL16 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| COMPLEX4 | Object COMPLEX4 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| COMPLEX8 | Object COMPLEX8 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| COMPLEX16 | Object COMPLEX16 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| COMPLEX32 | Object COMPLEX32 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| UNSIGNED_INT | Object UNSIGNED_INT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| SIGNED_SHORT | Object SIGNED_SHORT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| SIGNED_INT | Object SIGNED_INT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| SIGNED_LONG | Object SIGNED_LONG of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| SIGNED_LONG_LONG | Object SIGNED_LONG_LONG of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| BOOL | Object BOOL of type <i>Datatype</i> |

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Table 1 – continued from previous page

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| <i>SINT8_T</i> | Object <i>SINT8_T</i> of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| <i>SINT16_T</i> | Object <i>SINT16_T</i> of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| <i>SINT32_T</i> | Object <i>SINT32_T</i> of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| <i>SINT64_T</i> | Object <i>SINT64_T</i> of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| <i>F_BOOL</i> | Object <i>F_BOOL</i> of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| <i>F_INT</i> | Object <i>F_INT</i> of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| <i>F_FLOAT</i> | Object <i>F_FLOAT</i> of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| <i>F_DOUBLE</i> | Object <i>F_DOUBLE</i> of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| <i>F_COMPLEX</i> | Object <i>F_COMPLEX</i> of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| <i>F_FLOAT_COMPLEX</i> | Object <i>F_FLOAT_COMPLEX</i> of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| <i>F_DOUBLE_COMPLEX</i> | Object <i>F_DOUBLE_COMPLEX</i> of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| <i>REQUEST_NULL</i> | Object <i>REQUEST_NULL</i> of type <i>Request</i> |
| <i>MESSAGE_NULL</i> | Object <i>MESSAGE_NULL</i> of type <i>Message</i> |
| <i>MESSAGE_NO_PROC</i> | Object <i>MESSAGE_NO_PROC</i> of type <i>Message</i> |
| <i>OP_NULL</i> | Object <i>OP_NULL</i> of type <i>Op</i> |
| <i>MAX</i> | Object <i>MAX</i> of type <i>Op</i> |
| <i>MIN</i> | Object <i>MIN</i> of type <i>Op</i> |
| <i>SUM</i> | Object <i>SUM</i> of type <i>Op</i> |
| <i>PROD</i> | Object <i>PROD</i> of type <i>Op</i> |
| <i>LAND</i> | Object <i>LAND</i> of type <i>Op</i> |
| <i>BAND</i> | Object <i>BAND</i> of type <i>Op</i> |
| <i>LOR</i> | Object <i>LOR</i> of type <i>Op</i> |
| <i>BOR</i> | Object <i>BOR</i> of type <i>Op</i> |
| <i>LXOR</i> | Object <i>LXOR</i> of type <i>Op</i> |
| <i>BXOR</i> | Object <i>BXOR</i> of type <i>Op</i> |
| <i>MAXLOC</i> | Object <i>MAXLOC</i> of type <i>Op</i> |
| <i>MINLOC</i> | Object <i>MINLOC</i> of type <i>Op</i> |
| <i>REPLACE</i> | Object <i>REPLACE</i> of type <i>Op</i> |
| <i>NO_OP</i> | Object <i>NO_OP</i> of type <i>Op</i> |
| <i>GROUP_NULL</i> | Object <i>GROUP_NULL</i> of type <i>Group</i> |
| <i>GROUP_EMPTY</i> | Object <i>GROUP_EMPTY</i> of type <i>Group</i> |
| <i>INFO_NULL</i> | Object <i>INFO_NULL</i> of type <i>Info</i> |
| <i>INFO_ENV</i> | Object <i>INFO_ENV</i> of type <i>Info</i> |
| <i>ERRHANDLER_NULL</i> | Object <i>ERRHANDLER_NULL</i> of type <i>Errhandler</i> |
| <i>ERRORS_RETURN</i> | Object <i>ERRORS_RETURN</i> of type <i>Errhandler</i> |
| <i>ERRORS_ARE_FATAL</i> | Object <i>ERRORS_ARE_FATAL</i> of type <i>Errhandler</i> |
| <i>COMM_NULL</i> | Object <i>COMM_NULL</i> of type <i>Comm</i> |
| <i>COMM_SELF</i> | Object <i>COMM_SELF</i> of type <i>Intracomm</i> |
| <i>COMM_WORLD</i> | Object <i>COMM_WORLD</i> of type <i>Intracomm</i> |
| <i>WIN_NULL</i> | Object <i>WIN_NULL</i> of type <i>Win</i> |
| <i>FILE_NULL</i> | Object <i>FILE_NULL</i> of type <i>File</i> |
| <i>pickle</i> | Object <i>pickle</i> of type <i>Pickle</i> |

6 mpi4py.typing

Added in version 4.0.0.

This module provides [type aliases](#) used to add [type hints](#) to the various functions and methods within the [MPI](#) module.

See also

Module `typing`

Documentation of the `typing` standard module.

Types Summary

| | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| <i>SupportsBuffer</i> | Python buffer protocol. |
| <i>SupportsDLPack</i> | DLPack data interchange protocol. |
| <i>SupportsCAI</i> | CUDA Array Interface (CAI) protocol. |
| <i>Buffer</i> | Buffer-like object. |
| <i>Bottom</i> | Start of the address range. |
| <i>InPlace</i> | In-place buffer argument. |
| <i>Aint</i> | Address-sized integral type. |
| <i>Count</i> | Integral type for counts. |
| <i>Displ</i> | Integral type for displacements. |
| <i>Offset</i> | Integral type for offsets. |
| <i>TypeSpec</i> | Datatype specification. |
| <i>BufSpec</i> | Buffer specification. |
| <i>BufSpecB</i> | Buffer specification (block). |
| <i>BufSpecV</i> | Buffer specification (vector). |
| <i>BufSpecW</i> | Buffer specification (generalized). |
| <i>TargetSpec</i> | Target specification. |

Types Documentation

`mpi4py.typing.SupportsBuffer` = <class 'mpi4py.typing.SupportsBuffer'>

Python buffer protocol.

See also

[Buffer Protocol](#)

`mpi4py.typing.SupportsDLPack` = <class 'mpi4py.typing.SupportsDLPack'>

DLPack data interchange protocol.

See also

[dlpack:python-spec](#)

`mpi4py.typing.SupportsCAI` = <class 'mpi4py.typing.SupportsCAI'>
CUDA Array Interface (CAI) protocol.

See also

[numba:cuda-array-interface](#)

`mpi4py.typing.Buffer`

Buffer-like object.

alias of [SupportsBuffer](#) | [SupportsDLPack](#) | [SupportsCAI](#)

`mpi4py.typing.Bottom`

Start of the address range.

alias of [BottomType](#) | `None`

`mpi4py.typing.InPlace`

In-place buffer argument.

alias of [InPlaceType](#) | `None`

`mpi4py.typing.Aint` = <class 'numbers.Integral'>

Address-sized integral type.

alias of [numbers.Integral](#)

`mpi4py.typing.Count` = <class 'numbers.Integral'>

Integral type for counts.

alias of [numbers.Integral](#)

`mpi4py.typing.Displ` = <class 'numbers.Integral'>

Integral type for displacements.

alias of [numbers.Integral](#)

`mpi4py.typing.Offset` = <class 'numbers.Integral'>

Integral type for offsets.

alias of [numbers.Integral](#)

`mpi4py.typing.TypeSpec`

Datatype specification.

alias of [Datatype](#) | `str`

`mpi4py.typing.BufSpec`

Buffer specification.

- [Buffer](#)
- `Tuple[Buffer, Count]`
- `Tuple[Buffer, TypeSpec]`
- `Tuple[Buffer, Count, TypeSpec]`
- `Tuple[Bottom, Count, Datatype]`

alias of *SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI* | *Tuple*[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, *Integral*] | *Tuple*[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, *Datatype* | *str*] | *Tuple*[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, *Integral*, *Datatype* | *str*] | *Tuple*[*BottomType* | *None*, *Integral*, *Datatype*] | *List*[*Any*]

`mpi4py.typing.BufSpecB`

Buffer specification (block).

- *Buffer*
- *Tuple*[*Buffer*, *Count*]
- *Tuple*[*Buffer*, *TypeSpec*]
- *Tuple*[*Buffer*, *Count*, *TypeSpec*]

alias of *SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI* | *Tuple*[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, *Integral*] | *Tuple*[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, *Datatype* | *str*] | *Tuple*[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, *Integral*, *Datatype* | *str*] | *List*[*Any*]

`mpi4py.typing.BufSpecV`

Buffer specification (vector).

- *Buffer*
- *Tuple*[*Buffer*, *Sequence*[*Count*]]
- *Tuple*[*Buffer*, *Tuple*[*Sequence*[*Count*], *Sequence*[*Displ*]]]
- *Tuple*[*Buffer*, *TypeSpec*]
- *Tuple*[*Buffer*, *Sequence*[*Count*], *TypeSpec*]
- *Tuple*[*Buffer*, *Tuple*[*Sequence*[*Count*], *Sequence*[*Displ*]], *TypeSpec*]
- *Tuple*[*Buffer*, *Sequence*[*Count*], *Sequence*[*Displ*], *TypeSpec*]
- *Tuple*[*Bottom*, *Tuple*[*Sequence*[*Count*], *Sequence*[*Displ*]], *Datatype*]
- *Tuple*[*Bottom*, *Sequence*[*Count*], *Sequence*[*Displ*], *Datatype*]

alias of *SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI* | *Tuple*[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, *Sequence*[*Integral*]] | *Tuple*[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, *Tuple*[*Sequence*[*Integral*], *Sequence*[*Integral*]]] | *Tuple*[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, *Datatype* | *str*] | *Tuple*[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, *Sequence*[*Integral*], *Datatype* | *str*] | *Tuple*[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, *Tuple*[*Sequence*[*Integral*], *Sequence*[*Integral*]], *Datatype* | *str*] | *Tuple*[*SupportsBuffer* | *SupportsDLPack* | *SupportsCAI*, *Sequence*[*Integral*], *Sequence*[*Integral*], *Datatype* | *str*] | *Tuple*[*BottomType* | *None*, *Tuple*[*Sequence*[*Integral*], *Sequence*[*Integral*]], *Datatype*] | *Tuple*[*BottomType* | *None*, *Sequence*[*Integral*], *Sequence*[*Integral*], *Datatype*] | *List*[*Any*]

`mpi4py.typing.BufSpecW`

Buffer specification (generalized).

- *Tuple*[*Buffer*, *Sequence*[*Datatype*]]
- *Tuple*[*Buffer*, *Tuple*[*Sequence*[*Count*], *Sequence*[*Displ*]], *Sequence*[*Datatype*]]
- *Tuple*[*Buffer*, *Sequence*[*Count*], *Sequence*[*Displ*], *Sequence*[*Datatype*]]
- *Tuple*[*Bottom*, *Tuple*[*Sequence*[*Count*], *Sequence*[*Displ*]], *Sequence*[*Datatype*]]
- *Tuple*[*Bottom*, *Sequence*[*Count*], *Sequence*[*Displ*], *Sequence*[*Datatype*]]

alias of `Tuple[SupportsBuffer | SupportsDLPack | SupportsCAI, Sequence[Datatype]] | Tuple[SupportsBuffer | SupportsDLPack | SupportsCAI, Tuple[Sequence[Integral], Sequence[Integral]], Sequence[Datatype]] | Tuple[SupportsBuffer | SupportsDLPack | SupportsCAI, Sequence[Integral], Sequence[Integral], Sequence[Datatype]] | Tuple[BottomType | None, Tuple[Sequence[Integral], Sequence[Integral]], Sequence[Datatype]] | Tuple[BottomType | None, Sequence[Integral], Sequence[Integral], Sequence[Datatype]] | List[Any]`

`mpi4py.typing.TargetSpec`

Target specification.

- `Displ`
- `Tuple[()]`
- `Tuple[Displ]`
- `Tuple[Displ, Count]`
- `Tuple[Displ, Count, Datatype]`

alias of `Integral | Tuple | Tuple[Integral] | Tuple[Integral, Integral] | Tuple[Integral, Integral, Datatype | str] | List[Any]`

`mpi4py.typing.S = TypeVar("S")`

Invariant `TypeVar`.

`mpi4py.typing.T = TypeVar("T")`

Invariant `TypeVar`.

`mpi4py.typing.U = TypeVar("U")`

Invariant `TypeVar`.

`mpi4py.typing.V = TypeVar("V")`

Invariant `TypeVar`.

7 mpi4py.futures

Added in version 3.0.0.

This package provides a high-level interface for asynchronously executing callables on a pool of worker processes using MPI for inter-process communication.

The `mpi4py.futures` package is based on `concurrent.futures` from the Python standard library. More precisely, `mpi4py.futures` provides the `MPIPoolExecutor` class as a concrete implementation of the abstract class `Executor`. The `submit()` interface schedules a callable to be executed asynchronously and returns a `Future` object representing the execution of the callable. `Future` instances can be queried for the call result or exception. Sets of `Future` instances can be passed to the `wait()` and `as_completed()` functions.

See also

Module `concurrent.futures`

Documentation of the `concurrent.futures` standard module.

7.1 MPIPoolExecutor

The `MPIPoolExecutor` class uses a pool of MPI processes to execute calls asynchronously. By performing computations in separate processes, it allows to side-step the `global interpreter lock` but also means that only picklable objects can be executed and returned. The `__main__` module must be importable by worker processes, thus `MPIPoolExecutor` instances may not work in the interactive interpreter.

`MPIPoolExecutor` takes advantage of the dynamic process management features introduced in the MPI-2 standard. In particular, the `MPI.Intracomm.Spawn` method of `MPI.COMM_SELF` is used in the master (or parent) process to spawn new worker (or child) processes running a Python interpreter. The master process uses a separate thread (one for each `MPIPoolExecutor` instance) to communicate back and forth with the workers. The worker processes serve the execution of tasks in the main (and only) thread until they are signaled for completion.

Note

The worker processes must import the main script in order to *unpickle* any callable defined in the `__main__` module and submitted from the master process. Furthermore, the callables may need access to other global variables. At the worker processes, `mpi4py.futures` executes the main script code (using the `runpy` module) under the `__worker__` namespace to define the `__main__` module. The `__main__` and `__worker__` modules are added to `sys.modules` (both at the master and worker processes) to ensure proper *pickling* and *unpickling*.

Warning

During the initial import phase at the workers, the main script cannot create and use new `MPIPoolExecutor` instances. Otherwise, each worker would attempt to spawn a new pool of workers, leading to infinite recursion. `mpi4py.futures` detects such recursive attempts to spawn new workers and aborts the MPI execution environment. As the main script code is run under the `__worker__` namespace, the easiest way to avoid spawn recursion is using the idiom `if __name__ == '__main__': ...` in the main script.

class `mpi4py.futures.MPIPoolExecutor`(*max_workers=None, initializer=None, initargs=(), **kwargs*)

An `Executor` subclass that executes calls asynchronously using a pool of at most *max_workers* processes. If *max_workers* is `None` or not given, its value is determined from the `MPI4PY_FUTURES_MAX_WORKERS` environment variable if set, or the MPI universe size if set, otherwise a single worker process is spawned. If *max_workers* is lower than or equal to 0, then a `ValueError` will be raised.

initializer is an optional callable that is called at the start of each worker process before executing any tasks; *initargs* is a tuple of arguments passed to the initializer. If *initializer* raises an exception, all pending tasks and any attempt to submit new tasks to the pool will raise a `BrokenExecutor` exception.

Other parameters:

- *python_exe*: Path to the Python interpreter executable used to spawn worker processes, otherwise `sys.executable` is used.
- *python_args*: `list` or iterable with additional command line flags to pass to the Python executable. Command line flags determined from inspection of `sys.flags`, `sys.warnoptions` and `sys.xoptions` in are passed unconditionally.
- *mpi_info*: `dict` or iterable yielding (key, value) pairs. These (key, value) pairs are passed (through an `MPI.Info` object) to the `MPI.Intracomm.Spawn` call used to spawn worker processes. This mechanism allows telling the MPI runtime system where and how to start the processes. Check the documentation of the backend MPI implementation about the set of keys it interprets and the corresponding format for values.
- *globals*: `dict` or iterable yielding (name, value) pairs to initialize the main module namespace in worker processes.

- *main*: If set to `False`, do not import the `__main__` module in worker processes. Setting *main* to `False` prevents worker processes from accessing definitions in the parent `__main__` namespace.
- *path*: `list` or iterable with paths to append to `sys.path` in worker processes to extend the module search path.
- *wdir*: Path to set the current working directory in worker processes using `os.chdir()`. The initial working directory is set by the MPI implementation. Quality MPI implementations should honor a *wdir* info key passed through *mpi_info*, although such feature is not mandatory.
- *env*: `dict` or iterable yielding (name, value) pairs with environment variables to update `os.environ` in worker processes. The initial environment is set by the MPI implementation. MPI implementations may allow setting the initial environment through *mpi_info*, however such feature is not required nor recommended by the MPI standard.
- *use_pkl5*: If set to `True`, use `pickle5` with out-of-band buffers for interprocess communication. If *use_pkl5* is set to `None` or not given, its value is determined from the `MPI4PY_FUTURES_USE_PKL5` environment variable. Using `pickle5` with out-of-band buffers may benefit applications dealing with large buffer-like objects like NumPy arrays. See `mpi4py.util.pkl5` for additional information.
- *backoff*: `float` value specifying the maximum number of seconds a worker thread or process suspends execution with `time.sleep()` while idle-waiting. If not set, its value is determined from the `MPI4PY_FUTURES_BACKOFF` environment variable if set, otherwise the default value of 0.001 seconds is used. Lower values will reduce latency and increase execution throughput for very short-lived tasks, albeit at the expense of spinning CPU cores and increased energy consumption.

submit(*func*, **args*, ***kwargs*)

Schedule the callable, *func*, to be executed as `func(*args, **kwargs)` and returns a `Future` object representing the execution of the callable.

```
executor = MPIPoolExecutor(max_workers=1)
future = executor.submit(pow, 321, 1234)
print(future.result())
```

map(*func*, **iterables*, *timeout=None*, *chunksize=1*, ***kwargs*)

Equivalent to `map(func, *iterables)` except *func* is executed asynchronously and several calls to *func* may be made concurrently, out-of-order, in separate processes. The returned iterator raises a `TimeoutError` if `__next__()` is called and the result isn't available after *timeout* seconds from the original call to `map()`. *timeout* can be an int or a float. If *timeout* is not specified or `None`, there is no limit to the wait time. If a call raises an exception, then that exception will be raised when its value is retrieved from the iterator. This method chops *iterables* into a number of chunks which it submits to the pool as separate tasks. The (approximate) size of these chunks can be specified by setting *chunksize* to a positive integer. For very long iterables, using a large value for *chunksize* can significantly improve performance compared to the default size of one. By default, the returned iterator yields results in-order, waiting for successive tasks to complete. This behavior can be changed by passing the keyword argument *unordered* as `True`, then the result iterator will yield a result as soon as any of the tasks complete.

```
executor = MPIPoolExecutor(max_workers=3)
for result in executor.map(pow, [2]*32, range(32)):
    print(result)
```

starmap(*func*, *iterable*, *timeout=None*, *chunksize=1*, ***kwargs*)

Equivalent to `itertools.starmap(func, iterable)`. Used instead of `map()` when argument parameters are already grouped in tuples from a single iterable (the data has been “pre-zipped”). `map(func, *iterable)` is equivalent to `starmap(func, zip(*iterable))`.

```

executor = MPIPoolExecutor(max_workers=3)
iterable = ((2, n) for n in range(32))
for result in executor.starmap(pow, iterable):
    print(result)

```

shutdown(*wait=True, cancel_futures=False*)

Signal the executor that it should free any resources that it is using when the currently pending futures are done executing. Calls to `submit()` and `map()` made after `shutdown()` will raise `RuntimeError`.

If *wait* is `True` then this method will not return until all the pending futures are done executing and the resources associated with the executor have been freed. If *wait* is `False` then this method will return immediately and the resources associated with the executor will be freed when all pending futures are done executing. Regardless of the value of *wait*, the entire Python program will not exit until all pending futures are done executing.

If *cancel_futures* is `True`, this method will cancel all pending futures that the executor has not started running. Any futures that are completed or running won't be cancelled, regardless of the value of *cancel_futures*.

You can avoid having to call this method explicitly if you use the `with` statement, which will shutdown the executor instance (waiting as if `shutdown()` were called with *wait* set to `True`).

```

import time
with MPIPoolExecutor(max_workers=1) as executor:
    future = executor.submit(time.sleep, 2)
assert future.done()

```

bootstrap(*wait=True*)

Signal the executor that it should allocate eagerly any required resources (in particular, MPI worker processes). If *wait* is `True`, then `bootstrap()` will not return until the executor resources are ready to process submissions. Resources are automatically allocated in the first call to `submit()`, thus calling `bootstrap()` explicitly is seldom needed.

num_workers

Number of worker processes in the pool.

MPI4PY_FUTURES_MAX_WORKERS

If the *max_workers* parameter to `MPIPoolExecutor` is `None` or not given, the `MPI4PY_FUTURES_MAX_WORKERS` environment variable provides a fallback value for the maximum number of MPI worker processes to spawn.

Added in version 3.1.0.

MPI4PY_FUTURES_USE_PKL5

If the *use_pkl5* keyword argument to `MPIPoolExecutor` is `None` or not given, the `MPI4PY_FUTURES_USE_PKL5` environment variable provides a fallback value for whether the executor should use `pickle5` with out-of-band buffers for interprocess communication. Accepted values are `0` and `1` (interpreted as `False` and `True`, respectively), and strings specifying a `YAML boolean` value (case-insensitive). Using `pickle5` with out-of-band buffers may benefit applications dealing with large buffer-like objects like NumPy arrays. See `mpi4py.util.pkl5` for additional information.

Added in version 4.0.0.

MPI4PY_FUTURES_BACKOFF

If the *backoff* keyword argument to `MPIPoolExecutor` is not given, the `MPI4PY_FUTURES_BACKOFF` environment variable can be set to a `float` value specifying the maximum number of seconds a worker thread or process

suspends execution with `time.sleep()` while idle-waiting. If not set, the default backoff value is 0.001 seconds. Lower values will reduce latency and increase execution throughput for very short-lived tasks, albeit at the expense of spinning CPU cores and increased energy consumption.

Added in version 4.0.0.

Note

As the master process uses a separate thread to perform MPI communication with the workers, the backend MPI implementation should provide support for `MPI.THREAD_MULTIPLE`. However, some popular MPI implementations do not support yet concurrent MPI calls from multiple threads. Additionally, users may decide to initialize MPI with a lower level of thread support. If the level of thread support in the backend MPI is less than `MPI.THREAD_MULTIPLE`, `mpi4py.futures` will use a global lock to serialize MPI calls. If the level of thread support is less than `MPI.THREAD_SERIALIZED`, `mpi4py.futures` will emit a `RuntimeWarning`.

Warning

If the level of thread support in the backend MPI is less than `MPI.THREAD_SERIALIZED` (i.e., it is either `MPI.THREAD_SINGLE` or `MPI.THREAD_FUNNELED`), in theory `mpi4py.futures` cannot be used. Rather than raising an exception, `mpi4py.futures` emits a warning and takes a “cross-fingers” attitude to continue execution in the hope that serializing MPI calls with a global lock will actually work.

7.2 MPICommExecutor

Legacy MPI-1 implementations (as well as some vendor MPI-2 implementations) do not support the dynamic process management features introduced in the MPI-2 standard. Additionally, job schedulers and batch systems in supercomputing facilities may pose additional complications to applications using the `MPI_Comm_spawn()` routine.

With these issues in mind, `mpi4py.futures` supports an additional, more traditional, SPMD-like usage pattern requiring MPI-1 calls only. Python applications are started the usual way, e.g., using the `mpiexec` command. Python code should make a collective call to the `MPICommExecutor` context manager to partition the set of MPI processes within a MPI communicator in one master processes and many workers processes. The master process gets access to an `MPIPoolExecutor` instance to submit tasks. Meanwhile, the worker process follow a different execution path and team-up to execute the tasks submitted from the master.

Besides alleviating the lack of dynamic process management features in legacy MPI-1 or partial MPI-2 implementations, the `MPICommExecutor` context manager may be useful in classic MPI-based Python applications willing to take advantage of the simple, task-based, master/worker approach available in the `mpi4py.futures` package.

class `mpi4py.futures.MPICommExecutor(comm=None, root=0)`

Context manager for `MPIPoolExecutor`. This context manager splits a MPI (intra)communicator `comm` (defaults to `MPI.COMM_WORLD` if not provided or `None`) in two disjoint sets: a single master process (with rank `root` in `comm`) and the remaining worker processes. These sets are then connected through an intercommunicator. The target of the `with` statement is assigned either an `MPIPoolExecutor` instance (at the master) or `None` (at the workers).

```
from mpi4py import MPI
from mpi4py.futures import MPICommExecutor

with MPICommExecutor(MPI.COMM_WORLD, root=0) as executor:
    if executor is not None:
        future = executor.submit(abs, -42)
```

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```

assert future.result() == 42
answer = set(executor.map(abs, [-42, 42]))
assert answer == {42}

```

Warning

If `MPICommExecutor` is passed a communicator of size one (e.g., `MPI.COMM_SELF`), then the executor instance assigned to the target of the `with` statement will execute all submitted tasks in a single worker thread, thus ensuring that task execution still progress asynchronously. However, the `GIL` will prevent the main and worker threads from running concurrently in multicore processors. Moreover, the thread context switching may harm noticeably the performance of CPU-bound tasks. In case of I/O-bound tasks, the `GIL` is not usually an issue, however, as a single worker thread is used, it progress one task at a time. We advice against using `MPICommExecutor` with communicators of size one and suggest refactoring your code to use instead a `ThreadPoolExecutor`.

7.3 Command line

Recalling the issues related to the lack of support for dynamic process management features in MPI implementations, `mpi4py.futures` supports an alternative usage pattern where Python code (either from scripts, modules, or zip files) is run under command line control of the `mpi4py.futures` package by passing `-m mpi4py.futures` to the `python` executable. The `mpi4py.futures` invocation should be passed a *pyfile* path to a script (or a zipfile/directory containing a `__main__.py` file). Additionally, `mpi4py.futures` accepts `-m mod` to execute a module named *mod*, `-c cmd` to execute a command string *cmd*, or even `-` to read commands from standard input (`sys.stdin`). Summarizing, `mpi4py.futures` can be invoked in the following ways:

- `$ mpiexec -n numprocs python -m mpi4py.futures pyfile [arg] ...`
- `$ mpiexec -n numprocs python -m mpi4py.futures -m mod [arg] ...`
- `$ mpiexec -n numprocs python -m mpi4py.futures -c cmd [arg] ...`
- `$ mpiexec -n numprocs python -m mpi4py.futures - [arg] ...`

Before starting the main script execution, `mpi4py.futures` splits `MPI.COMM_WORLD` in one master (the process with rank 0 in `MPI.COMM_WORLD`) and `numprocs - 1` workers and connects them through an MPI intercommunicator. Afterwards, the master process proceeds with the execution of the user script code, which eventually creates `MPIPoolExecutor` instances to submit tasks. Meanwhile, the worker processes follow a different execution path to serve the master. Upon successful termination of the main script at the master, the entire MPI execution environment exists gracefully. In case of any unhandled exception in the main script, the master process calls `MPI.COMM_WORLD.Abort(1)` to prevent deadlocks and force termination of entire MPI execution environment.

Warning

Running scripts under command line control of `mpi4py.futures` is quite similar to executing a single-process application that spawn additional workers as required. However, there is a very important difference users should be aware of. All `MPIPoolExecutor` instances created at the master will share the pool of workers. Tasks submitted at the master from many different executors will be scheduled for execution in random order as soon as a worker is idle. Any executor can easily starve all the workers (e.g., by calling `MPIPoolExecutor.map()` with long iterables). If that ever happens, submissions from other executors will not be serviced until free workers are available.

See also

Command line

Documentation on Python command line interface.

7.4 Parallel tasks

The `mpi4py.futures` package favors an embarrassingly parallel execution model involving a series of sequential tasks independent of each other and executed asynchronously. Albeit unnatural, `MPIPoolExecutor` can still be used for handling workloads involving parallel tasks, where worker processes communicate and coordinate each other via MPI.

`mpi4py.futures.get_comm_workers()`

Access an intracommunicator grouping MPI worker processes.

Executing parallel tasks with `mpi4py.futures` requires following some rules, cf. highlighted lines in example `cpi.py`:

- Use `MPIPoolExecutor.num_workers` to determine the number of worker processes in the executor and **submit exactly one callable per worker process** using the `MPIPoolExecutor.submit()` method.
- The submitted callable must use `get_comm_workers()` to access an intracommunicator grouping MPI worker processes. Afterwards, it is highly recommended calling the `Barrier()` method on the communicator. The barrier synchronization ensures that every worker process is executing the submitted callable exactly once. Afterwards, the parallel task can safely perform any kind of point-to-point or collective operation using the returned communicator.
- The `Future` instances returned by `MPIPoolExecutor.submit()` should be collected in a sequence. Use `wait()` with the sequence of `Future` instances to ensure logical completion of the parallel task.

7.5 Utilities

The `mpi4py.futures` package provides additional utilities for handling `Future` instances.

`mpi4py.futures.collect(fs)`

Gather a collection of futures in a new future.

Parameters

fs – Collection of futures.

Returns

New future producing as result a list with results from `fs`.

`mpi4py.futures.compose(future, resulthook=None, excepthook=None)`

Compose the completion of a future with result and exception handlers.

Parameters

- **future** – Input future instance.
- **resulthook** – Function to be called once the input future completes with success. Once the input future finish running with success, its result value is the input argument for `resulthook`. The result of `resulthook` is set as the result of the output future. If `resulthook` is `None`, the output future is completed directly with the result of the input future.

- **excepthook** – Function to be called once the input future completes with failure. Once the input future finish running with failure, its exception value is the input argument for *excepthook*. If *excepthook* returns an `Exception` instance, it is set as the exception of the output future. Otherwise, the result of *excepthook* is set as the result of the output future. If *excepthook* is `None`, the output future is set as failed with the exception from the input future.

Returns

Output future instance to be completed once the input future is completed and either *resulthook* or *excepthook* finish executing.

7.6 Examples

Computing the Julia set

The following *julia.py* script computes the **Julia set** and dumps an image to disk in binary **PGM** format. The code starts by importing *MPIPoolExecutor* from the *mpi4py.futures* package. Next, some global constants and functions implement the computation of the Julia set. The computations are protected with the standard `if __name__ == '__main__': ...` idiom. The image is computed by whole scanlines submitting all these tasks at once using the *map* method. The result iterator yields scanlines in-order as the tasks complete. Finally, each scanline is dumped to disk.

Listing 1: *julia.py*

```

1  from mpi4py.futures import MPIPoolExecutor
2
3  x0, x1, w = -2.0, +2.0, 640*2
4  y0, y1, h = -1.5, +1.5, 480*2
5  dx = (x1 - x0) / w
6  dy = (y1 - y0) / h
7
8  c = complex(0, 0.65)
9
10 def julia(x, y):
11     z = complex(x, y)
12     n = 255
13     while abs(z) < 3 and n > 1:
14         z = z**2 + c
15         n -= 1
16     return n
17
18 def julia_line(k):
19     line = bytearray(w)
20     y = y1 - k * dy
21     for j in range(w):
22         x = x0 + j * dx
23         line[j] = julia(x, y)
24     return line
25
26 if __name__ == '__main__':
27
28     with MPIPoolExecutor() as executor:
29         image = executor.map(julia_line, range(h))
30         with open('julia.pgm', 'wb') as f:

```

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```

31     f.write(b'P5 %d %d %d\n' % (w, h, 255))
32     for line in image:
33         f.write(line)

```

The recommended way to execute the script is by using the **mpiexec** command specifying one MPI process (master) and (optional but recommended) the desired MPI universe size, which determines the number of additional dynamically spawned processes (workers). The MPI universe size is provided either by a batch system or set by the user via command-line arguments to **mpiexec** or environment variables. Below we provide examples for MPICH and Open MPI implementations¹. In all of these examples, the **mpiexec** command launches a single master process running the Python interpreter and executing the main script. When required, *mpi4py.futures* spawns the pool of 16 worker processes. The master submits tasks to the workers and waits for the results. The workers receive incoming tasks, execute them, and send back the results to the master.

When using MPICH implementation or its derivatives based on the Hydra process manager, users can set the MPI universe size via the `-usize` argument to **mpiexec**:

```
$ mpiexec -n 1 -usize 17 python julia.py
```

or, alternatively, by setting the `MPIEXEC_UNIVERSE_SIZE` environment variable:

```
$ env MPIEXEC_UNIVERSE_SIZE=17 mpiexec -n 1 python julia.py
```

In the Open MPI implementation, the MPI universe size can be set via the `-host` argument to **mpiexec**:

```
$ mpiexec -n 1 -host localhost:17 python julia.py
```

Another way to specify the number of workers is to use the *mpi4py.futures*-specific environment variable `MPI4PY_FUTURES_MAX_WORKERS`:

```
$ env MPI4PY_FUTURES_MAX_WORKERS=16 mpiexec -n 1 python julia.py
```

Note that in this case, the MPI universe size is ignored.

Alternatively, users may decide to execute the script in a more traditional way, that is, all the MPI processes are started at once. The user script is run under command-line control of *mpi4py.futures* passing the `-m` flag to the **python** executable:

```
$ mpiexec -n 17 python -m mpi4py.futures julia.py
```

As explained previously, the 17 processes are partitioned in one master and 16 workers. The master process executes the main script while the workers execute the tasks submitted by the master.

Computing Pi (parallel task)

The number π can be approximated via numerical integration with the simple midpoint rule, that is:

$$\pi = \int_0^1 \frac{4}{1+x^2} dx \approx \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{4}{1 + \left[\frac{1}{n} \left(i - \frac{1}{2}\right)\right]^2}.$$

The following *cpi.py* script computes such approximations using *mpi4py.futures* with a parallel task involving a collective reduction operation. Highlighted lines correspond to the rules discussed in *Parallel tasks*.

¹ When using an MPI implementation other than MPICH or Open MPI, please check the documentation of the implementation and/or batch system for the ways to specify the desired MPI universe size.

Listing 2: cpi.py

```

1 import math
2 import sys
3 from mpi4py.futures import MPIPoolExecutor, wait
4 from mpi4py.futures import get_comm_workers
5
6
7 def compute_pi(n):
8     # Access intracommunicator and synchronize
9     comm = get_comm_workers()
10    comm.Barrier()
11
12    rank = comm.Get_rank()
13    size = comm.Get_size()
14
15    # Local computation
16    h = 1.0 / n
17    s = 0.0
18    for i in range(rank + 1, n + 1, size):
19        x = h * (i - 0.5)
20        s += 4.0 / (1.0 + x**2)
21    pi_partial = s * h
22
23    # Parallel reduce-to-all
24    pi = comm.allreduce(pi_partial)
25
26    # All workers return the same value
27    return pi
28
29
30 if __name__ == '__main__':
31     n = int(sys.argv[1]) if len(sys.argv) > 1 else 256
32
33     with MPIPoolExecutor() as executor:
34         # Submit exactly one callable per worker
35         P = executor.num_workers
36         fs = [executor.submit(compute_pi, n) for _ in range(P)]
37
38         # Wait for all workers to finish
39         wait(fs)
40
41         # Get result from the first future object.
42         # In this particular example, due to using reduce-to-all,
43         # all the other future objects hold the same result value.
44         pi = fs[0].result()
45         print(
46             f"pi: {pi:.16f}, error: {abs(pi - math.pi):.3e}",
47             f"({n:d} intervals, {P:d} workers)",
48         )

```

To run in modern MPI-2 mode:

```
$ env MPI4PY_FUTURES_MAX_WORKERS=4 mpiexec -n 1 python cpi.py 128
pi: 3.1415977398528137, error: 5.086e-06 (128 intervals, 4 workers)

$ env MPI4PY_FUTURES_MAX_WORKERS=8 mpiexec -n 1 python cpi.py 512
pi: 3.1415929714812316, error: 3.179e-07 (512 intervals, 8 workers)
```

To run in legacy MPI-1 mode:

```
$ mpiexec -n 5 python -m mpi4py.futures cpi.py 128
pi: 3.1415977398528137, error: 5.086e-06 (128 intervals, 4 workers)

$ mpiexec -n 9 python -m mpi4py.futures cpi.py 512
pi: 3.1415929714812316, error: 3.179e-07 (512 intervals, 8 workers)
```

7.7 Citation

If *mpi4py.futures* been significant to a project that leads to an academic publication, please acknowledge our work by citing the following article [[mpi4py-futures](#)]:

8 mpi4py.util

Added in version 3.1.0.

The *mpi4py.util* package collects miscellaneous utilities within the intersection of Python and MPI.

8.1 mpi4py.util.dtlb

Added in version 3.1.0.

The *mpi4py.util.dtlb* module provides converter routines between NumPy and MPI datatypes.

`mpi4py.util.dtlb.from_numpy_dtype(dtype)`

Convert NumPy datatype to MPI datatype.

Parameters

dtype (*DTypeLike*) – NumPy dtype-like object.

Return type

Datatype

`mpi4py.util.dtlb.to_numpy_dtype(datatype)`

Convert MPI datatype to NumPy datatype.

Parameters

datatype (*Datatype*) – MPI datatype.

Return type

dtype[*Any*]

8.2 mpi4py.util.pkl5

Added in version 3.1.0.

`pickle` protocol 5 (see [PEP 574](#)) introduced support for out-of-band buffers, allowing for more efficient handling of certain object types with large memory footprints.

MPI for Python uses the traditional in-band handling of buffers. This approach is appropriate for communicating non-buffer Python objects, or buffer-like objects with small memory footprints. For point-to-point communication, in-band buffer handling allows for the communication of a pickled stream with a single MPI message, at the expense of additional CPU and memory overhead in the pickling and unpickling steps.

The `mpi4py.util.pkl5` module provides communicator wrapper classes reimplementing pickle-based point-to-point and collective communication methods using pickle protocol 5. Handling out-of-band buffers necessarily involves multiple MPI messages, thus increasing latency and hurting performance in case of small size data. However, in case of large size data, the zero-copy savings of out-of-band buffer handling more than offset the extra latency costs. Additionally, these wrapper methods overcome the infamous 2 GiB message count limit (MPI-1 to MPI-3).

Note

Support for pickle protocol 5 is available in the `pickle` module within the Python standard library since Python 3.8. Previous Python 3 releases can use the `pickle5` backport, which is available on [PyPI](#) and can be installed with:

```
python -m pip install pickle5
```

class `mpi4py.util.pkl5.Request`

Request.

Custom request class for nonblocking communications.

Note

`Request` is not a subclass of `mpi4py.MPI.Request`

Free()

Free a communication request.

Return type

`None`

free()

Free a communication request.

Return type

`None`

cancel()

Cancel a communication request.

Return type

`None`

get_status(status=None)

Non-destructive test for the completion of a request.

Parameters**status** (*Status* / *None*)**Return type***bool***test**(*status=None*)

Test for the completion of a request.

Parameters**status** (*Status* / *None*)**Return type***tuple*[*bool*, *Any* | *None*]**wait**(*status=None*)

Wait for a request to complete.

Parameters**status** (*Status* / *None*)**Return type***Any***classmethod** **get_status_all**(*requests*, *statuses=None*)

Non-destructive test for the completion of all requests.

Classmethod**classmethod** **testall**(*requests*, *statuses=None*)

Test for the completion of all requests.

Classmethod**classmethod** **waitall**(*requests*, *statuses=None*)

Wait for all requests to complete.

Classmethod**class** *mpi4py.util.pkl5.Message*

Message.

Custom message class for matching probes.

Note*Message* is not a subclass of *mpi4py.MPI.Message***free**()

Do nothing.

Return type*None***recv**(*status=None*)

Blocking receive of matched message.

Parameters**status** (*Status* / *None*)

Return type

Any

irecv()

Nonblocking receive of matched message.

Return type

Request

classmethod probe(*comm, source=ANY_SOURCE, tag=ANY_TAG, status=None*)

Blocking test for a matched message.

Classmethod

classmethod iprobe(*comm, source=ANY_SOURCE, tag=ANY_TAG, status=None*)

Nonblocking test for a matched message.

Classmethod

class `mpi4py.util.pkl5.Comm`

Communicator.

Base communicator wrapper class.

send(*obj, dest, tag=0*)

Blocking send in standard mode.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

None

bsend(*obj, dest, tag=0*)

Blocking send in buffered mode.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

None

ssend(*obj, dest, tag=0*)

Blocking send in synchronous mode.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

None

isend(*obj*, *dest*, *tag*=0)

Nonblocking send in standard mode.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

Request

ibsend(*obj*, *dest*, *tag*=0)

Nonblocking send in buffered mode.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

Request

issend(*obj*, *dest*, *tag*=0)

Nonblocking send in synchronous mode.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

Request

recv(*buf*=None, *source*=ANY_SOURCE, *tag*=ANY_TAG, *status*=None)

Blocking receive.

Parameters

- **buf** (*Buffer* | *None*)
- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

Any

irecv(*buf*=None, *source*=ANY_SOURCE, *tag*=ANY_TAG)

Nonblocking receive.

Warning

This method cannot be supported reliably and raises *RuntimeError*.

Parameters

- **buf** ([Buffer](#) | *None*)
- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

[Request](#)

sendrecv(*sendobj, dest, sendtag=0, recvbuf=None, source=ANY_SOURCE, recvtag=ANY_TAG, status=None*)

Send and receive.

Parameters

- **sendobj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **sendtag** (*int*)
- **recvbuf** ([Buffer](#) | *None*)
- **source** (*int*)
- **recvtag** (*int*)
- **status** ([Status](#) | *None*)

Return type

Any

mprobe(*source=ANY_SOURCE, tag=ANY_TAG, status=None*)

Blocking test for a matched message.

Parameters

- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** ([Status](#) | *None*)

Return type

[Message](#)

improbe(*source=ANY_SOURCE, tag=ANY_TAG, status=None*)

Nonblocking test for a matched message.

Parameters

- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** ([Status](#) | *None*)

Return type

[Message](#) | *None*

bcast(*obj, root=0*)

Broadcast.

Added in version 3.1.0.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type

Any

gather(*sendobj*, *root=0*)

Gather.

Added in version 4.0.0.

Parameters

- **sendobj** (*Any*)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type

list[Any] | None

scatter(*sendobj*, *root=0*)

Scatter.

Added in version 4.0.0.

Parameters

- **sendobj** (*Sequence[Any] | None*)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type

Any

allgather(*sendobj*)

Gather to All.

Added in version 4.0.0.

Parameters

sendobj (*Any*)

Return type

list[Any]

alltoall(*sendobj*)

All to All Scatter/Gather.

Added in version 4.0.0.

Parameters

sendobj (*Sequence[Any]*)

Return type

list[Any]

class `mpi4py.util.pk15.Intracomm`

Intracommunicator.

Intracommunicator wrapper class.


```
class mpi4py.util.pk15.Intercomm
    Intercommunicator.
    Intercommunicator wrapper class.
```

Examples

Listing 3: test-pk15-1.py

```
1 import numpy as np
2 from mpi4py import MPI
3 from mpi4py.util import pk15
4
5 comm = pk15.Intracomm(MPI.COMM_WORLD) # comm wrapper
6 size = comm.Get_size()
7 rank = comm.Get_rank()
8 dst = (rank + 1) % size
9 src = (rank - 1) % size
10
11 sobj = np.full(1024**3, rank, dtype='i4') # > 4 GiB
12 sreq = comm.isend(sobj, dst, tag=42)
13 robj = comm.recv (None, src, tag=42)
14 sreq.Free()
15
16 assert np.min(robj) == src
17 assert np.max(robj) == src
```

Listing 4: test-pk15-2.py

```
1 import numpy as np
2 from mpi4py import MPI
3 from mpi4py.util import pk15
4
5 comm = pk15.Intracomm(MPI.COMM_WORLD) # comm wrapper
6 size = comm.Get_size()
7 rank = comm.Get_rank()
8 dst = (rank + 1) % size
9 src = (rank - 1) % size
10
11 sobj = np.full(1024**3, rank, dtype='i4') # > 4 GiB
12 sreq = comm.isend(sobj, dst, tag=42)
13
14 status = MPI.Status()
15 rmsg = comm.mprobe(status=status)
16 assert status.Get_source() == src
17 assert status.Get_tag() == 42
18 rreq = rmsg.irecv()
19 robj = rreq.wait()
20
21 sreq.Free()
22 assert np.max(robj) == src
23 assert np.min(robj) == src
```

8.3 mpi4py.util.pool

Added in version 4.0.0.

See also

This module intends to be a drop-in replacement for the `multiprocessing.pool` interface from the Python standard library. The `Pool` class exposed here is implemented as a thin wrapper around `MPIPoolExecutor`.

Note

The `mpi4py.futures` package offers a higher level interface for asynchronously pushing tasks to MPI worker process, allowing for a clear separation between submitting tasks and waiting for the results.

class `mpi4py.util.pool.Pool`

Pool using MPI processes as workers.

`__init__`(`processes=None`, `initializer=None`, `initargs=()`, `**kwargs`)

Initialize a new Pool instance.

Parameters

- **`processes`** (`int` | `None`) – Number of worker processes.
- **`initializer`** (`Callable[[...], None]` | `None`) – An callable used to initialize workers processes.
- **`initargs`** (`Iterable[Any]`) – A tuple of arguments to pass to the initializer.
- **`kwargs`** (`Any`)

Return type

`None`

Note

Additional keyword arguments are passed down to the `MPIPoolExecutor` constructor.

Warning

The `maxtasksperchild` and `context` arguments of `multiprocessing.pool.Pool` are not supported. Specifying `maxtasksperchild` or `context` with a value other than `None` will issue a warning of category `UserWarning`.

`apply`(`func`, `args=()`, `kwds={}`)

Call `func` with arguments `args` and keyword arguments `kwds`.

Equivalent to `func(*args, **kwds)`.

Parameters

- **`func`** (`Callable[[...], T]`)
- **`args`** (`Iterable[Any]`)

- **kwds** (*Mapping*[*str*, *Any*])

Return type

T

apply_async(*func*, *args*=(), *kwds*={}, *callback*=None, *error_callback*=None)

Asynchronous version of *apply()* returning *ApplyResult*.

Parameters

- **func** (*Callable*[..., *T*])
- **args** (*Iterable*[*Any*])
- **kwds** (*Mapping*[*str*, *Any*])
- **callback** (*Callable*[[*T*], *object*] | None)
- **error_callback** (*Callable*[[*BaseException*], *object*] | None)

Return type

AsyncResult[*T*]

map(*func*, *iterable*, *chunksize*=None)

Apply *func* to each element in *iterable*.

Equivalent to `list(map(func, iterable))`.

Block until all results are ready and return them in a *list*.

The *iterable* is chopped into a number of chunks which are submitted as separate tasks. The (approximate) size of these chunks can be specified by setting *chunksize* to a positive integer.

Consider using *imap()* or *imap_unordered()* with explicit *chunksize* for better efficiency.

Parameters

- **func** (*Callable*[[*S*], *T*])
- **iterable** (*Iterable*[*S*])
- **chunksize** (*int* | None)

Return type

list[*T*]

map_async(*func*, *iterable*, *chunksize*=None, *callback*=None, *error_callback*=None)

Asynchronous version of *map()* returning *MapResult*.

Parameters

- **func** (*Callable*[[*S*], *T*])
- **iterable** (*Iterable*[*S*])
- **chunksize** (*int* | None)
- **callback** (*Callable*[[*T*], None] | None)
- **error_callback** (*Callable*[[*BaseException*], None] | None)

Return type

MapResult[*T*]

imap(*func*, *iterable*, *chunksize*=1)

Like `map()` but return an `iterator`.

Equivalent to `map(func, iterable)`.

Parameters

- **func** (`Callable[[S], T]`)
- **iterable** (`Iterable[S]`)
- **chunksize** (`int`)

Return type

`Iterator[T]`

imap_unordered(*func*, *iterable*, *chunksize*=1)

Like `imap()` but ordering of results is arbitrary.

Parameters

- **func** (`Callable[[S], T]`)
- **iterable** (`Iterable[S]`)
- **chunksize** (`int`)

Return type

`Iterator[T]`

starmap(*func*, *iterable*, *chunksize*=None)

Apply *func* to each argument tuple in *iterable*.

Equivalent to `list(itertools.starmap(func, iterable))`.

Block until all results are ready and return them in a `list`.

The *iterable* is chopped into a number of chunks which are submitted as separate tasks. The (approximate) size of these chunks can be specified by setting *chunksize* to a positive integer.

Consider using `istarmap()` or `istarmap_unordered()` with explicit *chunksize* for better efficiency.

Parameters

- **func** (`Callable[[...], T]`)
- **iterable** (`Iterable[Iterable[Any]]`)
- **chunksize** (`int | None`)

Return type

`list[T]`

starmap_async(*func*, *iterable*, *chunksize*=None, *callback*=None, *error_callback*=None)

Asynchronous version of `starmap()` returning `MapResult`.

Parameters

- **func** (`Callable[..., T]`)
- **iterable** (`Iterable[Iterable[Any]]`)
- **chunksize** (`int | None`)
- **callback** (`Callable[[T], None] | None`)
- **error_callback** (`Callable[[BaseException], None] | None`)

Return type*MapResult*[T]**istarmap**(*func*, *iterable*, *chunksize*=1)Like *starmap*() but return an *iterator*.Equivalent to `itertools.starmap(func, iterable)`.**Parameters**

- **func** (*Callable*[[...], T])
- **iterable** (*Iterable*[*Iterable*[Any]])
- **chunksize** (*int*)

Return type*Iterator*[T]**istarmap_unordered**(*func*, *iterable*, *chunksize*=1)Like *istarmap*() but ordering of results is arbitrary.**Parameters**

- **func** (*Callable*[[...], T])
- **iterable** (*Iterable*[*Iterable*[Any]])
- **chunksize** (*int*)

Return type*Iterator*[T]**close**()

Prevent any more tasks from being submitted to the pool.

Return type

None

terminate()

Stop the worker processes without completing pending tasks.

Return type

None

join()

Wait for the worker processes to exit.

Return type

None

class `mpi4py.util.pool.ThreadPool`Bases: *Pool*

Pool using threads as workers.

class `mpi4py.util.pool.AsyncResult`

Asynchronous result.

get(*timeout*=None)

Return the result when it arrives.

If *timeout* is not None and the result does not arrive within *timeout* seconds then raise *TimeoutError*.

If the remote call raised an exception then that exception will be reraised.

Parameters**timeout** (*float* | *None*)**Return type***T***wait**(*timeout=None*)Wait until the result is available or *timeout* seconds pass.**Parameters****timeout** (*float* | *None*)**Return type***None***ready**()

Return whether the call has completed.

Return type*bool***successful**()

Return whether the call completed without raising an exception.

If the result is not ready then raise *ValueError*.**Return type***bool***class** *mpi4py.util.pool.ApplyResult*Bases: *AsyncResult*Result type of *apply_async()*.**class** *mpi4py.util.pool.MapResult*Bases: *AsyncResult*Result type of *map_async()* and *starmap_async()*.

8.4 *mpi4py.util.sync*

Added in version 4.0.0.

The *mpi4py.util.sync* module provides parallel synchronization utilities.

Sequential execution

class *mpi4py.util.sync.Sequential*

Sequential execution.

Context manager for sequential execution within a group of MPI processes.

The implementation is based in MPI-1 point-to-point communication. A process with rank *i* waits in a blocking receive until the previous process rank *i-1* finish executing and signals the next rank *i* with a send.**__init__**(*comm, tag=0*)

Initialize sequential execution.

Parameters

- **comm** ([Intracomm](#)) – Intracommunicator context.
- **tag** ([int](#)) – Tag for point-to-point communication.

Return type

[None](#)

__enter__()

Enter sequential execution.

Return type

[Self](#)

__exit__(*exc)

Exit sequential execution.

Parameters

exc ([object](#))

Return type

[None](#)

begin()

Begin sequential execution.

Return type

[None](#)

end()

End sequential execution.

Return type

[None](#)

Global counter

class `mpi4py.util.sync.Counter`

Global counter.

Produce consecutive values within a group of MPI processes. The counter interface is close to that of [itertools.count](#).

The implementation is based in MPI-3 one-sided operations. A root process (typically rank 0) holds the counter, and its value is queried and incremented with an atomic RMA *fetch-and-add* operation.

__init__ (*start=0, step=1, *, typecode='i', comm=COMM_SELF, info=INFO_NULL, root=0*)

Initialize global counter.

Parameters

- **start** ([int](#)) – Start value.
- **step** ([int](#)) – Increment value.
- **typecode** ([str](#)) – Type code as defined in the [array](#) module.
- **comm** ([Intracomm](#)) – Intracommunicator context.
- **info** ([Info](#)) – Info object for RMA context creation.
- **root** ([int](#)) – Process rank holding the counter memory.

Return type
None

__iter__()
 Implement `iter(self)`.

Return type
Self

__next__()
 Implement `next(self)`.

Return type
int

next(*incr=None*)
 Return current value and increment.

Parameters
incr (*int* / *None*) – Increment value.

Returns
 The counter value before incrementing.

Return type
int

free()
 Free counter resources.

Return type
None

Mutual exclusion

class mpi4py.util.sync.Mutex

Mutual exclusion.

Establish a critical section or mutual exclusion among MPI processes.

The mutex interface is close to that of `threading.Lock` and `threading.RLock`, allowing the use of either recursive or non-recursive mutual exclusion. However, a mutex should be used within a group of MPI processes, not threads.

In non-recursive mode, the semantics of `Mutex` are somewhat different than these of `threading.Lock`:

- Once acquired, a mutex is held and owned by a process until released.
- Trying to acquire a mutex already held raises `RuntimeError`.
- Trying to release a mutex not yet held raises `RuntimeError`.

This mutex implementation uses the scalable and fair spinlock algorithm from [mcs-paper] and took inspiration from the MPI-3 RMA implementation of [uam-book].

__init__(***, *recursive=False*, *comm=COMM_SELF*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Initialize mutex object.

Parameters

- **comm** (`Intracomm`) – Intracommunicator context.

- **recursive** (*bool*) – Whether to allow recursive acquisition.
- **info** (*Info*) – Info object for RMA context creation.

Return type

None

__enter__()

Acquire mutex.

Return type

Self

__exit__(*exc)

Release mutex.

Parameters

exc (*object*)

Return type

None

acquire(blocking=True)

Acquire mutex, blocking or non-blocking.

Parameters

blocking (*bool*) – If *True*, block until the mutex is held.

Returns

True if the mutex is held, *False* otherwise.

Return type

bool

release()

Release mutex.

Return type

None

locked()

Return whether the mutex is held.

Return type

bool

count()

Return the recursion count.

Return type

int

free()

Free mutex resources.

Return type

None

Condition variable

class mpi4py.util.sync.**Condition**

Condition variable.

A condition variable allows one or more MPI processes to wait until they are notified by another processes.

The condition variable interface is close to that of `threading.Condition`, allowing the use of either recursive or non-recursive mutual exclusion. However, the condition variable should be used within a group of MPI processes, not threads.

This condition variable implementation uses a MPI-3 RMA-based scalable and fair circular queue algorithm to track the set of waiting processes.

__init__(*mutex=None, *, recursive=True, comm=COMM_SELF, info=INFO_NULL*)

Initialize condition variable.

Parameters

- **mutex** (*Mutex* / *None*) – Mutual exclusion object.
- **recursive** (*bool*) – Whether to allow recursive acquisition.
- **comm** (*Intracomm*) – Intracommunicator context.
- **info** (*Info*) – Info object for RMA context creation.

Return type

None

__enter__()

Acquire the underlying mutex.

Return type

Self

__exit__(**exc*)

Release the underlying mutex.

Parameters

exc (*object*)

Return type

None

acquire(*blocking=True*)

Acquire the underlying mutex.

Parameters

blocking (*bool*)

Return type

bool

release()

Release the underlying mutex.

Return type

None

locked()

Return whether the underlying mutex is held.

Return type

`bool`

wait()

Wait until notified by another process.

Returns

Always `True`.

Return type

`Literal[True]`

wait_for(predicate)

Wait until a predicate evaluates to `True`.

Parameters

predicate (`Callable[[], T]`) – callable returning a boolean.

Returns

The result of predicate once it evaluates to `True`.

Return type

`T`

notify(n=1)

Wake up one or more processes waiting on this condition.

Parameters

n (`int`) – Maximum number of processes to wake up.

Returns

The actual number of processes woken up.

Return type

`int`

notify_all()

Wake up all processes waiting on this condition.

Returns

The actual number of processes woken up.

Return type

`int`

free()

Free condition resources.

Return type

`None`

Semaphore object

class mpi4py.util.sync.Semaphore

Semaphore object.

A semaphore object manages an internal counter which is decremented by each `acquire()` call and incremented by each `release()` call. The internal counter never reaches a value below zero; when `acquire()` finds that it is zero, it blocks and waits until some other process calls `release()`.

The semaphore interface is close to that of `threading.Semaphore` and `threading.BoundedSemaphore`, allowing the use of either bounded (default) or unbounded semaphores. With a bounded semaphore, the internal counter never exceeds its initial value; otherwise `release()` raises `ValueError`.

This semaphore implementation uses a global `Counter` and a `Condition` variable to handle waiting and notification.

__init__(*value=1, *, bounded=True, comm=COMM_SELF, info=INFO_NULL*)

Initialize semaphore object.

Parameters

- **value** (*int*) – Initial value for internal counter.
- **bounded** (*bool*) – Bound internal counter to initial value.
- **comm** (*Intracomm*) – Intracommunicator context.
- **info** (*Info*) – Info object for RMA context creation.

Return type

None

__enter__()

Acquire semaphore.

Return type

Self

__exit__(**exc*)

Release semaphore.

Parameters

exc (*object*)

Return type

None

acquire(*blocking=True*)

Acquire semaphore, decrementing the internal counter by one.

Parameters

blocking (*bool*) – If `True`, block until the semaphore is acquired.

Returns

`True` if the semaphore is acquired, `False` otherwise.

Return type

bool

release(*n=1*)

Release semaphore, incrementing the internal counter by one or more.

Parameters

n (*int*) – Increment for the internal counter.

Return type

None

free()

Free semaphore resources.

Return type

None

Examples

Listing 5: test-sync-1.py

```
1 from mpi4py import MPI
2 from mpi4py.util.sync import Counter, Sequential
3
4 comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
5
6 counter = Counter(comm)
7 with Sequential(comm):
8     value = next(counter)
9 counter.free()
10
11 assert comm.rank == value
```

Listing 6: test-sync-2.py

```
1 from mpi4py import MPI
2 from mpi4py.util.sync import Counter, Mutex
3
4 comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
5
6 mutex = Mutex(comm)
7 counter = Counter(comm)
8 with mutex:
9     value = next(counter)
10 counter.free()
11 mutex.free()
12
13 assert (
14     list(range(comm.size)) ==
15     sorted(comm.allgather(value))
16 )
```

9 mpi4py.run

Added in version 3.0.0.

At import time, *mpi4py* initializes the MPI execution environment calling `MPI_Init_thread()` and installs an exit hook to automatically call `MPI_Finalize()` just before the Python process terminates. Additionally, *mpi4py* overrides the default `ERRORS_ARE_FATAL` error handler in favor of `ERRORS_RETURN`, which allows translating MPI errors in Python exceptions. These departures from standard MPI behavior may be controversial, but are quite convenient within the highly dynamic Python programming environment. Third-party code using *mpi4py* can just `from mpi4py import MPI` and perform MPI calls without the tedious initialization/finalization handling. MPI errors, once translated automatically to Python exceptions, can be dealt with the common `try...except...finally` clauses; unhandled MPI exceptions will print a traceback which helps in locating problems in source code.

Unfortunately, the interplay of automatic MPI finalization and unhandled exceptions may lead to deadlocks. In unattended runs, these deadlocks will drain the battery of your laptop, or burn precious allocation hours in your supercomputing facility.

9.1 Exceptions and deadlocks

Consider the following snippet of Python code. Assume this code is stored in a standard Python script file and run with `mpiexec` in two or more processes.

Listing 7: deadlock.py

```
1 from mpi4py import MPI
2 assert MPI.COMM_WORLD.Get_size() > 1
3 rank = MPI.COMM_WORLD.Get_rank()
4 if rank == 0:
5     1/0
6     MPI.COMM_WORLD.send(None, dest=1, tag=42)
7 elif rank == 1:
8     MPI.COMM_WORLD.recv(source=0, tag=42)
```

Process 0 raises `ZeroDivisionError` exception before performing a send call to process 1. As the exception is not handled, the Python interpreter running in process 0 will proceed to exit with non-zero status. However, as *mpi4py* installed a finalizer hook to call `MPI_Finalize()` before exit, process 0 will block waiting for other processes to also enter the `MPI_Finalize()` call. Meanwhile, process 1 will block waiting for a message to arrive from process 0, thus never reaching to `MPI_Finalize()`. The whole MPI execution environment is irremediably in a deadlock state.

To alleviate this issue, *mpi4py* offers a simple, alternative command line execution mechanism based on using the `-m` flag and implemented with the `runpy` module. To use this features, Python code should be run passing `-m mpi4py` in the command line invoking the Python interpreter. In case of unhandled exceptions, the finalizer hook will call `MPI_Abort()` on the `MPI_COMM_WORLD` communicator, thus effectively aborting the MPI execution environment.

Warning

When a process is forced to abort, resources (e.g. open files) are not cleaned-up and any registered finalizers (either with the `atexit` module, the Python C/API function `Py_AtExit()`, or even the C standard library function `atexit()`) will not be executed. Thus, aborting execution is an extremely impolite way of ensuring process termination. However, MPI provides no other mechanism to recover from a deadlock state.

9.2 Command line

The use of `-m mpi4py` to execute Python code on the command line resembles that of the Python interpreter.

- `mpiexec -n numprocs python -m mpi4py pyfile [arg] ...`
- `mpiexec -n numprocs python -m mpi4py -m mod [arg] ...`
- `mpiexec -n numprocs python -m mpi4py -c cmd [arg] ...`
- `mpiexec -n numprocs python -m mpi4py - [arg] ...`

<pyfile>

Execute the Python code contained in *pyfile*, which must be a filesystem path referring to either a Python file, a directory containing a `__main__.py` file, or a zipfile containing a `__main__.py` file.

-m <mod>

Search `sys.path` for the named module *mod* and execute its contents.

-c <cmd>

Execute the Python code in the *cmd* string command.

-

Read commands from standard input (`sys.stdin`).

See also

Command line

Documentation on Python command line interface.

10 mpi4py.bench

Added in version 3.0.0.

11 Reference

mpi4py.MPI

Message Passing Interface.

11.1 mpi4py.MPI

Message Passing Interface.

Classes

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| <i>BottomType</i> | Type of <i>BOTTOM</i> . |
| <i>BufferAutomaticType</i> | Type of <i>BUFFER_AUTOMATIC</i> . |
| <i>Cartcomm</i> | Cartesian topology intracommunicator. |
| <i>Comm</i> | Communication context. |
| <i>Datatype</i> | Datatype object. |
| <i>Distgraphcomm</i> | Distributed graph topology intracommunicator. |
| <i>Errhandler</i> | Error handler. |
| <i>File</i> | File I/O context. |
| <i>Graphcomm</i> | General graph topology intracommunicator. |
| <i>Grequest</i> | Generalized request handler. |
| <i>Group</i> | Group of processes. |
| <i>InPlaceType</i> | Type of <i>IN_PLACE</i> . |
| <i>Info</i> | Info object. |
| <i>Intercomm</i> | Intercommunicator. |
| <i>Intracomm</i> | Intracommunicator. |
| <i>Message</i> | Matched message. |
| <i>Op</i> | Reduction operation. |
| <i>Pickle</i> | Pickle/unpickle Python objects. |
| <i>Prequest</i> | Persistent request handler. |
| <i>Request</i> | Request handler. |
| <i>Session</i> | Session context. |
| <i>Status</i> | Status object. |
| <i>Topocomm</i> | Topology intracommunicator. |
| <i>Win</i> | Remote memory access context. |
| <i>buffer</i> | Buffer. |
| <i>memory</i> | alias of <i>buffer</i> |

mpi4py.MPI.BottomType

class mpi4py.MPI.BottomType

Bases: `int`

Type of *BOTTOM*.

static `__new__(cls)`

Return type

Self

mpi4py.MPI.BufferAutomaticType

class mpi4py.MPI.BufferAutomaticType

Bases: `int`

Type of *BUFFER_AUTOMATIC*.

static `__new__(cls)`

Return type

Self

mpi4py.MPI.Cartcomm

class mpi4py.MPI.Cartcomm

Bases: *Topocomm*

Cartesian topology intracommunicator.

static `__new__`(cls, comm=None)

Parameters

comm (*Cartcomm* | *None*)

Return type

Self

Methods Summary

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| <i>Get_cart_rank</i> (coords) | Translate logical coordinates to ranks. |
| <i>Get_coords</i> (rank) | Translate ranks to logical coordinates. |
| <i>Get_dim</i> () | Return number of dimensions. |
| <i>Get_topo</i> () | Return information on the cartesian topology. |
| <i>Shift</i> (direction, disp) | Return a process ranks for data shifting with <i>Sendrecv</i> . |
| <i>Sub</i> (remain_dims) | Return a lower-dimensional Cartesian topology. |

Attributes Summary

| | |
|----------------|-----------------------|
| <i>coords</i> | Coordinates. |
| <i>dim</i> | Number of dimensions. |
| <i>dims</i> | Dimensions. |
| <i>ndim</i> | Number of dimensions. |
| <i>periods</i> | Periodicity. |
| <i>topo</i> | Topology information. |

Methods Documentation

Get_cart_rank(coords)

Translate logical coordinates to ranks.

Parameters

coords (*Sequence*[*int*])

Return type

int

Get_coords(rank)

Translate ranks to logical coordinates.

Parameters

rank (*int*)

Return type

`list[int]`

Get_dim()

Return number of dimensions.

Return type

`int`

Get_topo()

Return information on the cartesian topology.

Return type

`tuple[list[int], list[int], list[int]]`

Shift(*direction*, *disp*)

Return a process ranks for data shifting with *Sendrecv*.

Parameters

- **direction** (`int`)
- **disp** (`int`)

Return type

`tuple[int, int]`

Sub(*remain_dims*)

Return a lower-dimensional Cartesian topology.

Parameters

remain_dims (*Sequence*[`bool`])

Return type

`Cartcomm`

Attributes Documentation

coords

Coordinates.

dim

Number of dimensions.

dims

Dimensions.

ndim

Number of dimensions.

periods

Periodicity.

topo

Topology information.

mpi4py.MPI.Comm

class mpi4py.MPI.Comm

Bases: `object`

Communication context.

static `__new__(cls, comm=None)`

Parameters

comm (`Comm` / `None`)

Return type

Self

Methods Summary

| | |
|---|---|
| <i>Abort</i> ([errorcode]) | Terminate the MPI execution environment. |
| <i>Ack_failed</i> ([num_to_ack]) | Acknowledge failures on a communicator. |
| <i>Agree</i> (flag) | Blocking agreement. |
| <i>Allgather</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf) | Gather to All. |
| <i>Allgather_init</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, info]) | Persistent Gather to All. |
| <i>Allgatherv</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf) | Gather to All Vector. |
| <i>Allgatherv_init</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, info]) | Persistent Gather to All Vector. |
| <i>Allreduce</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, op]) | Reduce to All. |
| <i>Allreduce_init</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, op, info]) | Persistent Reduce to All. |
| <i>Alltoall</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf) | All to All Scatter/Gather. |
| <i>Alltoall_init</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, info]) | Persistent All to All Scatter/Gather. |
| <i>Alltoallv</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf) | All to All Scatter/Gather Vector. |
| <i>Alltoallv_init</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, info]) | Persistent All to All Scatter/Gather Vector. |
| <i>Alltoallw</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf) | All to All Scatter/Gather General. |
| <i>Alltoallw_init</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, info]) | Persistent All to All Scatter/Gather General. |
| <i>Attach_buffer</i> (buf) | Attach a user-provided buffer for sending in buffered mode. |
| <i>Barrier</i> () | Barrier synchronization. |
| <i>Barrier_init</i> ([info]) | Persistent Barrier. |
| <i>Bcast</i> (buf[, root]) | Broadcast data from one process to all other processes. |
| <i>Bcast_init</i> (buf[, root, info]) | Persistent Broadcast. |
| <i>Bsend</i> (buf, dest[, tag]) | Blocking send in buffered mode. |
| <i>Bsend_init</i> (buf, dest[, tag]) | Persistent request for a send in buffered mode. |
| <i>Call_errhandler</i> (errorcode) | Call the error handler installed on a communicator. |
| <i>Clone</i> () | Clone an existing communicator. |
| <i>Compare</i> (comm) | Compare two communicators. |
| <i>Create</i> (group) | Create communicator from group. |
| <i>Create_errhandler</i> (errhandler_fn) | Create a new error handler for communicators. |
| <i>Create_keyval</i> ([copy_fn, delete_fn, nopython]) | Create a new attribute key for communicators. |
| <i>Delete_attr</i> (keyval) | Delete attribute value associated with a key. |
| <i>Detach_buffer</i> () | Remove an existing attached buffer. |
| <i>Disconnect</i> () | Disconnect from a communicator. |
| <i>Dup</i> ([info]) | Duplicate a communicator. |
| <i>Dup_with_info</i> (info) | Duplicate a communicator with hints. |

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Table 2 – continued from previous page

| | |
|---|--|
| <i>Flush_buffer()</i> | Block until all buffered messages have been transmitted. |
| <i>Free()</i> | Free a communicator. |
| <i>Free_keyval</i> (keyval) | Free an attribute key for communicators. |
| <i>Gather</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, root]) | Gather data to one process from all other processes. |
| <i>Gather_init</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, root, info]) | Persistent Gather. |
| <i>Gatherv</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, root]) | Gather Vector. |
| <i>Gatherv_init</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, root, info]) | Persistent Gather Vector. |
| <i>Get_attr</i> (keyval) | Retrieve attribute value by key. |
| <i>Get_errhandler</i> () | Get the error handler for a communicator. |
| <i>Get_failed</i> () | Extract the group of failed processes. |
| <i>Get_group</i> () | Access the group associated with a communicator. |
| <i>Get_info</i> () | Return the current hints for a communicator. |
| <i>Get_name</i> () | Get the print name for this communicator. |
| <i>Get_parent</i> () | Return the parent intercommunicator for this process. |
| <i>Get_rank</i> () | Return the rank of this process in a communicator. |
| <i>Get_size</i> () | Return the number of processes in a communicator. |
| <i>Get_topology</i> () | Return the type of topology (if any) associated with a communicator. |
| <i>Iagree</i> (flag) | Nonblocking agreement. |
| <i>Iallgather</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf) | Nonblocking Gather to All. |
| <i>Iallgatherv</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf) | Nonblocking Gather to All Vector. |
| <i>Iallreduce</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, op]) | Nonblocking Reduce to All. |
| <i>Ialltoall</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf) | Nonblocking All to All Scatter/Gather. |
| <i>Ialltoallv</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf) | Nonblocking All to All Scatter/Gather Vector. |
| <i>Ialltoallw</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf) | Nonblocking All to All Scatter/Gather General. |
| <i>Ibarrier</i> () | Nonblocking Barrier. |
| <i>Ibcast</i> (buf[, root]) | Nonblocking Broadcast. |
| <i>Ibsend</i> (buf, dest[, tag]) | Nonblocking send in buffered mode. |
| <i>Idup</i> ([info]) | Nonblocking duplicate a communicator. |
| <i>Idup_with_info</i> (info) | Nonblocking duplicate a communicator with hints. |
| <i>Iflush_buffer</i> () | Nonblocking flush for buffered messages. |
| <i>Igather</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, root]) | Nonblocking Gather. |
| <i>Igatherv</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, root]) | Nonblocking Gather Vector. |
| <i>Improbe</i> ([source, tag, status]) | Nonblocking test for a matched message. |
| <i>Iprobe</i> ([source, tag, status]) | Nonblocking test for a message. |
| <i>Irecv</i> (buf[, source, tag]) | Nonblocking receive. |
| <i>Ireduce</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, op, root]) | Nonblocking Reduce to Root. |
| <i>Ireduce_scatter</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, ...]) | Nonblocking Reduce-Scatter (vector version). |
| <i>Ireduce_scatter_block</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, op]) | Nonblocking Reduce-Scatter Block (regular, non-vector version). |
| <i>Irsend</i> (buf, dest[, tag]) | Nonblocking send in ready mode. |
| <i>Is_inter</i> () | Return whether the communicator is an intercommunicator. |
| <i>Is_intra</i> () | Return whether the communicator is an intracommunicator. |
| <i>Is_revoked</i> () | Indicate whether the communicator has been revoked. |
| <i>Iscatter</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, root]) | Nonblocking Scatter. |
| <i>Iscatterv</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, root]) | Nonblocking Scatter Vector. |
| <i>Isend</i> (buf, dest[, tag]) | Nonblocking send. |
| <i>Isendrecv</i> (sendbuf, dest[, sendtag, recvbuf, ...]) | Nonblocking send and receive. |

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Table 2 – continued from previous page

| | |
|--|---|
| <i>Isendrecv_replace</i> (buf, dest[, sendtag, ...]) | Send and receive a message. |
| <i>Ishrink</i> () | Nonblocking shrink a communicator to remove all failed processes. |
| <i>Issend</i> (buf, dest[, tag]) | Nonblocking send in synchronous mode. |
| <i>Join</i> (fd) | Interconnect two processes connected by a socket. |
| <i>Mprobe</i> ([source, tag, status]) | Blocking test for a matched message. |
| <i>Precv_init</i> (buf, partitions[, source, tag, info]) | Create request for a partitioned recv operation. |
| <i>Probe</i> ([source, tag, status]) | Blocking test for a message. |
| <i>Psend_init</i> (buf, partitions, dest[, tag, info]) | Create request for a partitioned send operation. |
| <i>Recv</i> (buf[, source, tag, status]) | Blocking receive. |
| <i>Recv_init</i> (buf[, source, tag]) | Create a persistent request for a receive. |
| <i>Reduce</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, op, root]) | Reduce to Root. |
| <i>Reduce_init</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, op, root, info]) | Persistent Reduce to Root. |
| <i>Reduce_scatter</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, ...]) | Reduce-Scatter (vector version). |
| <i>Reduce_scatter_block</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, op]) | Reduce-Scatter Block (regular, non-vector version). |
| <i>Reduce_scatter_block_init</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf) | Persistent Reduce-Scatter Block (regular, non-vector version). |
| <i>Reduce_scatter_init</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, ...]) | Persistent Reduce-Scatter (vector version). |
| <i>Revoke</i> () | Revoke a communicator. |
| <i>Rsend</i> (buf, dest[, tag]) | Blocking send in ready mode. |
| <i>Rsend_init</i> (buf, dest[, tag]) | Persistent request for a send in ready mode. |
| <i>Scatter</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, root]) | Scatter data from one process to all other processes. |
| <i>Scatter_init</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, root, info]) | Persistent Scatter. |
| <i>Scatterv</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, root]) | Scatter Vector. |
| <i>Scatterv_init</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, root, info]) | Persistent Scatter Vector. |
| <i>Send</i> (buf, dest[, tag]) | Blocking send. |
| <i>Send_init</i> (buf, dest[, tag]) | Create a persistent request for a standard send. |
| <i>Sendrecv</i> (sendbuf, dest[, sendtag, recvbuf, ...]) | Send and receive a message. |
| <i>Sendrecv_replace</i> (buf, dest[, sendtag, ...]) | Send and receive a message. |
| <i>Set_attr</i> (keyval, attrval) | Store attribute value associated with a key. |
| <i>Set_errhandler</i> (errhandler) | Set the error handler for a communicator. |
| <i>Set_info</i> (info) | Set new values for the hints associated with a communicator. |
| <i>Set_name</i> (name) | Set the print name for this communicator. |
| <i>Shrink</i> () | Shrink a communicator to remove all failed processes. |
| <i>Split</i> ([color, key]) | Split communicator by color and key. |
| <i>Split_type</i> (split_type[, key, info]) | Split communicator by split type. |
| <i>Ssend</i> (buf, dest[, tag]) | Blocking send in synchronous mode. |
| <i>Ssend_init</i> (buf, dest[, tag]) | Persistent request for a send in synchronous mode. |
| <i>allgather</i> (sendobj) | Gather to All. |
| <i>allreduce</i> (sendobj[, op]) | Reduce to All. |
| <i>alltoall</i> (sendobj) | All to All Scatter/Gather. |
| <i>barrier</i> () | Barrier synchronization. |
| <i>bcast</i> (obj[, root]) | Broadcast. |
| <i>bsend</i> (obj, dest[, tag]) | Send in buffered mode. |
| <i>f2py</i> (arg) | |
| <i>free</i> () | Call <i>Free</i> if not null or predefined. |
| <i>fromhandle</i> (handle) | Create object from MPI handle. |
| <i>gather</i> (sendobj[, root]) | Gather. |
| <i>ibsend</i> (obj, dest[, tag]) | Nonblocking send in buffered mode. |

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Table 2 – continued from previous page

| | |
|--|---|
| <i>improbe</i> ([source, tag, status]) | Nonblocking test for a matched message. |
| <i>iprobe</i> ([source, tag, status]) | Nonblocking test for a message. |
| <i>irecv</i> ([buf, source, tag]) | Nonblocking receive. |
| <i>isend</i> (obj, dest[, tag]) | Nonblocking send. |
| <i>issend</i> (obj, dest[, tag]) | Nonblocking send in synchronous mode. |
| <i>mprobe</i> ([source, tag, status]) | Blocking test for a matched message. |
| <i>probe</i> ([source, tag, status]) | Blocking test for a message. |
| <i>py2f</i> () | |
| <i>recv</i> ([buf, source, tag, status]) | Receive. |
| <i>reduce</i> (sendobj[, op, root]) | Reduce to Root. |
| <i>scatter</i> (sendobj[, root]) | Scatter. |
| <i>send</i> (obj, dest[, tag]) | Send in standard mode. |
| <i>sendrecv</i> (sendobj, dest[, sendtag, recvbuf, ...]) | Send and Receive. |
| <i>ssend</i> (obj, dest[, tag]) | Send in synchronous mode. |

Attributes Summary

| | |
|-----------------|-----------------------|
| <i>group</i> | Group. |
| <i>handle</i> | MPI handle. |
| <i>info</i> | Info hints. |
| <i>is_inter</i> | Is intercommunicator. |
| <i>is_intra</i> | Is intracommunicator. |
| <i>is_topo</i> | Is a topology. |
| <i>name</i> | Print name. |
| <i>rank</i> | Rank of this process. |
| <i>size</i> | Number of processes. |
| <i>topology</i> | Topology type. |

Methods Documentation

Abort(*errorcode=0*)

Terminate the MPI execution environment.

Warning

The invocation of this method prevents the execution of various Python exit and cleanup mechanisms. Use this method as a last resort to prevent parallel deadlocks in case of unrecoverable errors.

Parameters

errorcode (*int*)

Return type

NoReturn

Ack_failed(*num_to_ack=None*)

Acknowledge failures on a communicator.

Parameters

num_to_ack (*int* / *None*)

Return type

int

Agree(*flag*)

Blocking agreement.

Parameters

flag (*int*)

Return type

int

Allgather(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Gather to All.

Gather data from all processes and broadcast the combined data to all other processes.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (*BufSpec* / *InPlace*)
- **recvbuf** (*BufSpecB*)

Return type

None

Allgather_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Gather to All.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (*BufSpec* / *InPlace*)
- **recvbuf** (*BufSpecB*)
- **info** (*Info*)

Return type

Prequest

Allgatherv(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Gather to All Vector.

Gather data from all processes and send it to all other processes providing different amounts of data and displacements.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (*BufSpec* / *InPlace*)
- **recvbuf** (*BufSpecV*)

Return type

None

Allgatherv_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Gather to All Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (*BufSpec* / *InPlace*)
- **recvbuf** (*BufSpecV*)

- **info** ([Info](#))

Return type

Prequest

Allreduce(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op*=*SUM*)

Reduce to All.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** ([BufSpec](#) / [InPlace](#))
- **recvbuf** ([BufSpec](#))
- **op** ([Op](#))

Return type

None

Allreduce_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op*=*SUM*, *info*=*INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Reduce to All.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** ([BufSpec](#) / [InPlace](#))
- **recvbuf** ([BufSpec](#))
- **op** ([Op](#))
- **info** ([Info](#))

Return type

Prequest

Alltoall(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

All to All Scatter/Gather.

Send data to all processes and recv data from all processes.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** ([BufSpecB](#) / [InPlace](#))
- **recvbuf** ([BufSpecB](#))

Return type

None

Alltoall_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *info*=*INFO_NULL*)

Persistent All to All Scatter/Gather.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** ([BufSpecB](#) / [InPlace](#))
- **recvbuf** ([BufSpecB](#))
- **info** ([Info](#))

Return type

Prequest

Alltoallv(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

All to All Scatter/Gather Vector.

Send data to all processes and recv data from all processes providing different amounts of data and displacements.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecV / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV)

Return type

None

Alltoallv_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *info*=INFO_NULL)

Persistent All to All Scatter/Gather Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecV / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV)
- **info** (Info)

Return type

Prequest

Alltoallw(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

All to All Scatter/Gather General.

Send/recv data to/from all processes allowing the specification of different counts, displacements, and datatypes for each dest/source.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecW / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecW)

Return type

None

Alltoallw_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *info*=INFO_NULL)

Persistent All to All Scatter/Gather General.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecW / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecW)
- **info** (Info)

Return type

Prequest

Attach_buffer(*buf*)

Attach a user-provided buffer for sending in buffered mode.

Parameters

buf (Buffer / None)

Return type

None

Barrier()

Barrier synchronization.

Return type

None

Barrier_init(*info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Barrier.

Parameters

info (*Info*)

Return type

Prequest

Bcast(*buf, root=0*)

Broadcast data from one process to all other processes.

Parameters

- **buf** (*BufSpec*)

- **root** (*int*)

Return type

None

Bcast_init(*buf, root=0, info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Broadcast.

Parameters

- **buf** (*BufSpec*)

- **root** (*int*)

- **info** (*Info*)

Return type

Prequest

Bsend(*buf, dest, tag=0*)

Blocking send in buffered mode.

Parameters

- **buf** (*BufSpec*)

- **dest** (*int*)

- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

None

Bsend_init(*buf, dest, tag=0*)

Persistent request for a send in buffered mode.

Parameters

- **buf** (*BufSpec*)

- **dest** (*int*)

- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

`Request`

Call_errhandler(*errorcode*)

Call the error handler installed on a communicator.

Parameters

errorcode (*int*)

Return type

`None`

Clone()

Clone an existing communicator.

Return type

`Self`

Compare(*comm*)

Compare two communicators.

Parameters

comm (`Comm`)

Return type

`int`

Create(*group*)

Create communicator from group.

Parameters

group (`Group`)

Return type

`Comm`

classmethod Create_errhandler(*errhandler_fn*)

Create a new error handler for communicators.

Parameters

errhandler_fn (`Callable`[[`Comm`, `int`], `None`])

Return type

`Errhandler`

classmethod Create_keyval(*copy_fn=None, delete_fn=None, nopython=False*)

Create a new attribute key for communicators.

Parameters

- **copy_fn** (`Callable`[[`Comm`, `int`, `Any`], `Any`] | `None`)
- **delete_fn** (`Callable`[[`Comm`, `int`, `Any`], `None`] | `None`)
- **nopython** (`bool`)

Return type

`int`

Delete_attr(*keyval*)

Delete attribute value associated with a key.

Parameters

keyval (*int*)

Return type

None

Detach_buffer()

Remove an existing attached buffer.

Return type

Buffer | *None*

Disconnect()

Disconnect from a communicator.

Return type

None

Dup(*info=None*)

Duplicate a communicator.

Parameters

info (*Info* | *None*)

Return type

Self

Dup_with_info(*info*)

Duplicate a communicator with hints.

Parameters

info (*Info*)

Return type

Self

Flush_buffer()

Block until all buffered messages have been transmitted.

Return type

None

Free()

Free a communicator.

Return type

None

classmethod Free_keyval(*keyval*)

Free an attribute key for communicators.

Parameters

keyval (*int*)

Return type

int

Gather(*sendbuf, recvbuf, root=0*)

Gather data to one process from all other processes.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (*BufSpec* | *InPlace*)

- **recvbuf** (BufSpecB / *None*)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type

None

Gather_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *root*=0, *info*=INFO_NULL)

Persistent Gather.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecB / *None*)
- **root** (*int*)
- **info** (Info)

Return type

Prequest

Gatherv(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *root*=0)

Gather Vector.

Gather data to one process from all other processes providing different amounts of data and displacements.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV / *None*)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type

None

Gatherv_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *root*=0, *info*=INFO_NULL)

Persistent Gather Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV / *None*)
- **root** (*int*)
- **info** (Info)

Return type

Prequest

Get_attr(*keyval*)

Retrieve attribute value by key.

Parameters

keyval (*int*)

Return type

int | *Any* | *None*

Get_errhandler()

Get the error handler for a communicator.

Return type

Errhandler

Get_failed()

Extract the group of failed processes.

Return type

Group

Get_group()

Access the group associated with a communicator.

Return type

Group

Get_info()

Return the current hints for a communicator.

Return type

Info

Get_name()

Get the print name for this communicator.

Return type

str

classmethod Get_parent()

Return the parent intercommunicator for this process.

Return type

Intercomm

Get_rank()

Return the rank of this process in a communicator.

Return type

int

Get_size()

Return the number of processes in a communicator.

Return type

int

Get_topology()

Return the type of topology (if any) associated with a communicator.

Return type

int

Iagree(flag)

Nonblocking agreement.

Parameters

flag (Buffer)

Return type

Request

Iallgather(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Nonblocking Gather to All.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecB)

Return type

Request

Iallgatherv(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Nonblocking Gather to All Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV)

Return type

Request

Iallreduce(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op*=SUM)

Nonblocking Reduce to All.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec)
- **op** (Op)

Return type

Request

Ialltoall(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Nonblocking All to All Scatter/Gather.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecB / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecB)

Return type

Request

Ialltoallv(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Nonblocking All to All Scatter/Gather Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecV / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV)

Return type

Request

Ialltoallw(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Nonblocking All to All Scatter/Gather General.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecW / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecW)

Return type
Request

Ibarrier()

Nonblocking Barrier.

Return type
Request

Ibcast(buf, root=0)

Nonblocking Broadcast.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type
Request

Ibsend(buf, dest, tag=0)

Nonblocking send in buffered mode.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type
Request

Idup(info=None)

Nonblocking duplicate a communicator.

Parameters

info (Info / None)

Return type
tuple[Self, Request]

Idup_with_info(info)

Nonblocking duplicate a communicator with hints.

Parameters

info (Info)

Return type
tuple[Self, Request]

Iflush_buffer()

Nonblocking flush for buffered messages.

Return type
Request

Igather(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *root*=0)

Nonblocking Gather.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecB / None)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type

Request

Igatherv(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *root*=0)

Nonblocking Gather Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV / None)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type

Request

Improbe(*source*=ANY_SOURCE, *tag*=ANY_TAG, *status*=None)

Nonblocking test for a matched message.

Parameters

- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status / None)

Return type

Message | None

Iprobe(*source*=ANY_SOURCE, *tag*=ANY_TAG, *status*=None)

Nonblocking test for a message.

Parameters

- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status / None)

Return type

bool

Irecv(*buf*, *source*=ANY_SOURCE, *tag*=ANY_TAG)

Nonblocking receive.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type*Request***Ireduce**(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op*=*SUM*, *root*=0)

Nonblocking Reduce to Root.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (*BufSpec* / *InPlace*)
- **recvbuf** (*BufSpec* / *None*)
- **op** (*Op*)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type*Request***Ireduce_scatter**(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *recvcounts*=*None*, *op*=*SUM*)

Nonblocking Reduce-Scatter (vector version).

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (*BufSpec* / *InPlace*)
- **recvbuf** (*BufSpec*)
- **recvcounts** (*Sequence[int]* / *None*)
- **op** (*Op*)

Return type*Request***Ireduce_scatter_block**(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op*=*SUM*)

Nonblocking Reduce-Scatter Block (regular, non-vector version).

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (*BufSpecB* / *InPlace*)
- **recvbuf** (*BufSpec* / *BufSpecB*)
- **op** (*Op*)

Return type*Request***Irsend**(*buf*, *dest*, *tag*=0)

Nonblocking send in ready mode.

Parameters

- **buf** (*BufSpec*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type*Request*

Is_inter()

Return whether the communicator is an intercommunicator.

Return type

`bool`

Is_intra()

Return whether the communicator is an intracommunicator.

Return type

`bool`

Is_revoked()

Indicate whether the communicator has been revoked.

Return type

`bool`

Iscatter(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *root*=0)

Nonblocking Scatter.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (`BufSpecB` / `None`)
- **recvbuf** (`BufSpec` / `InPlace`)
- **root** (`int`)

Return type

Request

Iscatterv(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *root*=0)

Nonblocking Scatter Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (`BufSpecV` / `None`)
- **recvbuf** (`BufSpec` / `InPlace`)
- **root** (`int`)

Return type

Request

Isend(*buf*, *dest*, *tag*=0)

Nonblocking send.

Parameters

- **buf** (`BufSpec`)
- **dest** (`int`)
- **tag** (`int`)

Return type

Request

Isendrecv(*sendbuf*, *dest*, *sendtag*=0, *recvbuf*=None, *source*=ANY_SOURCE, *recvtag*=ANY_TAG)

Nonblocking send and receive.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (*BufSpec*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **sendtag** (*int*)
- **recvbuf** (*BufSpec* / *None*)
- **source** (*int*)
- **recvtag** (*int*)

Return type

Request

Isendrecv_replace(*buf, dest, sendtag=0, source=ANY_SOURCE, recvtag=ANY_TAG*)

Send and receive a message.

Note

This function is guaranteed not to deadlock in situations where pairs of blocking sends and receives may deadlock.

Caution

A common mistake when using this function is to mismatch the tags with the source and destination ranks, which can result in deadlock.

Parameters

- **buf** (*BufSpec*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **sendtag** (*int*)
- **source** (*int*)
- **recvtag** (*int*)

Return type

Request

Ishrink()

Nonblocking shrink a communicator to remove all failed processes.

Return type

tuple[*Comm*, *Request*]

Issend(*buf, dest, tag=0*)

Nonblocking send in synchronous mode.

Parameters

- **buf** (*BufSpec*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

[Request](#)

classmethod **Join**(*fd*)

Interconnect two processes connected by a socket.

Parameters

fd (*int*)

Return type

[Intercomm](#)

Mprobe(*source=ANY_SOURCE, tag=ANY_TAG, status=None*)

Blocking test for a matched message.

Parameters

- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** ([Status](#) | *None*)

Return type

[Message](#)

Precv_init(*buf, partitions, source=ANY_SOURCE, tag=ANY_TAG, info=INFO_NULL*)

Create request for a partitioned recv operation.

Parameters

- **buf** ([BufSpec](#))
- **partitions** (*int*)
- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **info** ([Info](#))

Return type

[Prequest](#)

Probe(*source=ANY_SOURCE, tag=ANY_TAG, status=None*)

Blocking test for a message.

Note

This function blocks until the message arrives.

Parameters

- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** ([Status](#) | *None*)

Return type

[Literal](#)[*True*]

Psend_init(*buf*, *partitions*, *dest*, *tag*=0, *info*=INFO_NULL)

Create request for a partitioned send operation.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **partitions** (*int*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **info** (Info)

Return type

Prequest

Recv(*buf*, *source*=ANY_SOURCE, *tag*=ANY_TAG, *status*=None)

Blocking receive.

Note

This function blocks until the message is received.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status | None)

Return type

None

Recv_init(*buf*, *source*=ANY_SOURCE, *tag*=ANY_TAG)

Create a persistent request for a receive.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

Prequest

Reduce(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op*=SUM, *root*=0)

Reduce to Root.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec | InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec | None)
- **op** (Op)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type

None

Reduce_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op*=SUM, *root*=0, *info*=INFO_NULL)

Persistent Reduce to Root.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec / None)
- **op** (Op)
- **root** (int)
- **info** (Info)

Return type

Prequest

Reduce_scatter(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *recvcounts*=None, *op*=SUM)

Reduce-Scatter (vector version).

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec)
- **recvcounts** (Sequence[int] / None)
- **op** (Op)

Return type

None

Reduce_scatter_block(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op*=SUM)

Reduce-Scatter Block (regular, non-vector version).

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecB / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec / BufSpecB)
- **op** (Op)

Return type

None

Reduce_scatter_block_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op*=SUM, *info*=INFO_NULL)

Persistent Reduce-Scatter Block (regular, non-vector version).

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecB / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec / BufSpecB)
- **op** (Op)
- **info** (Info)

Return type

Prequest

Reduce_scatter_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *recvcounts=None*, *op=SUM*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Reduce-Scatter (vector version).

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec)
- **recvcounts** (Sequence[int] / None)
- **op** (Op)
- **info** (Info)

Return type

Prequest

Revoke()

Revoke a communicator.

Return type

None

Rsend(*buf*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Blocking send in ready mode.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **dest** (int)
- **tag** (int)

Return type

None

Rsend_init(*buf*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Persistent request for a send in ready mode.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **dest** (int)
- **tag** (int)

Return type

Request

Scatter(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *root=0*)

Scatter data from one process to all other processes.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecB / None)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec / InPlace)
- **root** (int)

Return type

None

Scatter_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *root*=0, *info*=INFO_NULL)

Persistent Scatter.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecB / None)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec / InPlace)
- **root** (*int*)
- **info** (Info)

Return type

Prequest

Scatterv(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *root*=0)

Scatter Vector.

Scatter data from one process to all other processes providing different amounts of data and displacements.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecV / None)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec / InPlace)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type

None

Scatterv_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *root*=0, *info*=INFO_NULL)

Persistent Scatter Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecV / None)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec / InPlace)
- **root** (*int*)
- **info** (Info)

Return type

Prequest

Send(*buf*, *dest*, *tag*=0)

Blocking send.

Note

This function may block until the message is received. Whether *Send* blocks or not depends on several factors and is implementation dependent.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

None

Send_init(*buf*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Create a persistent request for a standard send.

Parameters

- **buf** (BufSpec)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

Prequest

Sendrecv(*sendbuf*, *dest*, *sendtag=0*, *recvbuf=None*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *recvtag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Send and receive a message.

Note

This function is guaranteed not to deadlock in situations where pairs of blocking sends and receives may deadlock.

Caution

A common mistake when using this function is to mismatch the tags with the source and destination ranks, which can result in deadlock.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **sendtag** (*int*)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec | None)
- **source** (*int*)
- **recvtag** (*int*)
- **status** (Status | None)

Return type

None

Sendrecv_replace(*buf*, *dest*, *sendtag=0*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *recvtag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Send and receive a message.

Note

This function is guaranteed not to deadlock in situations where pairs of blocking sends and receives may deadlock.

Caution

A common mistake when using this function is to mismatch the tags with the source and destination ranks, which can result in deadlock.

Parameters

- **buf** (`BufSpec`)
- **dest** (`int`)
- **sendtag** (`int`)
- **source** (`int`)
- **recvtag** (`int`)
- **status** (`Status` / `None`)

Return type

`None`

Set_attr(*keyval*, *attrval*)

Store attribute value associated with a key.

Parameters

- **keyval** (`int`)
- **attrval** (`Any`)

Return type

`None`

Set_errhandler(*errhandler*)

Set the error handler for a communicator.

Parameters

errhandler (`Errhandler`)

Return type

`None`

Set_info(*info*)

Set new values for the hints associated with a communicator.

Parameters

info (`Info`)

Return type

`None`

Set_name(*name*)

Set the print name for this communicator.

Parameters

name (`str`)

Return type

`None`

Shrink()

Shrink a communicator to remove all failed processes.

Return type

`Comm`

Split(*color=0, key=0*)

Split communicator by color and key.

Parameters

- **color** (*int*)
- **key** (*int*)

Return type

`Comm`

Split_type(*split_type, key=0, info=INFO_NULL*)

Split communicator by split type.

Parameters

- **split_type** (*int*)
- **key** (*int*)
- **info** (`Info`)

Return type

`Comm`

Ssend(*buf, dest, tag=0*)

Blocking send in synchronous mode.

Parameters

- **buf** (`BufSpec`)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

`None`

Ssend_init(*buf, dest, tag=0*)

Persistent request for a send in synchronous mode.

Parameters

- **buf** (`BufSpec`)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

`Request`

allgather(*sendobj*)

Gather to All.

Parameters

sendobj (*Any*)

Return type

`list[Any]`

allreduce(*sendobj*, *op*=*SUM*)

Reduce to All.

Parameters

- **sendobj** (*Any*)
- **op** (*Op* | *Callable*[[*Any*, *Any*], *Any*])

Return type

Any

alltoall(*sendobj*)

All to All Scatter/Gather.

Parameters

sendobj (*Sequence*[*Any*])

Return type

`list[Any]`

barrier()

Barrier synchronization.

Note

This method is equivalent to *Barrier*.

Return type

None

bcast(*obj*, *root*=0)

Broadcast.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type

Any

bsend(*obj*, *dest*, *tag*=0)

Send in buffered mode.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

None

classmethod `f2py(arg)`

Parameters

arg (*int*)

Return type

Comm

free()

Call *Free* if not null or predefined.

Return type

None

classmethod `fromhandle(handle)`

Create object from MPI handle.

Parameters

handle (*int*)

Return type

Comm

gather(*sendobj*, *root*=0)

Gather.

Parameters

- **sendobj** (*Any*)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type

list[Any] | *None*

isend(*obj*, *dest*, *tag*=0)

Nonblocking send in buffered mode.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

Request

improbe(*source*=*ANY_SOURCE*, *tag*=*ANY_TAG*, *status*=*None*)

Nonblocking test for a matched message.

Parameters

- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

Message | *None*

iprobe(*source=ANY_SOURCE, tag=ANY_TAG, status=None*)

Nonblocking test for a message.

Parameters

- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

bool

irecv(*buf=None, source=ANY_SOURCE, tag=ANY_TAG*)

Nonblocking receive.

Parameters

- **buf** (*Buffer* | *None*)
- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

Request

isend(*obj, dest, tag=0*)

Nonblocking send.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

Request

issend(*obj, dest, tag=0*)

Nonblocking send in synchronous mode.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

Request

mprobe(*source=ANY_SOURCE, tag=ANY_TAG, status=None*)

Blocking test for a matched message.

Parameters

- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

Message

probe(*source=ANY_SOURCE, tag=ANY_TAG, status=None*)

Blocking test for a message.

Parameters

- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

Literal[*True*]

py2f()

Return type

int

recv(*buf=None, source=ANY_SOURCE, tag=ANY_TAG, status=None*)

Receive.

Parameters

- **buf** (*Buffer* | *None*)
- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

Any

reduce(*sendobj, op=SUM, root=0*)

Reduce to Root.

Parameters

- **sendobj** (*Any*)
- **op** (*Op* | *Callable*[[*Any*, *Any*], *Any*])
- **root** (*int*)

Return type

Any | *None*

scatter(*sendobj, root=0*)

Scatter.

Parameters

- **sendobj** (*Sequence*[*Any*] | *None*)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type

Any

send(*obj*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Send in standard mode.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

None

sendrecv(*sendobj*, *dest*, *sendtag=0*, *recvbuf=None*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *recvtag=ANY_TAG*,
status=None)

Send and Receive.

Parameters

- **sendobj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **sendtag** (*int*)
- **recvbuf** (*Buffer* | *None*)
- **source** (*int*)
- **recvtag** (*int*)
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

Any

ssend(*obj*, *dest*, *tag=0*)

Send in synchronous mode.

Parameters

- **obj** (*Any*)
- **dest** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

None

Attributes Documentation

group

Group.

handle

MPI handle.

info

Info hints.

is_inter

Is intercommunicator.

is_intra

Is intracommunicator.

is_topo

Is a topology.

name

Print name.

rank

Rank of this process.

size

Number of processes.

topology

Topology type.

mpi4py.MPI.Datatype

class mpi4py.MPI.Datatype

Bases: `object`

Datatype object.

static `__new__(cls, datatype=None)`

Parameters

datatype (`Datatype` / `None`)

Return type

Self

Methods Summary

| | |
|--|---|
| <code>Commit()</code> | Commit the datatype. |
| <code>Create_contiguous(count)</code> | Create a contiguous datatype. |
| <code>Create_darray(size, rank, gsizes, distribs, ...)</code> | Create a datatype for a distributed array on Cartesian process grids. |
| <code>Create_f90_complex(p, r)</code> | Return a bounded complex datatype. |
| <code>Create_f90_integer(r)</code> | Return a bounded integer datatype. |
| <code>Create_f90_real(p, r)</code> | Return a bounded real datatype. |
| <code>Create_hindexed(blocklengths, displacements)</code> | Create an indexed datatype. |
| <code>Create_hindexed_block(blocklength, displacements)</code> | Create an indexed datatype with constant-sized blocks. |
| <code>Create_hvector(count, blocklength, stride)</code> | Create a vector (strided) datatype with stride in bytes. |
| <code>Create_indexed(blocklengths, displacements)</code> | Create an indexed datatype. |
| <code>Create_indexed_block(blocklength, displacements)</code> | Create an indexed datatype with constant-sized blocks. |
| <code>Create_keyval([copy_fn, delete_fn, nopython])</code> | Create a new attribute key for datatypes. |

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Table 3 – continued from previous page

| | |
|---|---|
| <i>Create_resized</i> (lb, extent) | Create a datatype with a new lower bound and extent. |
| <i>Create_struct</i> (blocklengths, displacements, ...) | Create a general composite (struct) datatype. |
| <i>Create_subarray</i> (sizes, subsizes, starts[, order]) | Create a datatype for a subarray of a multidimensional array. |
| <i>Create_vector</i> (count, blocklength, stride) | Create a vector (strided) datatype. |
| <i>Delete_attr</i> (keyval) | Delete attribute value associated with a key. |
| <i>Dup</i> () | Duplicate a datatype. |
| <i>Free</i> () | Free the datatype. |
| <i>Free_keyval</i> (keyval) | Free an attribute key for datatypes. |
| <i>Get_attr</i> (keyval) | Retrieve attribute value by key. |
| <i>Get_contents</i> () | Return the input arguments used to create a datatype. |
| <i>Get_envelope</i> () | Return the number of input arguments used to create a datatype. |
| <i>Get_extent</i> () | Return lower bound and extent of datatype. |
| <i>Get_name</i> () | Get the print name for this datatype. |
| <i>Get_size</i> () | Return the number of bytes occupied by entries in the datatype. |
| <i>Get_true_extent</i> () | Return the true lower bound and extent of a datatype. |
| <i>Get_value_index</i> (value, index) | Return a predefined pair datatype. |
| <i>Match_size</i> (typeclass, size) | Find a datatype matching a specified size in bytes. |
| <i>Pack</i> (inbuf, outbuf, position, comm) | Pack into contiguous memory according to datatype. |
| <i>Pack_external</i> (datarep, inbuf, outbuf, position) | Pack into contiguous memory according to datatype. |
| <i>Pack_external_size</i> (datarep, count) | Determine the amount of space needed to pack a message. |
| <i>Pack_size</i> (count, comm) | Determine the amount of space needed to pack a message. |
| <i>Set_attr</i> (keyval, attrval) | Store attribute value associated with a key. |
| <i>Set_name</i> (name) | Set the print name for this datatype. |
| <i>Unpack</i> (inbuf, position, outbuf, comm) | Unpack from contiguous memory according to datatype. |
| <i>Unpack_external</i> (datarep, inbuf, position, outbuf) | Unpack from contiguous memory according to datatype. |
| <i>decode</i> () | Convenience method for decoding a datatype. |
| <i>f2py</i> (arg) | |
| <i>free</i> () | Call <i>Free</i> if not null or predefined. |
| <i>fromcode</i> (code) | Get predefined MPI datatype from character code or type string. |
| <i>fromhandle</i> (handle) | Create object from MPI handle. |
| <i>py2f</i> () | |
| <i>toencode</i> () | Get character code or type string from predefined MPI datatype. |

Attributes Summary

| | |
|----------------------|---------------------------|
| <i>combiner</i> | Combiner. |
| <i>contents</i> | Contents. |
| <i>envelope</i> | Envelope. |
| <i>extent</i> | Extent. |
| <i>handle</i> | MPI handle. |
| <i>is_named</i> | Is a named datatype. |
| <i>is_predefined</i> | Is a predefined datatype. |
| <i>lb</i> | Lower bound. |
| <i>name</i> | Print name. |
| <i>size</i> | Size (in bytes). |
| <i>true_extent</i> | True extent. |
| <i>true_lb</i> | True lower bound. |
| <i>true_ub</i> | True upper bound. |
| <i>typechar</i> | Character code. |
| <i>typestr</i> | Type string. |
| <i>ub</i> | Upper bound. |

Methods Documentation

Commit()

Commit the datatype.

Return type

Self

Create_contiguous(count)

Create a contiguous datatype.

Parameters

count (*int*)

Return type

Self

Create_darray(size, rank, gsizes, distribs, dargs, psizes, order=ORDER_C)

Create a datatype for a distributed array on Cartesian process grids.

Parameters

- **size** (*int*)
- **rank** (*int*)
- **gsizes** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **distribs** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **dargs** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **psizes** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **order** (*int*)

Return type

Self

classmethod `Create_f90_complex(p, r)`

Return a bounded complex datatype.

Parameters

- `p` (*int*)
- `r` (*int*)

Return type

Self

classmethod `Create_f90_integer(r)`

Return a bounded integer datatype.

Parameters

`r` (*int*)

Return type

Self

classmethod `Create_f90_real(p, r)`

Return a bounded real datatype.

Parameters

- `p` (*int*)
- `r` (*int*)

Return type

Self

Create_hindexed(blocklengths, displacements)

Create an indexed datatype.

Note

Displacements are measured in bytes.

Parameters

- `blocklengths` (*Sequence[int]*)
- `displacements` (*Sequence[int]*)

Return type

Self

Create_hindexed_block(blocklength, displacements)

Create an indexed datatype with constant-sized blocks.

Note

Displacements are measured in bytes.

Parameters

- `blocklength` (*int*)

- **displacements** (*Sequence[int]*)

Return type

Self

Create_hvector(*count, blocklength, stride*)

Create a vector (strided) datatype with stride in bytes.

Parameters

- **count** (*int*)
- **blocklength** (*int*)
- **stride** (*int*)

Return type

Self

Create_indexed(*blocklengths, displacements*)

Create an indexed datatype.

Parameters

- **blocklengths** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **displacements** (*Sequence[int]*)

Return type

Self

Create_indexed_block(*blocklength, displacements*)

Create an indexed datatype with constant-sized blocks.

Parameters

- **blocklength** (*int*)
- **displacements** (*Sequence[int]*)

Return type

Self

classmethod Create_keyval(*copy_fn=None, delete_fn=None, nopython=False*)

Create a new attribute key for datatypes.

Parameters

- **copy_fn** (*Callable[[Datatype, int, Any], Any] | None*)
- **delete_fn** (*Callable[[Datatype, int, Any], None] | None*)
- **nopython** (*bool*)

Return type

int

Create_resized(*lb, extent*)

Create a datatype with a new lower bound and extent.

Parameters

- **lb** (*int*)
- **extent** (*int*)

Return type*Self***classmethod** **Create_struct**(*blocklengths, displacements, datatypes*)

Create a general composite (struct) datatype.

Note

Displacements are measured in bytes.

Parameters

- **blocklengths** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **displacements** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **datatypes** (*Sequence[Datatype]*)

Return type*Self***Create_subarray**(*sizes, subsizes, starts, order=ORDER_C*)

Create a datatype for a subarray of a multidimensional array.

Parameters

- **sizes** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **subsizes** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **starts** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **order** (*int*)

Return type*Self***Create_vector**(*count, blocklength, stride*)

Create a vector (strided) datatype.

Parameters

- **count** (*int*)
- **blocklength** (*int*)
- **stride** (*int*)

Return type*Self***Delete_attr**(*keyval*)

Delete attribute value associated with a key.

Parameters**keyval** (*int*)**Return type***None*

Dup()
Duplicate a datatype.

Return type
Self

Free()
Free the datatype.

Return type
None

classmethod Free_keyval(keyval)
Free an attribute key for datatypes.

Parameters
keyval (*int*)

Return type
int

Get_attr(keyval)
Retrieve attribute value by key.

Parameters
keyval (*int*)

Return type
int | Any | None

Get_contents()
Return the input arguments used to create a datatype.

Return type
tuple[list[int], list[int], list[int], list[Datatype]]

Get_envelope()
Return the number of input arguments used to create a datatype.

Return type
tuple[int, int, int, int, int]

Get_extent()
Return lower bound and extent of datatype.

Return type
tuple[int, int]

Get_name()
Get the print name for this datatype.

Return type
str

Get_size()
Return the number of bytes occupied by entries in the datatype.

Return type
int

Get_true_extent()

Return the true lower bound and extent of a datatype.

Return type

`tuple[int, int]`

classmethod Get_value_index(value, index)

Return a predefined pair datatype.

Parameters

- **value** (`Datatype`)
- **index** (`Datatype`)

Return type

Self

classmethod Match_size(typeclass, size)

Find a datatype matching a specified size in bytes.

Parameters

- **typeclass** (`int`)
- **size** (`int`)

Return type

Self

Pack(inbuf, outbuf, position, comm)

Pack into contiguous memory according to datatype.

Parameters

- **inbuf** (`BufSpec`)
- **outbuf** (`BufSpec`)
- **position** (`int`)
- **comm** (`Comm`)

Return type

`int`

Pack_external(datarep, inbuf, outbuf, position)

Pack into contiguous memory according to datatype.

Uses the portable data representation **external32**.

Parameters

- **datarep** (`str`)
- **inbuf** (`BufSpec`)
- **outbuf** (`BufSpec`)
- **position** (`int`)

Return type

`int`

Pack_external_size(*datarep*, *count*)

Determine the amount of space needed to pack a message.

Uses the portable data representation **external32**.

Note

Returns an upper bound measured in bytes.

Parameters

- **datarep** (*str*)
- **count** (*int*)

Return type

int

Pack_size(*count*, *comm*)

Determine the amount of space needed to pack a message.

Note

Returns an upper bound measured in bytes.

Parameters

- **count** (*int*)
- **comm** (*Comm*)

Return type

int

Set_attr(*keyval*, *attrval*)

Store attribute value associated with a key.

Parameters

- **keyval** (*int*)
- **attrval** (*Any*)

Return type

None

Set_name(*name*)

Set the print name for this datatype.

Parameters

name (*str*)

Return type

None

Unpack(*inbuf*, *position*, *outbuf*, *comm*)

Unpack from contiguous memory according to datatype.

Parameters

- **inbuf** (*BufSpec*)
- **position** (*int*)
- **outbuf** (*BufSpec*)
- **comm** (*Comm*)

Return type

int

Unpack_external(*datarep, inbuf, position, outbuf*)

Unpack from contiguous memory according to datatype.

Uses the portable data representation **external32**.

Parameters

- **datarep** (*str*)
- **inbuf** (*BufSpec*)
- **position** (*int*)
- **outbuf** (*BufSpec*)

Return type

int

decode()

Convenience method for decoding a datatype.

Return type

tuple[*Datatype*, *str*, *dict*[*str*, *Any*]]

classmethod f2py(*arg*)

Parameters

arg (*int*)

Return type

Datatype

free()

Call *Free* if not null or predefined.

Return type

None

classmethod fromcode(*code*)

Get predefined MPI datatype from character code or type string.

Parameters

code (*str*)

Return type

Datatype

classmethod fromhandle(*handle*)

Create object from MPI handle.

Parameters

handle (*int*)

Return type
Datatype

py2f()

Return type
int

to code()

Get character code or type string from predefined MPI datatype.

Return type
str

Attributes Documentation

combiner

Combiner.

contents

Contents.

envelope

Envelope.

extent

Extent.

handle

MPI handle.

is_named

Is a named datatype.

is_predefined

Is a predefined datatype.

lb

Lower bound.

name

Print name.

size

Size (in bytes).

true_extent

True extent.

true_lb

True lower bound.

true_ub

True upper bound.

typechar

Character code.

typestr

Type string.

ub

Upper bound.

mpi4py.MPI.Distgraphcomm

class mpi4py.MPI.Distgraphcomm

Bases: *Topocomm*

Distributed graph topology intracommunicator.

static **__new__**(cls, comm=None)

Parameters

comm (*Distgraphcomm* / *None*)

Return type

Self

Methods Summary

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| <i>Get_dist_neighbors()</i> | Return adjacency information for a distributed graph topology. |
| <i>Get_dist_neighbors_count()</i> | Return adjacency information for a distributed graph topology. |

Methods Documentation

Get_dist_neighbors()

Return adjacency information for a distributed graph topology.

Return type

tuple[*list*[*int*], *list*[*int*], *tuple*[*list*[*int*], *list*[*int*]] / *None*]

Get_dist_neighbors_count()

Return adjacency information for a distributed graph topology.

Return type

int

mpi4py.MPI.Errhandler

class mpi4py.MPI.Errhandler

Bases: *object*

Error handler.

static **__new__**(cls, errhandler=None)

Parameters

errhandler (*Errhandler* / *None*)

Return type
Self

Methods Summary

| | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <i>Free()</i> | Free an error handler. |
| <i>f2py</i> (arg) | |
| <i>free()</i> | Call <i>Free</i> if not null. |
| <i>fromhandle</i> (handle) | Create object from MPI handle. |
| <i>py2f</i> () | |

Attributes Summary

| | |
|---------------|-------------|
| <i>handle</i> | MPI handle. |
|---------------|-------------|

Methods Documentation

Free()

Free an error handler.

Return type
None

classmethod *f2py*(arg)

Parameters
arg (*int*)

Return type
Errhandler

free()

Call *Free* if not null.

Return type
None

classmethod *fromhandle*(handle)

Create object from MPI handle.

Parameters
handle (*int*)

Return type
Errhandler

py2f()

Return type
int

Attributes Documentation

handle

MPI handle.

mpi4py.MPI.File

class mpi4py.MPI.File

Bases: `object`

File I/O context.

static `__new__(cls, file=None)`

Parameters

file (`File` | `None`)

Return type

Self

Methods Summary

| | |
|---|---|
| <code>Call_errhandler</code> (errorcode) | Call the error handler installed on a file. |
| <code>Close</code> () | Close a file. |
| <code>Create_errhandler</code> (errhandler_fn) | Create a new error handler for files. |
| <code>Delete</code> (filename[, info]) | Delete a file. |
| <code>Get_amode</code> () | Return the file access mode. |
| <code>Get_atomicsity</code> () | Return the atomicity mode. |
| <code>Get_byte_offset</code> (offset) | Return the absolute byte position in the file. |
| <code>Get_errhandler</code> () | Get the error handler for a file. |
| <code>Get_group</code> () | Access the group of processes that opened the file. |
| <code>Get_info</code> () | Return the current hints for a file. |
| <code>Get_position</code> () | Return the current position of the individual file pointer. |
| <code>Get_position_shared</code> () | Return the current position of the shared file pointer. |
| <code>Get_size</code> () | Return the file size. |
| <code>Get_type_extent</code> (datatype) | Return the extent of datatype in the file. |
| <code>Get_view</code> () | Return the file view. |
| <code>Iread</code> (buf) | Nonblocking read using individual file pointer. |
| <code>Iread_all</code> (buf) | Nonblocking collective read using individual file pointer. |
| <code>Iread_at</code> (offset, buf) | Nonblocking read using explicit offset. |
| <code>Iread_at_all</code> (offset, buf) | Nonblocking collective read using explicit offset. |
| <code>Iread_shared</code> (buf) | Nonblocking read using shared file pointer. |
| <code>Iwrite</code> (buf) | Nonblocking write using individual file pointer. |
| <code>Iwrite_all</code> (buf) | Nonblocking collective write using individual file pointer. |
| <code>Iwrite_at</code> (offset, buf) | Nonblocking write using explicit offset. |
| <code>Iwrite_at_all</code> (offset, buf) | Nonblocking collective write using explicit offset. |
| <code>Iwrite_shared</code> (buf) | Nonblocking write using shared file pointer. |
| <code>Open</code> (comm, filename[, amode, info]) | Open a file. |
| <code>Preallocate</code> (size) | Preallocate storage space for a file. |

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Table 4 – continued from previous page

| | |
|--|---|
| <i>Read</i> (buf[, status]) | Read using individual file pointer. |
| <i>Read_all</i> (buf[, status]) | Collective read using individual file pointer. |
| <i>Read_all_begin</i> (buf) | Start a split collective read using individual file pointer. |
| <i>Read_all_end</i> (buf[, status]) | Complete a split collective read using individual file pointer. |
| <i>Read_at</i> (offset, buf[, status]) | Read using explicit offset. |
| <i>Read_at_all</i> (offset, buf[, status]) | Collective read using explicit offset. |
| <i>Read_at_all_begin</i> (offset, buf) | Start a split collective read using explicit offset. |
| <i>Read_at_all_end</i> (buf[, status]) | Complete a split collective read using explicit offset. |
| <i>Read_ordered</i> (buf[, status]) | Collective read using shared file pointer. |
| <i>Read_ordered_begin</i> (buf) | Start a split collective read using shared file pointer. |
| <i>Read_ordered_end</i> (buf[, status]) | Complete a split collective read using shared file pointer. |
| <i>Read_shared</i> (buf[, status]) | Read using shared file pointer. |
| <i>Seek</i> (offset[, whence]) | Update the individual file pointer. |
| <i>Seek_shared</i> (offset[, whence]) | Update the shared file pointer. |
| <i>Set_atomics</i> (flag) | Set the atomicity mode. |
| <i>Set_errhandler</i> (errhandler) | Set the error handler for a file. |
| <i>Set_info</i> (info) | Set new values for the hints associated with a file. |
| <i>Set_size</i> (size) | Set the file size. |
| <i>Set_view</i> ([disp, etype, filetype, datarep, info]) | Set the file view. |
| <i>Sync</i> () | Causes all previous writes to be transferred to the storage device. |
| <i>Write</i> (buf[, status]) | Write using individual file pointer. |
| <i>Write_all</i> (buf[, status]) | Collective write using individual file pointer. |
| <i>Write_all_begin</i> (buf) | Start a split collective write using individual file pointer. |
| <i>Write_all_end</i> (buf[, status]) | Complete a split collective write using individual file pointer. |
| <i>Write_at</i> (offset, buf[, status]) | Write using explicit offset. |
| <i>Write_at_all</i> (offset, buf[, status]) | Collective write using explicit offset. |
| <i>Write_at_all_begin</i> (offset, buf) | Start a split collective write using explicit offset. |
| <i>Write_at_all_end</i> (buf[, status]) | Complete a split collective write using explicit offset. |
| <i>Write_ordered</i> (buf[, status]) | Collective write using shared file pointer. |
| <i>Write_ordered_begin</i> (buf) | Start a split collective write using shared file pointer. |
| <i>Write_ordered_end</i> (buf[, status]) | Complete a split collective write using shared file pointer. |
| <i>Write_shared</i> (buf[, status]) | Write using shared file pointer. |
| <i>f2py</i> (arg) | |
| <i>free</i> () | Call <i>Close</i> if not null. |
| <i>fromhandle</i> (handle) | Create object from MPI handle. |
| <i>py2f</i> () | |

Attributes Summary

| | |
|-------------------------|------------------|
| <code>amode</code> | Access mode. |
| <code>atomicity</code> | Atomicity mode. |
| <code>group</code> | Group. |
| <code>group_rank</code> | Group rank. |
| <code>group_size</code> | Group size. |
| <code>handle</code> | MPI handle. |
| <code>info</code> | Info hints. |
| <code>size</code> | Size (in bytes). |

Methods Documentation

Call_errhandler(*errorcode*)

Call the error handler installed on a file.

Parameters

errorcode (*int*)

Return type

None

Close()

Close a file.

Return type

None

classmethod Create_errhandler(*errhandler_fn*)

Create a new error handler for files.

Parameters

errhandler_fn (*Callable*[[*File*, *int*], *None*])

Return type

Errhandler

classmethod Delete(*filename*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Delete a file.

Parameters

- **filename** (*PathLike* | *str* | *bytes*)
- **info** (*Info*)

Return type

None

Get_amode()

Return the file access mode.

Return type

int

Get_atomicity()

Return the atomicity mode.

Return type

`bool`

Get_byte_offset(*offset*)

Return the absolute byte position in the file.

Note

Input *offset* is measured in etype units relative to the current file view.

Parameters

offset (*int*)

Return type

`int`

Get_errhandler()

Get the error handler for a file.

Return type

`Errhandler`

Get_group()

Access the group of processes that opened the file.

Return type

`Group`

Get_info()

Return the current hints for a file.

Return type

`Info`

Get_position()

Return the current position of the individual file pointer.

Note

Position is measured in etype units relative to the current file view.

Return type

`int`

Get_position_shared()

Return the current position of the shared file pointer.

Note

Position is measured in etype units relative to the current view.

Return type

`int`

Get_size()

Return the file size.

Return type

`int`

Get_type_extent(*datatype*)

Return the extent of datatype in the file.

Parameters

datatype (`Datatype`)

Return type

`int`

Get_view()

Return the file view.

Return type

`tuple[int, Datatype, Datatype, str]`

Iread(*buf*)

Nonblocking read using individual file pointer.

Parameters

buf (`BufSpec`)

Return type

`Request`

Iread_all(*buf*)

Nonblocking collective read using individual file pointer.

Parameters

buf (`BufSpec`)

Return type

`Request`

Iread_at(*offset*, *buf*)

Nonblocking read using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **offset** (`int`)
- **buf** (`BufSpec`)

Return type

`Request`

Iread_at_all(*offset*, *buf*)

Nonblocking collective read using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **offset** (`int`)
- **buf** (`BufSpec`)

Return type

`Request`

Iread_shared(*buf*)

Nonblocking read using shared file pointer.

Parameters

buf (BufSpec)

Return type

Request

Iwrite(*buf*)

Nonblocking write using individual file pointer.

Parameters

buf (BufSpec)

Return type

Request

Iwrite_all(*buf*)

Nonblocking collective write using individual file pointer.

Parameters

buf (BufSpec)

Return type

Request

Iwrite_at(*offset*, *buf*)

Nonblocking write using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **offset** (*int*)
- **buf** (BufSpec)

Return type

Request

Iwrite_at_all(*offset*, *buf*)

Nonblocking collective write using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **offset** (*int*)
- **buf** (BufSpec)

Return type

Request

Iwrite_shared(*buf*)

Nonblocking write using shared file pointer.

Parameters

buf (BufSpec)

Return type

Request

classmethod `Open(comm, filename, amode=MODE_RDONLY, info=INFO_NULL)`

Open a file.

Parameters

- **comm** (`Intracomm`)
- **filename** (`PathLike` | `str` | `bytes`)
- **amode** (`int`)
- **info** (`Info`)

Return type

`Self`

Preallocate(`size`)

Preallocate storage space for a file.

Parameters

size (`int`)

Return type

`None`

Read(`buf`, `status=None`)

Read using individual file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (`BufSpec`)
- **status** (`Status` | `None`)

Return type

`None`

Read_all(`buf`, `status=None`)

Collective read using individual file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (`BufSpec`)
- **status** (`Status` | `None`)

Return type

`None`

Read_all_begin(`buf`)

Start a split collective read using individual file pointer.

Parameters

buf (`BufSpec`)

Return type

`None`

Read_all_end(`buf`, `status=None`)

Complete a split collective read using individual file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (`BufSpec`)
- **status** (`Status` | `None`)

Return type

`None`

Read_at(*offset*, *buf*, *status=None*)

Read using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **offset** (*int*)
- **buf** (*BufSpec*)
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

None

Read_at_all(*offset*, *buf*, *status=None*)

Collective read using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **offset** (*int*)
- **buf** (*BufSpec*)
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

None

Read_at_all_begin(*offset*, *buf*)

Start a split collective read using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **offset** (*int*)
- **buf** (*BufSpec*)

Return type

None

Read_at_all_end(*buf*, *status=None*)

Complete a split collective read using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **buf** (*BufSpec*)
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

None

Read_ordered(*buf*, *status=None*)

Collective read using shared file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (*BufSpec*)
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

None

Read_ordered_begin(buf)

Start a split collective read using shared file pointer.

Parameters

buf (*BufSpec*)

Return type

None

Read_ordered_end(buf, status=None)

Complete a split collective read using shared file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (*BufSpec*)
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

None

Read_shared(buf, status=None)

Read using shared file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (*BufSpec*)
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

None

Seek(offset, whence=SEEK_SET)

Update the individual file pointer.

Parameters

- **offset** (*int*)
- **whence** (*int*)

Return type

None

Seek_shared(offset, whence=SEEK_SET)

Update the shared file pointer.

Parameters

- **offset** (*int*)
- **whence** (*int*)

Return type

None

Set_atomicity(flag)

Set the atomicity mode.

Parameters

flag (*bool*)

Return type

None

Set_errhandler(*errhandler*)

Set the error handler for a file.

Parameters

errhandler (*Errhandler*)

Return type

None

Set_info(*info*)

Set new values for the hints associated with a file.

Parameters

info (*Info*)

Return type

None

Set_size(*size*)

Set the file size.

Parameters

size (*int*)

Return type

None

Set_view(*disp=0*, *etype=BYTE*, *filetype=None*, *datarep='native'*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Set the file view.

Parameters

- **disp** (*int*)
- **etype** (*Datatype*)
- **filetype** (*Datatype* / *None*)
- **datarep** (*str*)
- **info** (*Info*)

Return type

None

Sync()

Causes all previous writes to be transferred to the storage device.

Return type

None

Write(*buf*, *status=None*)

Write using individual file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (*BufSpec*)
- **status** (*Status* / *None*)

Return type

None

Write_all(*buf*, *status=None*)

Collective write using individual file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (*BufSpec*)
- **status** (*Status* / *None*)

Return type

None

Write_all_begin(*buf*)

Start a split collective write using individual file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (*BufSpec*)

Return type

None

Write_all_end(*buf*, *status=None*)

Complete a split collective write using individual file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (*BufSpec*)
- **status** (*Status* / *None*)

Return type

None

Write_at(*offset*, *buf*, *status=None*)

Write using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **offset** (*int*)
- **buf** (*BufSpec*)
- **status** (*Status* / *None*)

Return type

None

Write_at_all(*offset*, *buf*, *status=None*)

Collective write using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **offset** (*int*)
- **buf** (*BufSpec*)
- **status** (*Status* / *None*)

Return type

None

Write_at_all_begin(*offset*, *buf*)

Start a split collective write using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **offset** (*int*)
- **buf** (*BufSpec*)

Return type

None

Write_at_all_end(*buf, status=None*)

Complete a split collective write using explicit offset.

Parameters

- **buf** (*BufSpec*)
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

None

Write_ordered(*buf, status=None*)

Collective write using shared file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (*BufSpec*)
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

None

Write_ordered_begin(*buf*)

Start a split collective write using shared file pointer.

Parameters

buf (*BufSpec*)

Return type

None

Write_ordered_end(*buf, status=None*)

Complete a split collective write using shared file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (*BufSpec*)
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

None

Write_shared(*buf, status=None*)

Write using shared file pointer.

Parameters

- **buf** (*BufSpec*)
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

None

classmethod `f2py(arg)`

Parameters

arg (*int*)

Return type

File

free()

Call *Close* if not null.

Return type

None

classmethod `fromhandle(handle)`

Create object from MPI handle.

Parameters

handle (*int*)

Return type

File

py2f()

Return type

int

Attributes Documentation

amode

Access mode.

atomicity

Atomicity mode.

group

Group.

group_rank

Group rank.

group_size

Group size.

handle

MPI handle.

info

Info hints.

size

Size (in bytes).

mpi4py.MPI.Graphcomm

class mpi4py.MPI.Graphcomm

Bases: *Topocomm*

General graph topology intracommunicator.

static `__new__`(cls, comm=None)

Parameters

comm (*Graphcomm* / *None*)

Return type

Self

Methods Summary

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| <i>Get_dims</i> () | Return the number of nodes and edges. |
| <i>Get_neighbors</i> (rank) | Return list of neighbors of a process. |
| <i>Get_neighbors_count</i> (rank) | Return number of neighbors of a process. |
| <i>Get_topo</i> () | Return index and edges. |

Attributes Summary

| | |
|-------------------|----------------------------|
| <i>dims</i> | Number of nodes and edges. |
| <i>edges</i> | Edges. |
| <i>index</i> | Index. |
| <i>nedges</i> | Number of edges. |
| <i>neighbors</i> | Neighbors. |
| <i>nneighbors</i> | Number of neighbors. |
| <i>nnodes</i> | Number of nodes. |
| <i>topo</i> | Topology information. |

Methods Documentation

Get_dims()

Return the number of nodes and edges.

Return type

tuple[int, int]

Get_neighbors(rank)

Return list of neighbors of a process.

Parameters

rank (*int*)

Return type

list[int]

Get_neighbors_count(*rank*)

Return number of neighbors of a process.

Parameters

rank (*int*)

Return type

int

Get_topo()

Return index and edges.

Return type

tuple[*list*[*int*], *list*[*int*]]

Attributes Documentation

dims

Number of nodes and edges.

edges

Edges.

index

Index.

nedges

Number of edges.

neighbors

Neighbors.

nneighbors

Number of neighbors.

nnodes

Number of nodes.

topo

Topology information.

mpi4py.MPI.Grequest

class `mpi4py.MPI.Grequest`

Bases: *Request*

Generalized request handler.

static `__new__(cls, request=None)`

Parameters

request (*Grequest* / *None*)

Return type

Self

Methods Summary

| | |
|---|---|
| <code>Complete()</code> | Notify that a user-defined request is complete. |
| <code>Start([query_fn, free_fn, cancel_fn, args, ...])</code> | Create and return a user-defined request. |
| <code>complete([obj])</code> | Notify that a user-defined request is complete. |

Methods Documentation

`Complete()`

Notify that a user-defined request is complete.

Return type

`None`

`classmethod Start(query_fn=None, free_fn=None, cancel_fn=None, args=None, kwargs=None)`

Create and return a user-defined request.

Parameters

- `query_fn` (`Callable[[...], None] | None`)
- `free_fn` (`Callable[[...], None] | None`)
- `cancel_fn` (`Callable[[...], None] | None`)
- `args` (`tuple[Any] | None`)
- `kwargs` (`dict[str, Any] | None`)

Return type

`Grequest`

`complete(obj=None)`

Notify that a user-defined request is complete.

Parameters

`obj` (`Any`)

Return type

`None`

`mpi4py.MPI.Group`

`class mpi4py.MPI.Group`

Bases: `object`

Group of processes.

`static __new__(cls, group=None)`

Parameters

`group` (`Group | None`)

Return type

`Self`

Methods Summary

| | |
|--|--|
| <i>Compare</i> (group) | Compare two groups. |
| <i>Create_from_session_pset</i> (session, pset_name) | Create a new group from session and process set. |
| <i>Difference</i> (group1, group2) | Create a new group from the difference of two existing groups. |
| <i>Dup</i> () | Duplicate a group. |
| <i>Excl</i> (ranks) | Create a new group by excluding listed members. |
| <i>Free</i> () | Free a group. |
| <i>Get_rank</i> () | Return the rank of this process in a group. |
| <i>Get_size</i> () | Return the number of processes in a group. |
| <i>Incl</i> (ranks) | Create a new group by including listed members. |
| <i>Intersection</i> (group1, group2) | Create a new group from the intersection of two existing groups. |
| <i>Range_excl</i> (ranks) | Create a new group by excluding ranges of members. |
| <i>Range_incl</i> (ranks) | Create a new group by including ranges of members. |
| <i>Translate_ranks</i> ([ranks, group]) | Translate ranks in a group to those in another group. |
| <i>Union</i> (group1, group2) | Create a new group from the union of two existing groups. |
| <i>f2py</i> (arg) | |
| <i>free</i> () | Call <i>Free</i> if not null or predefined. |
| <i>fromhandle</i> (handle) | Create object from MPI handle. |
| <i>py2f</i> () | |

Attributes Summary

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| <i>handle</i> | MPI handle. |
| <i>rank</i> | Rank of this process. |
| <i>size</i> | Number of processes. |

Methods Documentation

Compare(group)

Compare two groups.

Parameters

group (*Group*)

Return type

int

classmethod Create_from_session_pset(session, pset_name)

Create a new group from session and process set.

Parameters

- **session** (*Session*)
- **pset_name** (*str*)

Return type*Self***classmethod Difference**(*group1*, *group2*)

Create a new group from the difference of two existing groups.

Parameters

- **group1** (*Group*)
- **group2** (*Group*)

Return type*Self***Dup()**

Duplicate a group.

Return type*Self***Excl**(*ranks*)

Create a new group by excluding listed members.

Parameters**ranks** (*Sequence*[*int*])**Return type***Self***Free()**

Free a group.

Return type*None***Get_rank()**

Return the rank of this process in a group.

Return type*int***Get_size()**

Return the number of processes in a group.

Return type*int***Incl**(*ranks*)

Create a new group by including listed members.

Parameters**ranks** (*Sequence*[*int*])**Return type***Self***classmethod Intersection**(*group1*, *group2*)

Create a new group from the intersection of two existing groups.

Parameters

- **group1** (*Group*)

- **group2** ([Group](#))

Return type

Self

Range_excl(*ranks*)

Create a new group by excluding ranges of members.

Parameters

ranks ([Sequence](#)[[tuple](#)[*int*, *int*, *int*]])

Return type

Self

Range_incl(*ranks*)

Create a new group by including ranges of members.

Parameters

ranks ([Sequence](#)[[tuple](#)[*int*, *int*, *int*]])

Return type

Self

Translate_ranks(*ranks=None*, *group=None*)

Translate ranks in a group to those in another group.

Parameters

- **ranks** ([Sequence](#)[*int*] | *None*)

- **group** ([Group](#) | *None*)

Return type

[list](#)[*int*]

classmethod Union(*group1*, *group2*)

Create a new group from the union of two existing groups.

Parameters

- **group1** ([Group](#))

- **group2** ([Group](#))

Return type

Self

classmethod f2py(*arg*)

Parameters

arg (*int*)

Return type

[Group](#)

free()

Call [Free](#) if not null or predefined.

Return type

None

classmethod **fromhandle**(*handle*)

Create object from MPI handle.

Parameters

handle (*int*)

Return type

Group

py2f()

Return type

int

Attributes Documentation

handle

MPI handle.

rank

Rank of this process.

size

Number of processes.

mpi4py.MPI.InPlaceType

class `mpi4py.MPI.InPlaceType`

Bases: *int*

Type of *IN_PLACE*.

static `__new__(cls)`

Return type

Self

mpi4py.MPI.Info

class `mpi4py.MPI.Info`

Bases: *object*

Info object.

static `__new__(cls, info=None)`

Parameters

info (*Info* | *None*)

Return type

Self

Methods Summary

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| <i>Create</i> ([items]) | Create a new info object. |
| <i>Create_env</i> ([args]) | Create a new environment info object. |
| <i>Delete</i> (key) | Remove a (key, value) pair from info. |
| <i>Dup</i> () | Duplicate an existing info object. |
| <i>Free</i> () | Free an info object. |
| <i>Get</i> (key) | Retrieve the value associated with a key. |
| <i>Get_nkeys</i> () | Return the number of currently defined keys in info. |
| <i>Get_nthkey</i> (n) | Return the <i>n</i> -th defined key in info. |
| <i>Set</i> (key, value) | Store a value associated with a key. |
| <i>clear</i> () | Clear contents. |
| <i>copy</i> () | Copy contents. |
| <i>f2py</i> (arg) | |
| <i>free</i> () | Call <i>Free</i> if not null or predefined. |
| <i>fromhandle</i> (handle) | Create object from MPI handle. |
| <i>get</i> (key[, default]) | Retrieve value by key. |
| <i>items</i> () | Return list of items. |
| <i>keys</i> () | Return list of keys. |
| <i>pop</i> (key, *default) | Pop value by key. |
| <i>popitem</i> () | Pop first item. |
| <i>py2f</i> () | |
| <i>update</i> ([items]) | Update contents. |
| <i>values</i> () | Return list of values. |

Attributes Summary

| | |
|---------------|-------------|
| <i>handle</i> | MPI handle. |
|---------------|-------------|

Methods Documentation

classmethod *Create*(items=None)

Create a new info object.

Parameters

items (*Info* | *Mapping*[*str*, *str*] | *Iterable*[*tuple*[*str*, *str*]] | *None*)

Return type

Self

classmethod *Create_env*(args=None)

Create a new environment info object.

Parameters

args (*Sequence*[*str*] | *None*)

Return type

Self

Delete(*key*)

Remove a (key, value) pair from info.

Parameters

key (*str*)

Return type

None

Dup()

Duplicate an existing info object.

Return type

Self

Free()

Free an info object.

Return type

None

Get(*key*)

Retrieve the value associated with a key.

Parameters

key (*str*)

Return type

str | *None*

Get_nkeys()

Return the number of currently defined keys in info.

Return type

int

Get_nthkey(*n*)

Return the *n*-th defined key in info.

Parameters

n (*int*)

Return type

str

Set(*key*, *value*)

Store a value associated with a key.

Parameters

- **key** (*str*)
- **value** (*str*)

Return type

None

clear()

Clear contents.

Return type

None

copy()

Copy contents.

Return type

Self

classmethod f2py(arg)

Parameters

arg (*int*)

Return type

Info

free()

Call *Free* if not null or predefined.

Return type

None

classmethod fromhandle(handle)

Create object from MPI handle.

Parameters

handle (*int*)

Return type

Info

get(key, default=None)

Retrieve value by key.

Parameters

- **key** (*str*)
- **default** (*str* / *None*)

Return type

str | *None*

items()

Return list of items.

Return type

list[tuple[str, str]]

keys()

Return list of keys.

Return type

list[str]

pop(key, *default)

Pop value by key.

Parameters

- **key** (*str*)
- **default** (*str*)

Return type

str

popitem()

Pop first item.

Return type

`tuple[str, str]`

py2f()

Return type

`int`

update(*items*=(), ***kws*)

Update contents.

Parameters

- **items** (`Info` | `Mapping[str, str]` | `Iterable[tuple[str, str]]`)
- **kws** (`str`)

Return type

`None`

values()

Return list of values.

Return type

`list[str]`

Attributes Documentation

handle

MPI handle.

mpi4py.MPI.Intercomm

class `mpi4py.MPI.Intercomm`

Bases: `Comm`

Intercommunicator.

static `__new__(cls, comm=None)`

Parameters

comm (`Intercomm` | `None`)

Return type

Self

Methods Summary

| | |
|--|---|
| <code>Create_from_groups</code> (<code>local_group</code> , ...[, ...]) | Create communicator from group. |
| <code>Get_remote_group</code> () | Access the remote group associated with the inter-communicator. |
| <code>Get_remote_size</code> () | Intercommunicator remote size. |
| <code>Merge</code> (<code>high</code>) | Merge intercommunicator into an intracommunicator. |

Attributes Summary

| | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <code>remote_group</code> | Remote group. |
| <code>remote_size</code> | Number of remote processes. |

Methods Documentation

classmethod `Create_from_groups`(`local_group`, `local_leader`, `remote_group`, `remote_leader`, `stringtag`='org.mpi4py', `info`=`INFO_NULL`, `errhandler`=`None`)

Create communicator from group.

Parameters

- `local_group` (`Group`)
- `local_leader` (`int`)
- `remote_group` (`Group`)
- `remote_leader` (`int`)
- `stringtag` (`str`)
- `info` (`Info`)
- `errhandler` (`Errhandler` / `None`)

Return type

`Intracomm`

Get_remote_group()

Access the remote group associated with the inter-communicator.

Return type

`Group`

Get_remote_size()

Intercommunicator remote size.

Return type

`int`

Merge(`high`=`False`)

Merge intercommunicator into an intracommunicator.

Parameters

- `high` (`bool`)

Return type
Intracomm

Attributes Documentation

remote_group

Remote group.

remote_size

Number of remote processes.

mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm

class `mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm`

Bases: *Comm*

Intracommunicator.

static `__new__(cls, comm=None)`

Parameters

comm (*Intracomm* / *None*)

Return type

Self

Methods Summary

| | |
|---|--|
| <i>Accept</i> (port_name[, info, root]) | Accept a request to form a new intercommunicator. |
| <i>Cart_map</i> (dims[, periods]) | Determine optimal process placement on a Cartesian topology. |
| <i>Connect</i> (port_name[, info, root]) | Make a request to form a new intercommunicator. |
| <i>Create_cart</i> (dims[, periods, reorder]) | Create cartesian communicator. |
| <i>Create_dist_graph</i> (sources, degrees, destinations) | Create distributed graph communicator. |
| <i>Create_dist_graph_adjacent</i> (sources, destinations) | Create distributed graph communicator. |
| <i>Create_from_group</i> (group[, stringtag, info, ...]) | Create communicator from group. |
| <i>Create_graph</i> (index, edges[, reorder]) | Create graph communicator. |
| <i>Create_group</i> (group[, tag]) | Create communicator from group. |
| <i>Create_intercomm</i> (local_leader, peer_comm, ...) | Create intercommunicator. |
| <i>Exscan</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, op]) | Exclusive Scan. |
| <i>Exscan_init</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, op, info]) | Persistent Exclusive Scan. |
| <i>Graph_map</i> (index, edges) | Determine optimal process placement on a graph topology. |
| <i>Iexscan</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, op]) | Inclusive Scan. |
| <i>Iscan</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, op]) | Inclusive Scan. |
| <i>Scan</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, op]) | Inclusive Scan. |
| <i>Scan_init</i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, op, info]) | Persistent Inclusive Scan. |
| <i>Spawn</i> (command[, args, maxprocs, info, root, ...]) | Spawn instances of a single MPI application. |
| <i>Spawn_multiple</i> (command[, args, maxprocs, ...]) | Spawn instances of multiple MPI applications. |
| <i>exscan</i> (sendobj[, op]) | Exclusive Scan. |
| <i>scan</i> (sendobj[, op]) | Inclusive Scan. |

Methods Documentation

Accept(*port_name*, *info*=*INFO_NULL*, *root*=0)

Accept a request to form a new intercommunicator.

Parameters

- **port_name** (*str*)
- **info** (*Info*)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type

Intercomm

Cart_map(*dims*, *periods*=*None*)

Determine optimal process placement on a Cartesian topology.

Parameters

- **dims** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **periods** (*Sequence[bool]* | *None*)

Return type

int

Connect(*port_name*, *info*=*INFO_NULL*, *root*=0)

Make a request to form a new intercommunicator.

Parameters

- **port_name** (*str*)
- **info** (*Info*)
- **root** (*int*)

Return type

Intercomm

Create_cart(*dims*, *periods*=*None*, *reorder*=*False*)

Create cartesian communicator.

Parameters

- **dims** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **periods** (*Sequence[bool]* | *None*)
- **reorder** (*bool*)

Return type

Cartcomm

Create_dist_graph(*sources*, *degrees*, *destinations*, *weights*=*None*, *info*=*INFO_NULL*, *reorder*=*False*)

Create distributed graph communicator.

Parameters

- **sources** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **degrees** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **destinations** (*Sequence[int]*)

- **weights** (*Sequence[int] | None*)
- **info** (*Info*)
- **reorder** (*bool*)

Return type

Distgraphcomm

Create_dist_graph_adjacent(*sources, destinations, sourceweights=None, destweights=None, info=INFO_NULL, reorder=False*)

Create distributed graph communicator.

Parameters

- **sources** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **destinations** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **sourceweights** (*Sequence[int] | None*)
- **destweights** (*Sequence[int] | None*)
- **info** (*Info*)
- **reorder** (*bool*)

Return type

Distgraphcomm

classmethod Create_from_group(*group, stringtag='org.mpi4py', info=INFO_NULL, errhandler=None*)

Create communicator from group.

Parameters

- **group** (*Group*)
- **stringtag** (*str*)
- **info** (*Info*)
- **errhandler** (*Errhandler | None*)

Return type

Intracomm

Create_graph(*index, edges, reorder=False*)

Create graph communicator.

Parameters

- **index** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **edges** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **reorder** (*bool*)

Return type

Graphcomm

Create_group(*group, tag=0*)

Create communicator from group.

Parameters

- **group** (*Group*)

- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

Intracomm

Create_intercomm(*local_leader*, *peer_comm*, *remote_leader*, *tag=0*)

Create intercommunicator.

Parameters

- **local_leader** (*int*)
- **peer_comm** (*Intracomm*)
- **remote_leader** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)

Return type

Intercomm

Exscan(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op=SUM*)

Exclusive Scan.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (*BufSpec* / *InPlace*)
- **recvbuf** (*BufSpec*)
- **op** (*Op*)

Return type

None

Exscan_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op=SUM*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Exclusive Scan.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (*BufSpec* / *InPlace*)
- **recvbuf** (*BufSpec*)
- **op** (*Op*)
- **info** (*Info*)

Return type

Prequest

Graph_map(*index*, *edges*)

Determine optimal process placement on a graph topology.

Parameters

- **index** (*Sequence[int]*)
- **edges** (*Sequence[int]*)

Return type

int

Iexscan(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *op=SUM*)

Inclusive Scan.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec)
- **op** (Op)

Return type

Request

Iscan(sendbuf, recvbuf, op=SUM)

Inclusive Scan.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec)
- **op** (Op)

Return type

Request

Scan(sendbuf, recvbuf, op=SUM)

Inclusive Scan.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec)
- **op** (Op)

Return type

None

Scan_init(sendbuf, recvbuf, op=SUM, info=INFO_NULL)

Persistent Inclusive Scan.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec / InPlace)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpec)
- **op** (Op)
- **info** (Info)

Return type

Prequest

Spawn(command, args=None, maxprocs=1, info=INFO_NULL, root=0, errcodes=None)

Spawn instances of a single MPI application.

Parameters

- **command** (str)
- **args** (Sequence[str] / None)
- **maxprocs** (int)
- **info** (Info)
- **root** (int)

- **errcodes** (*list[int] | None*)

Return type

Intercomm

Spawn_multiple(*command, args=None, maxprocs=None, info=INFO_NULL, root=0, errcodes=None*)

Spawn instances of multiple MPI applications.

Parameters

- **command** (*Sequence[str]*)
- **args** (*Sequence[Sequence[str]] | None*)
- **maxprocs** (*Sequence[int] | None*)
- **info** (*Sequence[Info] | Info*)
- **root** (*int*)
- **errcodes** (*list[list[int]] | None*)

Return type

Intercomm

exscan(*sendobj, op=SUM*)

Exclusive Scan.

Parameters

- **sendobj** (*Any*)
- **op** (*Op | Callable[[Any, Any], Any]*)

Return type

Any

scan(*sendobj, op=SUM*)

Inclusive Scan.

Parameters

- **sendobj** (*Any*)
- **op** (*Op | Callable[[Any, Any], Any]*)

Return type

Any

mpi4py.MPI.Message

class `mpi4py.MPI.Message`

Bases: `object`

Matched message.

static `__new__(cls, message=None)`

Parameters

message (*Message | None*)

Return type

Self

Methods Summary

| | |
|---|---|
| <i>Iprobe</i> (comm[, source, tag, status]) | Nonblocking test for a matched message. |
| <i>Irecv</i> (buf) | Nonblocking receive of matched message. |
| <i>Probe</i> (comm[, source, tag, status]) | Blocking test for a matched message. |
| <i>Recv</i> (buf[, status]) | Blocking receive of matched message. |
| <i>f2py</i> (arg) | |
| <i>free</i> () | Do nothing. |
| <i>fromhandle</i> (handle) | Create object from MPI handle. |
| <i>iprobe</i> (comm[, source, tag, status]) | Nonblocking test for a matched message. |
| <i>irecv</i> () | Nonblocking receive of matched message. |
| <i>probe</i> (comm[, source, tag, status]) | Blocking test for a matched message. |
| <i>py2f</i> () | |
| <i>recv</i> ([status]) | Blocking receive of matched message. |

Attributes Summary

| | |
|---------------|-------------|
| <i>handle</i> | MPI handle. |
|---------------|-------------|

Methods Documentation

classmethod *Iprobe*(comm, source=ANY_SOURCE, tag=ANY_TAG, status=None)

Nonblocking test for a matched message.

Parameters

- **comm** (*Comm*)
- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

Self | *None*

Irecv(buf)

Nonblocking receive of matched message.

Parameters

- **buf** (*BufSpec*)

Return type

Request

classmethod *Probe*(comm, source=ANY_SOURCE, tag=ANY_TAG, status=None)

Blocking test for a matched message.

Parameters

- **comm** (*Comm*)

- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

Self

Recv(*buf*, *status=None*)

Blocking receive of matched message.

Parameters

- **buf** (*BufSpec*)
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

None

classmethod f2py(*arg*)

Parameters

arg (*int*)

Return type

Message

free()

Do nothing.

Return type

None

classmethod fromhandle(*handle*)

Create object from MPI handle.

Parameters

handle (*int*)

Return type

Message

classmethod iprobe(*comm*, *source=ANY_SOURCE*, *tag=ANY_TAG*, *status=None*)

Nonblocking test for a matched message.

Parameters

- **comm** (*Comm*)
- **source** (*int*)
- **tag** (*int*)
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

Self | *None*

irecv()

Nonblocking receive of matched message.

Return type

Request

classmethod `probe(comm, source=ANY_SOURCE, tag=ANY_TAG, status=None)`

Blocking test for a matched message.

Parameters

- `comm` (`Comm`)
- `source` (`int`)
- `tag` (`int`)
- `status` (`Status` / `None`)

Return type

Self

py2f()

Return type

`int`

recv(status=None)

Blocking receive of matched message.

Parameters

`status` (`Status` / `None`)

Return type

Any

Attributes Documentation

handle

MPI handle.

mpi4py.MPI.Op

class `mpi4py.MPI.Op`

Bases: `object`

Reduction operation.

static `__new__(cls, op=None)`

Parameters

`op` (`Op` / `None`)

Return type

Self

Methods Summary

| | |
|--|---|
| <code>Create(function[, commute])</code> | Create a user-defined reduction operation. |
| <code>Free()</code> | Free a user-defined reduction operation. |
| <code>Is_commutative()</code> | Query reduction operations for their commutativity. |
| <code>Reduce_local(inbuf, inoutbuf)</code> | Apply a reduction operation to local data. |
| <code>f2py(arg)</code> | |
| <code>free()</code> | Call <code>Free</code> if not null or predefined. |
| <code>fromhandle(handle)</code> | Create object from MPI handle. |
| <code>py2f()</code> | |

Attributes Summary

| | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <code>handle</code> | MPI handle. |
| <code>is_commutative</code> | Is a commutative operation. |
| <code>is_predefined</code> | Is a predefined operation. |

Methods Documentation

classmethod `Create(function, commute=False)`

Create a user-defined reduction operation.

Parameters

- **function** (`Callable[[Buffer, Buffer, Datatype], None]`)
- **commute** (`bool`)

Return type

`Self`

Free()

Free a user-defined reduction operation.

Return type

`None`

Is_commutative()

Query reduction operations for their commutativity.

Return type

`bool`

Reduce_local(inbuf, inoutbuf)

Apply a reduction operation to local data.

Parameters

- **inbuf** (`BufSpec`)
- **inoutbuf** (`BufSpec`)

Return type

`None`

classmethod `f2py(arg)`

Parameters

`arg` (`int`)

Return type

`Op`

free()

Call `Free` if not null or predefined.

Return type

`None`

classmethod `fromhandle(handle)`

Create object from MPI handle.

Parameters

`handle` (`int`)

Return type

`Op`

py2f()

Return type

`int`

Attributes Documentation

handle

MPI handle.

is_commutative

Is a commutative operation.

is_predefined

Is a predefined operation.

mpi4py.MPI.Pickle

class `mpi4py.MPI.Pickle`

Bases: `object`

Pickle/unpickle Python objects.

static `__new__(cls, pickle=None)`

Parameters

`pickle` (`Pickle` | `None`)

Return type

`Self`

Methods Summary

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| <code>dumps(obj)</code> | Serialize object to pickle data stream. |
| <code>dumps_oob(obj)</code> | Serialize object to pickle data stream and out-of-band buffers. |
| <code>loads(data)</code> | Deserialize object from pickle data stream. |
| <code>loads_oob(data, buffers)</code> | Deserialize object from pickle data stream and out-of-band buffers. |

Attributes Summary

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| <code>PROTOCOL</code> | Protocol version. |
| <code>THRESHOLD</code> | Out-of-band threshold. |

Methods Documentation

`dumps(obj)`

Serialize object to pickle data stream.

Parameters

obj (*Any*)

Return type

bytes

`dumps_oob(obj)`

Serialize object to pickle data stream and out-of-band buffers.

Parameters

obj (*Any*)

Return type

tuple[bytes, list[buffer]]

`loads(data)`

Deserialize object from pickle data stream.

Parameters

data (*Buffer*)

Return type

Any

`loads_oob(data, buffers)`

Deserialize object from pickle data stream and out-of-band buffers.

Parameters

- **data** (*Buffer*)
- **buffers** (*Iterable*[*Buffer*])

Return type

Any

Attributes Documentation

PROTOCOL

Protocol version.

THRESHOLD

Out-of-band threshold.

mpi4py.MPI.Prerequest

class mpi4py.MPI.Prerequest

Bases: *Request*

Persistent request handler.

static *__new__*(cls, request=None)

Parameters

request (*Prerequest* | *None*)

Return type

Self

Methods Summary

| | |
|---|---|
| <i>Parrived</i> (partition) | Test partial completion of a partitioned receive operation. |
| <i>Pready</i> (partition) | Mark a given partition as ready. |
| <i>Pready_list</i> (partitions) | Mark a sequence of partitions as ready. |
| <i>Pready_range</i> (partition_low, partition_high) | Mark a range of partitions as ready. |
| <i>Start</i> () | Initiate a communication with a persistent request. |
| <i>Startall</i> (requests) | Start a collection of persistent requests. |

Methods Documentation

Parrived(*partition*)

Test partial completion of a partitioned receive operation.

Parameters

partition (*int*)

Return type

bool

Pready(*partition*)

Mark a given partition as ready.

Parameters

partition (*int*)

Return type

None

Pready_list(*partitions*)

Mark a sequence of partitions as ready.

Parameters

partitions (*Sequence*[*int*])

Return type

None

Pready_range(*partition_low*, *partition_high*)

Mark a range of partitions as ready.

Parameters

- **partition_low** (*int*)
- **partition_high** (*int*)

Return type

None

Start()

Initiate a communication with a persistent request.

Return type

None

classmethod Startall(*requests*)

Start a collection of persistent requests.

Parameters

requests (*list*[*Prequest*])

Return type

None

mpi4py.MPI.Request

class mpi4py.MPI.Request

Bases: *object*

Request handler.

static **__new__**(*cls*, *request=None*)

Parameters

request (*Request* | *None*)

Return type

Self

Methods Summary

| | |
|---|--|
| <i>Cancel()</i> | Cancel a request. |
| <i>Free()</i> | Free a communication request. |
| <i>Get_status</i> ([status]) | Non-destructive test for the completion of a request. |
| <i>Get_status_all</i> (requests[, statuses]) | Non-destructive test for the completion of all requests. |
| <i>Get_status_any</i> (requests[, status]) | Non-destructive test for the completion of any requests. |
| <i>Get_status_some</i> (requests[, statuses]) | Non-destructive test for completion of some requests. |
| <i>Test</i> ([status]) | Test for the completion of a non-blocking operation. |
| <i>Testall</i> (requests[, statuses]) | Test for completion of all previously initiated requests. |
| <i>Testany</i> (requests[, status]) | Test for completion of any previously initiated request. |
| <i>Testsome</i> (requests[, statuses]) | Test for completion of some previously initiated requests. |
| <i>Wait</i> ([status]) | Wait for a non-blocking operation to complete. |
| <i>Waitall</i> (requests[, statuses]) | Wait for all previously initiated requests to complete. |
| <i>Waitany</i> (requests[, status]) | Wait for any previously initiated request to complete. |
| <i>Waitsome</i> (requests[, statuses]) | Wait for some previously initiated requests to complete. |
| <i>cancel()</i> | Cancel a request. |
| <i>f2py</i> (arg) | |
| <i>free()</i> | Call <i>Free</i> if not null. |
| <i>fromhandle</i> (handle) | Create object from MPI handle. |
| <i>get_status</i> ([status]) | Non-destructive test for the completion of a request. |
| <i>get_status_all</i> (requests[, statuses]) | Non-destructive test for the completion of all requests. |
| <i>get_status_any</i> (requests[, status]) | Non-destructive test for the completion of any requests. |
| <i>get_status_some</i> (requests[, statuses]) | Non-destructive test for completion of some requests. |
| <i>py2f()</i> | |
| <i>test</i> ([status]) | Test for the completion of a non-blocking operation. |
| <i>testall</i> (requests[, statuses]) | Test for completion of all previously initiated requests. |
| <i>testany</i> (requests[, status]) | Test for completion of any previously initiated request. |
| <i>testsome</i> (requests[, statuses]) | Test for completion of some previously initiated requests. |
| <i>wait</i> ([status]) | Wait for a non-blocking operation to complete. |
| <i>waitall</i> (requests[, statuses]) | Wait for all previously initiated requests to complete. |
| <i>waitany</i> (requests[, status]) | Wait for any previously initiated request to complete. |
| <i>waitsome</i> (requests[, statuses]) | Wait for some previously initiated requests to complete. |

Attributes Summary

| | |
|---------------|-------------|
| <i>handle</i> | MPI handle. |
|---------------|-------------|

Methods Documentation

Cancel()

Cancel a request.

Return type

None

Free()

Free a communication request.

Return type

None

Get_status(status=None)

Non-destructive test for the completion of a request.

Parameters

status (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

bool

classmethod Get_status_all(requests, statuses=None)

Non-destructive test for the completion of all requests.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence*[*Request*])
- **statuses** (*list*[*Status*] | *None*)

Return type

bool

classmethod Get_status_any(requests, status=None)

Non-destructive test for the completion of any requests.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence*[*Request*])
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

tuple[*int*, *bool*]

classmethod Get_status_some(requests, statuses=None)

Non-destructive test for completion of some requests.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence*[*Request*])
- **statuses** (*list*[*Status*] | *None*)

Return type
`list[int] | None`

Test(*status=None*)

Test for the completion of a non-blocking operation.

Parameters
status (`Status` | `None`)

Return type
`bool`

classmethod Testall(*requests, statuses=None*)

Test for completion of all previously initiated requests.

Parameters

- **requests** (`Sequence`[`Request`])
- **statuses** (`list`[`Status`] | `None`)

Return type
`bool`

classmethod Testany(*requests, status=None*)

Test for completion of any previously initiated request.

Parameters

- **requests** (`Sequence`[`Request`])
- **status** (`Status` | `None`)

Return type
`tuple[int, bool]`

classmethod Testsome(*requests, statuses=None*)

Test for completion of some previously initiated requests.

Parameters

- **requests** (`Sequence`[`Request`])
- **statuses** (`list`[`Status`] | `None`)

Return type
`list[int] | None`

Wait(*status=None*)

Wait for a non-blocking operation to complete.

Parameters
status (`Status` | `None`)

Return type
`Literal[True]`

classmethod Waitall(*requests, statuses=None*)

Wait for all previously initiated requests to complete.

Parameters

- **requests** (`Sequence`[`Request`])
- **statuses** (`list`[`Status`] | `None`)

Return type

Literal[True]

classmethod **Waitany**(*requests*, *status=None*)

Wait for any previously initiated request to complete.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence*[Request])
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

int

classmethod **Waitsome**(*requests*, *statuses=None*)

Wait for some previously initiated requests to complete.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence*[Request])
- **statuses** (*list*[Status] | *None*)

Return type

list[int] | *None*

cancel()

Cancel a request.

Return type

None

classmethod **f2py**(*arg*)

Parameters

arg (*int*)

Return type

Request

free()

Call *Free* if not null.

Return type

None

classmethod **fromhandle**(*handle*)

Create object from MPI handle.

Parameters

handle (*int*)

Return type

Request

get_status(*status=None*)

Non-destructive test for the completion of a request.

Parameters

status (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

bool

classmethod `get_status_all(requests, statuses=None)`

Non-destructive test for the completion of all requests.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence*[*Request*])
- **statuses** (*list*[*Status*] | *None*)

Return type

bool

classmethod `get_status_any(requests, status=None)`

Non-destructive test for the completion of any requests.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence*[*Request*])
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

tuple[*int*, *bool*]

classmethod `get_status_some(requests, statuses=None)`

Non-destructive test for completion of some requests.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence*[*Request*])
- **statuses** (*list*[*Status*] | *None*)

Return type

list[*int*] | *None*

py2f()

Return type

int

test(*status=None*)

Test for the completion of a non-blocking operation.

Parameters

status (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

tuple[*bool*, *Any* | *None*]

classmethod `testall(requests, statuses=None)`

Test for completion of all previously initiated requests.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence*[*Request*])
- **statuses** (*list*[*Status*] | *None*)

Return type

tuple[*bool*, *list*[*Any*] | *None*]

classmethod `testany(requests, status=None)`

Test for completion of any previously initiated request.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence*[*Request*])
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

tuple[*int*, *bool*, *Any* | *None*]

classmethod `testsome(requests, statuses=None)`

Test for completion of some previously initiated requests.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence*[*Request*])
- **statuses** (*list*[*Status*] | *None*)

Return type

tuple[*list*[*int*] | *None*, *list*[*Any*] | *None*]

wait(*status=None*)

Wait for a non-blocking operation to complete.

Parameters

status (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

Any

classmethod `waitall(requests, statuses=None)`

Wait for all previously initiated requests to complete.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence*[*Request*])
- **statuses** (*list*[*Status*] | *None*)

Return type

list[*Any*]

classmethod `waitany(requests, status=None)`

Wait for any previously initiated request to complete.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence*[*Request*])
- **status** (*Status* | *None*)

Return type

tuple[*int*, *Any*]

classmethod `waitsome(requests, statuses=None)`

Wait for some previously initiated requests to complete.

Parameters

- **requests** (*Sequence*[*Request*])
- **statuses** (*list*[*Status*] | *None*)

Return type

`tuple[list[int] | None, list[Any] | None]`

Attributes Documentation**handle**

MPI handle.

mpi4py.MPI.Session

class `mpi4py.MPI.Session`

Bases: `object`

Session context.

static `__new__(cls, session=None)`

Parameters

session (`Session` | `None`)

Return type

Self

Methods Summary

| | |
|--|---|
| <i>Attach_buffer</i> (buf) | Attach a user-provided buffer for sending in buffered mode. |
| <i>Call_errhandler</i> (errorcode) | Call the error handler installed on a session. |
| <i>Create_errhandler</i> (errhandler_fn) | Create a new error handler for sessions. |
| <i>Create_group</i> (pset_name) | Create a new group from session and process set. |
| <i>Detach_buffer</i> () | Remove an existing attached buffer. |
| <i>Finalize</i> () | Finalize a session. |
| <i>Flush_buffer</i> () | Block until all buffered messages have been transmitted. |
| <i>Get_errhandler</i> () | Get the error handler for a session. |
| <i>Get_info</i> () | Return the current hints for a session. |
| <i>Get_nth_pset</i> (n[, info]) | Name of the <i>n</i> -th process set. |
| <i>Get_num_psets</i> ([info]) | Number of available process sets. |
| <i>Get_pset_info</i> (pset_name) | Return the current hints for a session and process set. |
| <i>Iflush_buffer</i> () | Nonblocking flush for buffered messages. |
| <i>Init</i> ([info, errhandler]) | Create a new session. |
| <i>Set_errhandler</i> (errhandler) | Set the error handler for a session. |
| <i>f2py</i> (arg) | |
| <i>free</i> () | Call <i>Finalize</i> if not null. |
| <i>fromhandle</i> (handle) | Create object from MPI handle. |
| <i>py2f</i> () | |

Attributes Summary

| | |
|---------------|-------------|
| <i>handle</i> | MPI handle. |
|---------------|-------------|

Methods Documentation

Attach_buffer(*buf*)

Attach a user-provided buffer for sending in buffered mode.

Parameters

buf (*Buffer* / *None*)

Return type

None

Call_errhandler(*errorcode*)

Call the error handler installed on a session.

Parameters

errorcode (*int*)

Return type

None

classmethod Create_errhandler(*errhandler_fn*)

Create a new error handler for sessions.

Parameters

errhandler_fn (*Callable*[[*Session*, *int*], *None*])

Return type

Errhandler

Create_group(*pset_name*)

Create a new group from session and process set.

Parameters

pset_name (*str*)

Return type

Group

Detach_buffer()

Remove an existing attached buffer.

Return type

Buffer | *None*

Finalize()

Finalize a session.

Return type

None

Flush_buffer()

Block until all buffered messages have been transmitted.

Return type

None

Get_errhandler()

Get the error handler for a session.

Return type

[Errhandler](#)

Get_info()

Return the current hints for a session.

Return type

[Info](#)

Get_nth_pset(*n*, *info*=INFO_NULL)

Name of the *n*-th process set.

Parameters

- **n** ([int](#))
- **info** ([Info](#))

Return type

[str](#)

Get_num_psets(*info*=INFO_NULL)

Number of available process sets.

Parameters

info ([Info](#))

Return type

[int](#)

Get_pset_info(*pset_name*)

Return the current hints for a session and process set.

Parameters

pset_name ([str](#))

Return type

[Info](#)

Iflush_buffer()

Nonblocking flush for buffered messages.

Return type

[Request](#)

classmethod Init(*info*=INFO_NULL, *errhandler*=None)

Create a new session.

Parameters

- **info** ([Info](#))
- **errhandler** ([Errhandler](#) | *None*)

Return type

Self

Set_errhandler(*errhandler*)

Set the error handler for a session.

Parameters

errhandler ([Errhandler](#))

Return type

[None](#)

classmethod **f2py**(*arg*)

Parameters

arg ([int](#))

Return type

[Session](#)

free()

Call [Finalize](#) if not null.

Return type

[None](#)

classmethod **fromhandle**(*handle*)

Create object from MPI handle.

Parameters

handle ([int](#))

Return type

[Session](#)

py2f()

Return type

[int](#)

Attributes Documentation

handle

MPI handle.

mpi4py.MPI.Status

class **mpi4py.MPI.Status**

Bases: [object](#)

Status object.

static **__new__**(*cls, status=None*)

Parameters

status ([Status](#) | [None](#))

Return type

[Self](#)

Methods Summary

| | |
|--|---|
| <code>Get_count([datatype])</code> | Get the number of <i>top level</i> elements. |
| <code>Get_elements(datatype)</code> | Get the number of basic elements in a datatype. |
| <code>Get_error()</code> | Get message error. |
| <code>Get_source()</code> | Get message source. |
| <code>Get_tag()</code> | Get message tag. |
| <code>Is_cancelled()</code> | Test to see if a request was cancelled. |
| <code>Set_cancelled(flag)</code> | Set the cancelled state associated with a status. |
| <code>Set_elements(datatype, count)</code> | Set the number of elements in a status. |
| <code>Set_error(error)</code> | Set message error. |
| <code>Set_source(source)</code> | Set message source. |
| <code>Set_tag(tag)</code> | Set message tag. |
| <code>f2py(arg)</code> | |
| <code>py2f()</code> | |

Attributes Summary

| | |
|------------------------|------------------|
| <code>cancelled</code> | Cancelled state. |
| <code>count</code> | Byte count. |
| <code>error</code> | Message error. |
| <code>source</code> | Message source. |
| <code>tag</code> | Message tag. |

Methods Documentation

Get_count(*datatype*=*BYTE*)

Get the number of *top level* elements.

Parameters

datatype (*Datatype*)

Return type

int

Get_elements(*datatype*)

Get the number of basic elements in a datatype.

Parameters

datatype (*Datatype*)

Return type

int

Get_error()

Get message error.

Return type

int

Get_source()

Get message source.

Return type

`int`

Get_tag()

Get message tag.

Return type

`int`

Is_cancelled()

Test to see if a request was cancelled.

Return type

`bool`

Set_cancelled(flag)

Set the cancelled state associated with a status.

Note

This method should be used only when implementing query callback functions for generalized requests.

Parameters

flag (`bool`)

Return type

`None`

Set_elements(datatype, count)

Set the number of elements in a status.

Note

This method should be only used when implementing query callback functions for generalized requests.

Parameters

- **datatype** (`Datatype`)
- **count** (`int`)

Return type

`None`

Set_error(error)

Set message error.

Parameters

error (`int`)

Return type

`None`

Set_source(*source*)

Set message source.

Parameters

source (*int*)

Return type

None

Set_tag(*tag*)

Set message tag.

Parameters

tag (*int*)

Return type

None

classmethod **f2py**(*arg*)

Parameters

arg (*list[int]*)

Return type

Self

py2f()

Return type

list[int]

Attributes Documentation

cancelled

Cancelled state.

count

Byte count.

error

Message error.

source

Message source.

tag

Message tag.

mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm

class **mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm**

Bases: *Intracomm*

Topology intracommunicator.

static `__new__(cls, comm=None)`

Parameters

`comm` (`Topocomm` | `None`)

Return type

Self

Methods Summary

| | |
|--|--|
| <i><code>Ineighbor_allgather</code></i> (sendbuf, recvbuf) | Nonblocking Neighbor Gather to All. |
| <i><code>Ineighbor_allgatherv</code></i> (sendbuf, recvbuf) | Nonblocking Neighbor Gather to All Vector. |
| <i><code>Ineighbor_alltoall</code></i> (sendbuf, recvbuf) | Nonblocking Neighbor All to All. |
| <i><code>Ineighbor_alltoallv</code></i> (sendbuf, recvbuf) | Nonblocking Neighbor All to All Vector. |
| <i><code>Ineighbor_alltoallw</code></i> (sendbuf, recvbuf) | Nonblocking Neighbor All to All General. |
| <i><code>Neighbor_allgather</code></i> (sendbuf, recvbuf) | Neighbor Gather to All. |
| <i><code>Neighbor_allgather_init</code></i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, info]) | Persistent Neighbor Gather to All. |
| <i><code>Neighbor_allgatherv</code></i> (sendbuf, recvbuf) | Neighbor Gather to All Vector. |
| <i><code>Neighbor_allgatherv_init</code></i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, ...]) | Persistent Neighbor Gather to All Vector. |
| <i><code>Neighbor_alltoall</code></i> (sendbuf, recvbuf) | Neighbor All to All. |
| <i><code>Neighbor_alltoall_init</code></i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, info]) | Persistent Neighbor All to All. |
| <i><code>Neighbor_alltoallv</code></i> (sendbuf, recvbuf) | Neighbor All to All Vector. |
| <i><code>Neighbor_alltoallv_init</code></i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, info]) | Persistent Neighbor All to All Vector. |
| <i><code>Neighbor_alltoallw</code></i> (sendbuf, recvbuf) | Neighbor All to All General. |
| <i><code>Neighbor_alltoallw_init</code></i> (sendbuf, recvbuf[, info]) | Persistent Neighbor All to All General. |
| <i><code>neighbor_allgather</code></i> (sendobj) | Neighbor Gather to All. |
| <i><code>neighbor_alltoall</code></i> (sendobj) | Neighbor All to All. |

Attributes Summary

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <i><code>degrees</code></i> | Number of incoming and outgoing neighbors. |
| <i><code>indegree</code></i> | Number of incoming neighbors. |
| <i><code>inedges</code></i> | Incoming neighbors. |
| <i><code>inoutedges</code></i> | Incoming and outgoing neighbors. |
| <i><code>outdegree</code></i> | Number of outgoing neighbors. |
| <i><code>outedges</code></i> | Outgoing neighbors. |

Methods Documentation

Ineighbor_allgather(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Nonblocking Neighbor Gather to All.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecB)

Return type

Request

Ineighbor_allgatherv(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Nonblocking Neighbor Gather to All Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpec)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV)

Return type

Request

Ineighbor_alltoall(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Nonblocking Neighbor All to All.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecB)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecB)

Return type

Request

Ineighbor_alltoallv(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Nonblocking Neighbor All to All Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecV)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecV)

Return type

Request

Ineighbor_alltoallw(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Nonblocking Neighbor All to All General.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** (BufSpecW)
- **recvbuf** (BufSpecW)

Return type

Request

Neighbor_allgather(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Neighbor Gather to All.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** ([BufSpec](#))
- **recvbuf** ([BufSpecB](#))

Return type

[None](#)

Neighbor_allgather_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Neighbor Gather to All.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** ([BufSpec](#))
- **recvbuf** ([BufSpecB](#))
- **info** ([Info](#))

Return type

[Prequest](#)

Neighbor_allgatherv(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Neighbor Gather to All Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** ([BufSpec](#))
- **recvbuf** ([BufSpecV](#))

Return type

[None](#)

Neighbor_allgatherv_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *info=INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Neighbor Gather to All Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** ([BufSpec](#))
- **recvbuf** ([BufSpecV](#))
- **info** ([Info](#))

Return type

[Prequest](#)

Neighbor_alltoall(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Neighbor All to All.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** ([BufSpecB](#))
- **recvbuf** ([BufSpecB](#))

Return type

[None](#)

Neighbor_alltoall_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *info*=*INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Neighbor All to All.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** ([BufSpecB](#))
- **recvbuf** ([BufSpecB](#))
- **info** ([Info](#))

Return type

[Prequest](#)

Neighbor_alltoallv(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Neighbor All to All Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** ([BufSpecV](#))
- **recvbuf** ([BufSpecV](#))

Return type

[None](#)

Neighbor_alltoallv_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *info*=*INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Neighbor All to All Vector.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** ([BufSpecV](#))
- **recvbuf** ([BufSpecV](#))
- **info** ([Info](#))

Return type

[Prequest](#)

Neighbor_alltoallw(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*)

Neighbor All to All General.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** ([BufSpecW](#))
- **recvbuf** ([BufSpecW](#))

Return type

[None](#)

Neighbor_alltoallw_init(*sendbuf*, *recvbuf*, *info*=*INFO_NULL*)

Persistent Neighbor All to All General.

Parameters

- **sendbuf** ([BufSpecW](#))
- **recvbuf** ([BufSpecW](#))
- **info** ([Info](#))

Return type

[Prequest](#)

neighbor_allgather(*sendobj*)

Neighbor Gather to All.

Parameters

sendobj (*Any*)

Return type

list[Any]

neighbor_alltoall(*sendobj*)

Neighbor All to All.

Parameters

sendobj (*list[Any]*)

Return type

list[Any]

Attributes Documentation

degrees

Number of incoming and outgoing neighbors.

indegree

Number of incoming neighbors.

inedges

Incoming neighbors.

inoutedges

Incoming and outgoing neighbors.

outdegree

Number of outgoing neighbors.

outedges

Outgoing neighbors.

mpi4py.MPI.Win

class mpi4py.MPI.**Win**

Bases: *object*

Remote memory access context.

static **__new__**(*cls, win=None*)

Parameters

win (*Win* / *None*)

Return type

Self

Methods Summary

| | |
|--|---|
| <i>Accumulate</i> (origin, target_rank[, target, op]) | Accumulate data into the target process. |
| <i>Allocate</i> (size[, disp_unit, info, comm]) | Create an window object for one-sided communication. |
| <i>Allocate_shared</i> (size[, disp_unit, info, comm]) | Create an window object for one-sided communication. |
| <i>Attach</i> (memory) | Attach a local memory region. |
| <i>Call_errhandler</i> (errorcode) | Call the error handler installed on a window. |
| <i>Compare_and_swap</i> (origin, compare, result, ...) | Perform one-sided atomic compare-and-swap. |
| <i>Complete</i> () | Complete an RMA operation begun after an <i>Start</i> . |
| <i>Create</i> (memory[, disp_unit, info, comm]) | Create an window object for one-sided communication. |
| <i>Create_dynamic</i> ([info, comm]) | Create an window object for one-sided communication. |
| <i>Create_errhandler</i> (errhandler_fn) | Create a new error handler for windows. |
| <i>Create_keyval</i> ([copy_fn, delete_fn, nopython]) | Create a new attribute key for windows. |
| <i>Delete_attr</i> (keyval) | Delete attribute value associated with a key. |
| <i>Detach</i> (memory) | Detach a local memory region. |
| <i>Fence</i> ([assertion]) | Perform an MPI fence synchronization on a window. |
| <i>Fetch_and_op</i> (origin, result, target_rank[, ...]) | Perform one-sided read-modify-write. |
| <i>Flush</i> (rank) | Complete all outstanding RMA operations at a target. |
| <i>Flush_all</i> () | Complete all outstanding RMA operations at all targets. |
| <i>Flush_local</i> (rank) | Complete locally all outstanding RMA operations at a target. |
| <i>Flush_local_all</i> () | Complete locally all outstanding RMA operations at all targets. |
| <i>Free</i> () | Free a window. |
| <i>Free_keyval</i> (keyval) | Free an attribute key for windows. |
| <i>Get</i> (origin, target_rank[, target]) | Get data from a memory window on a remote process. |
| <i>Get_accumulate</i> (origin, result, target_rank) | Fetch-and-accumulate data into the target process. |
| <i>Get_attr</i> (keyval) | Retrieve attribute value by key. |
| <i>Get_errhandler</i> () | Get the error handler for a window. |
| <i>Get_group</i> () | Access the group of processes that created the window. |
| <i>Get_info</i> () | Return the current hints for a window. |
| <i>Get_name</i> () | Get the print name for this window. |
| <i>Lock</i> (rank[, lock_type, assertion]) | Begin an RMA access epoch at the target process. |
| <i>Lock_all</i> ([assertion]) | Begin an RMA access epoch at all processes. |
| <i>Post</i> (group[, assertion]) | Start an RMA exposure epoch. |
| <i>Put</i> (origin, target_rank[, target]) | Put data into a memory window on a remote process. |
| <i>Raccumulate</i> (origin, target_rank[, target, op]) | Fetch-and-accumulate data into the target process. |
| <i>Rget</i> (origin, target_rank[, target]) | Get data from a memory window on a remote process. |
| <i>Rget_accumulate</i> (origin, result, target_rank) | Accumulate data into the target process using remote memory access. |
| <i>Rput</i> (origin, target_rank[, target]) | Put data into a memory window on a remote process. |
| <i>Set_attr</i> (keyval, attrval) | Store attribute value associated with a key. |
| <i>Set_errhandler</i> (errhandler) | Set the error handler for a window. |
| <i>Set_info</i> (info) | Set new values for the hints associated with a window. |
| <i>Set_name</i> (name) | Set the print name for this window. |

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Table 6 – continued from previous page

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| <i>Shared_query</i> (rank) | Query the process-local address for remote memory segments. |
| <i>Start</i> (group[, assertion]) | Start an RMA access epoch for MPI. |
| <i>Sync</i> () | Synchronize public and private copies of the window. |
| <i>Test</i> () | Test whether an RMA exposure epoch has completed. |
| <i>Unlock</i> (rank) | Complete an RMA access epoch at the target process. |
| <i>Unlock_all</i> () | Complete an RMA access epoch at all processes. |
| <i>Wait</i> () | Complete an RMA exposure epoch begun with <i>Post</i> . |
| <i>f2py</i> (arg) | |
| <i>free</i> () | Call <i>Free</i> if not null. |
| <i>fromhandle</i> (handle) | Create object from MPI handle. |
| <i>py2f</i> () | |
| <i>tomemory</i> () | Return window memory buffer. |

Attributes Summary

| | |
|-------------------|----------------|
| <i>attrs</i> | Attributes. |
| <i>flavor</i> | Create flavor. |
| <i>group</i> | Group. |
| <i>group_rank</i> | Group rank. |
| <i>group_size</i> | Group size. |
| <i>handle</i> | MPI handle. |
| <i>info</i> | Info hints. |
| <i>model</i> | Memory model. |
| <i>name</i> | Print name. |

Methods Documentation

Accumulate(*origin*, *target_rank*, *target=None*, *op=SUM*)

Accumulate data into the target process.

Parameters

- **origin** (*BufSpec*)
- **target_rank** (*int*)
- **target** (*TargetSpec* / *None*)
- **op** (*Op*)

Return type

None

classmethod Allocate(*size*, *disp_unit=1*, *info=INFO_NULL*, *comm=COMM_SELF*)

Create an window object for one-sided communication.

Parameters

- **size** (*int*)
- **disp_unit** (*int*)

- **info** ([Info](#))
- **comm** ([Intracomm](#))

Return type

Self

classmethod `Allocate_shared`(*size*, *disp_unit=1*, *info=INFO_NULL*, *comm=COMM_SELF*)

Create an window object for one-sided communication.

Parameters

- **size** (*int*)
- **disp_unit** (*int*)
- **info** ([Info](#))
- **comm** ([Intracomm](#))

Return type

Self

`Attach`(*memory*)

Attach a local memory region.

Parameters

memory ([Buffer](#))

Return type

None

`Call_errhandler`(*errorcode*)

Call the error handler installed on a window.

Parameters

errorcode (*int*)

Return type

None

`Compare_and_swap`(*origin*, *compare*, *result*, *target_rank*, *target_disp=0*)

Perform one-sided atomic compare-and-swap.

Parameters

- **origin** ([BufSpec](#))
- **compare** ([BufSpec](#))
- **result** ([BufSpec](#))
- **target_rank** (*int*)
- **target_disp** (*int*)

Return type

None

`Complete`()

Complete an RMA operation begun after an *Start*.

Return type

None

classmethod Create(*memory*, *disp_unit=1*, *info=INFO_NULL*, *comm=COMM_SELF*)

Create an window object for one-sided communication.

Parameters

- **memory** (*Buffer* | *Bottom*)
- **disp_unit** (*int*)
- **info** (*Info*)
- **comm** (*Intracomm*)

Return type

Self

classmethod Create_dynamic(*info=INFO_NULL*, *comm=COMM_SELF*)

Create an window object for one-sided communication.

Parameters

- **info** (*Info*)
- **comm** (*Intracomm*)

Return type

Self

classmethod Create_errhandler(*errhandler_fn*)

Create a new error handler for windows.

Parameters

errhandler_fn (*Callable*[[*Win*, *int*], *None*])

Return type

Errhandler

classmethod Create_keyval(*copy_fn=None*, *delete_fn=None*, *nopython=False*)

Create a new attribute key for windows.

Parameters

- **copy_fn** (*Callable*[[*Win*, *int*, *Any*], *Any*] | *None*)
- **delete_fn** (*Callable*[[*Win*, *int*, *Any*], *None*] | *None*)
- **nopython** (*bool*)

Return type

int

Delete_attr(*keyval*)

Delete attribute value associated with a key.

Parameters

keyval (*int*)

Return type

None

Detach(*memory*)

Detach a local memory region.

Parameters

memory (*Buffer*)

Return type

None

Fence(*assertion=0*)

Perform an MPI fence synchronization on a window.

Parameters

assertion (*int*)

Return type

None

Fetch_and_op(*origin, result, target_rank, target_disp=0, op=SUM*)

Perform one-sided read-modify-write.

Parameters

- **origin** (*BufSpec*)
- **result** (*BufSpec*)
- **target_rank** (*int*)
- **target_disp** (*int*)
- **op** (*Op*)

Return type

None

Flush(*rank*)

Complete all outstanding RMA operations at a target.

Parameters

rank (*int*)

Return type

None

Flush_all()

Complete all outstanding RMA operations at all targets.

Return type

None

Flush_local(*rank*)

Complete locally all outstanding RMA operations at a target.

Parameters

rank (*int*)

Return type

None

Flush_local_all()

Complete locally all outstanding RMA operations at all targets.

Return type

None

Free()

Free a window.

Return type

`None`

classmethod **Free_keyval**(*keyval*)

Free an attribute key for windows.

Parameters

keyval (*int*)

Return type

`int`

Get(*origin*, *target_rank*, *target=None*)

Get data from a memory window on a remote process.

Parameters

- **origin** (`BufSpec`)
- **target_rank** (*int*)
- **target** (`TargetSpec` / `None`)

Return type

`None`

Get_accumulate(*origin*, *result*, *target_rank*, *target=None*, *op=SUM*)

Fetch-and-accumulate data into the target process.

Parameters

- **origin** (`BufSpec`)
- **result** (`BufSpec`)
- **target_rank** (*int*)
- **target** (`TargetSpec` / `None`)
- **op** (`Op`)

Return type

`None`

Get_attr(*keyval*)

Retrieve attribute value by key.

Parameters

keyval (*int*)

Return type

`int` | `Any` | `None`

Get_errhandler()

Get the error handler for a window.

Return type

`Errhandler`

Get_group()

Access the group of processes that created the window.

Return type

`Group`

Get_info()

Return the current hints for a window.

Return type

`Info`

Get_name()

Get the print name for this window.

Return type

`str`

Lock(*rank*, *lock_type*=*LOCK_EXCLUSIVE*, *assertion*=0)

Begin an RMA access epoch at the target process.

Parameters

- **rank** (*int*)
- **lock_type** (*int*)
- **assertion** (*int*)

Return type

`None`

Lock_all(*assertion*=0)

Begin an RMA access epoch at all processes.

Parameters

assertion (*int*)

Return type

`None`

Post(*group*, *assertion*=0)

Start an RMA exposure epoch.

Parameters

- **group** (*Group*)
- **assertion** (*int*)

Return type

`None`

Put(*origin*, *target_rank*, *target*=*None*)

Put data into a memory window on a remote process.

Parameters

- **origin** (*BufSpec*)
- **target_rank** (*int*)
- **target** (*TargetSpec* / *None*)

Return type

`None`

Raccumulate(*origin*, *target_rank*, *target*=*None*, *op*=*SUM*)

Fetch-and-accumulate data into the target process.

Parameters

- **origin** (BufSpec)
- **target_rank** (*int*)
- **target** (TargetSpec / *None*)
- **op** (Op)

Return type

Request

Rget(*origin*, *target_rank*, *target=None*)

Get data from a memory window on a remote process.

Parameters

- **origin** (BufSpec)
- **target_rank** (*int*)
- **target** (TargetSpec / *None*)

Return type

Request

Rget_accumulate(*origin*, *result*, *target_rank*, *target=None*, *op=SUM*)

Accumulate data into the target process using remote memory access.

Parameters

- **origin** (BufSpec)
- **result** (BufSpec)
- **target_rank** (*int*)
- **target** (TargetSpec / *None*)
- **op** (Op)

Return type

Request

Rput(*origin*, *target_rank*, *target=None*)

Put data into a memory window on a remote process.

Parameters

- **origin** (BufSpec)
- **target_rank** (*int*)
- **target** (TargetSpec / *None*)

Return type

Request

Set_attr(*keyval*, *attrval*)

Store attribute value associated with a key.

Parameters

- **keyval** (*int*)
- **attrval** (*Any*)

Return type

None

Set_errhandler(*errhandler*)

Set the error handler for a window.

Parameters

errhandler ([Errhandler](#))

Return type

[None](#)

Set_info(*info*)

Set new values for the hints associated with a window.

Parameters

info ([Info](#))

Return type

[None](#)

Set_name(*name*)

Set the print name for this window.

Parameters

name ([str](#))

Return type

[None](#)

Shared_query(*rank*)

Query the process-local address for remote memory segments.

Parameters

rank ([int](#))

Return type

[tuple](#)[[buffer](#), [int](#)]

Start(*group*, *assertion=0*)

Start an RMA access epoch for MPI.

Parameters

- **group** ([Group](#))
- **assertion** ([int](#))

Return type

[None](#)

Sync()

Synchronize public and private copies of the window.

Return type

[None](#)

Test()

Test whether an RMA exposure epoch has completed.

Return type

[bool](#)

Unlock(*rank*)

Complete an RMA access epoch at the target process.

Parameters

rank (*int*)

Return type

None

Unlock_all()

Complete an RMA access epoch at all processes.

Return type

None

Wait()

Complete an RMA exposure epoch begun with *Post*.

Return type

Literal[True]

classmethod f2py(*arg*)

Parameters

arg (*int*)

Return type

Win

free()

Call *Free* if not null.

Return type

None

classmethod fromhandle(*handle*)

Create object from MPI handle.

Parameters

handle (*int*)

Return type

Win

py2f()

Return type

int

tomemory()

Return window memory buffer.

Return type

buffer

Attributes Documentation

attrs

Attributes.

flavor

Create flavor.

group

Group.

group_rank

Group rank.

group_size

Group size.

handle

MPI handle.

info

Info hints.

model

Memory model.

name

Print name.

mpi4py.MPI.buffer

class `mpi4py.MPI.buffer`

Bases: `object`

Buffer.

static `__new__(cls, buf)`

Parameters

buf (`Buffer`)

Return type

Self

Methods Summary

| | |
|--|---|
| <code>allocate</code> (nbytes[, clear]) | Buffer allocation. |
| <code>cast</code> (format[, shape]) | Cast to a <code>memoryview</code> with new format or shape. |
| <code>fromaddress</code> (address, nbytes[, readonly]) | Buffer from address and size in bytes. |
| <code>frombuffer</code> (obj[, readonly]) | Buffer from buffer-like object. |
| <code>release</code> () | Release the underlying buffer exposed by the buffer object. |
| <code>tobytes</code> ([order]) | Return the data in the buffer as a byte string. |
| <code>toreadonly</code> () | Return a readonly version of the buffer object. |

Attributes Summary

| | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| <code>address</code> | Buffer address. |
| <code>format</code> | Format of each element. |
| <code>itemsize</code> | Size (in bytes) of each element. |
| <code>nbytes</code> | Buffer size (in bytes). |
| <code>obj</code> | Object exposing buffer. |
| <code>readonly</code> | Buffer is read-only. |

Methods Documentation

static `allocate(nbytes, clear=False)`

Buffer allocation.

Parameters

- **nbytes** (`int`)
- **clear** (`bool`)

Return type

`buffer`

cast(`format, shape=Ellipsis`)

Cast to a `memoryview` with new format or shape.

Parameters

- **format** (`str`)
- **shape** (`list[int] | tuple[int, ...]`)

Return type

`memoryview`

static `fromaddress(address, nbytes, readonly=False)`

Buffer from address and size in bytes.

Parameters

- **address** (`int`)
- **nbytes** (`int`)
- **readonly** (`bool`)

Return type

`buffer`

static `frombuffer(obj, readonly=False)`

Buffer from buffer-like object.

Parameters

- **obj** (`Buffer`)
- **readonly** (`bool`)

Return type

`buffer`

release()

Release the underlying buffer exposed by the buffer object.

Return type

`None`

tobytes(*order=None*)

Return the data in the buffer as a byte string.

Parameters

order (*str* / *None*)

Return type

`bytes`

toreadonly()

Return a readonly version of the buffer object.

Return type

`buffer`

Attributes Documentation

address

Buffer address.

format

Format of each element.

itemsize

Size (in bytes) of each element.

nbytes

Buffer size (in bytes).

obj

Object exposing buffer.

readonly

Buffer is read-only.

mpi4py.MPI.memory

mpi4py.MPI.memory

alias of `buffer`

Exceptions

| | |
|------------------|------------------|
| <i>Exception</i> | Exception class. |
|------------------|------------------|

mpi4py.MPI.Exception

exception mpi4py.MPI.Exception

Bases: [RuntimeError](#)

Exception class.

static `__new__(cls, ierr=SUCCESS)`

Parameters

ierr (*int*)

Return type

Self

Methods Summary

| | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|
| <code>Get_error_class()</code> | Error class. |
| <code>Get_error_code()</code> | Error code. |
| <code>Get_error_string()</code> | Error string. |

Attributes Summary

| | |
|---------------------------|---------------|
| <code>error_class</code> | Error class. |
| <code>error_code</code> | Error code. |
| <code>error_string</code> | Error string. |

Methods Documentation

Get_error_class()

Error class.

Return type

int

Get_error_code()

Error code.

Return type

int

Get_error_string()

Error string.

Return type

str

Attributes Documentation

error_class

Error class.

error_code

Error code.

error_string

Error string.

Functions

| | |
|--|---|
| <i>Add_error_class()</i> | Add an <i>error class</i> to the known error classes. |
| <i>Add_error_code</i>(errorclass) | Add an <i>error code</i> to an <i>error class</i> . |
| <i>Add_error_string</i>(errorcode, string) | Associate an <i>error string</i> with an <i>error class</i> or <i>error code</i> . |
| <i>Aint_add</i>(base, disp) | Return the sum of base address and displacement. |
| <i>Aint_diff</i>(addr1, addr2) | Return the difference between absolute addresses. |
| <i>Alloc_mem</i>(size[, info]) | Allocate memory for message passing and remote memory access. |
| <i>Attach_buffer</i>(buf) | Attach a user-provided buffer for sending in buffered mode. |
| <i>Close_port</i>(port_name) | Close a port. |
| <i>Compute_dims</i>(nnodes, dims) | Return a balanced distribution of processes per coordinate direction. |
| <i>Detach_buffer</i>() | Remove an existing attached buffer. |
| <i>Finalize</i>() | Terminate the MPI execution environment. |
| <i>Flush_buffer</i>() | Block until all buffered messages have been transmitted. |
| <i>Free_mem</i>(mem) | Free memory allocated with <i>Alloc_mem</i> . |
| <i>Get_address</i>(location) | Get the address of a location in memory. |
| <i>Get_error_class</i>(errorcode) | Convert an <i>error code</i> into an <i>error class</i> . |
| <i>Get_error_string</i>(errorcode) | Return the <i>error string</i> for a given <i>error class</i> or <i>error code</i> . |
| <i>Get_hw_resource_info</i>() | Obtain information about the hardware platform of the calling processor. |
| <i>Get_library_version</i>() | Obtain the version string of the MPI library. |
| <i>Get_processor_name</i>() | Obtain the name of the calling processor. |
| <i>Get_version</i>() | Obtain the version number of the MPI standard. |
| <i>Iflush_buffer</i>() | Nonblocking flush for buffered messages. |
| <i>Init</i>() | Initialize the MPI execution environment. |
| <i>Init_thread</i>([required]) | Initialize the MPI execution environment. |
| <i>Is_finalized</i>() | Indicate whether <i>Finalize</i> has completed. |
| <i>Is_initialized</i>() | Indicate whether <i>Init</i> has been called. |
| <i>Is_thread_main</i>() | Indicate whether this thread called <i>Init</i> or <i>Init_thread</i> . |
| <i>Lookup_name</i>(service_name[, info]) | Lookup a port name given a service name. |
| <i>Open_port</i>([info]) | Return an address used to connect group of processes. |
| <i>Pcontrol</i>(level) | Control profiling. |
| <i>Publish_name</i>(service_name, port_name[, info]) | Publish a service name. |
| <i>Query_thread</i>() | Return the level of thread support provided by the MPI library. |

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Table 7 – continued from previous page

| | |
|--|---|
| <code>Register_datarep(datarep, read_fn, write_fn, ...)</code> | Register user-defined data representations. |
| <code>Remove_error_class(errorclass)</code> | Remove an <i>error class</i> from the known error classes. |
| <code>Remove_error_code(errorcode)</code> | Remove an <i>error code</i> from the known error codes. |
| <code>Remove_error_string(errorcode)</code> | Remove <i>error string</i> association from <i>error class</i> or <i>error code</i> . |
| <code>Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name[, info])</code> | Unpublish a service name. |
| <code>Wtick()</code> | Return the resolution of <i>Wtime</i> . |
| <code>Wtime()</code> | Return an elapsed time on the calling processor. |
| <code>get_vendor()</code> | Information about the underlying MPI implementation. |

mpi4py.MPI.Add_error_class

`mpi4py.MPI.Add_error_class()`

Add an *error class* to the known error classes.

Return type

`int`

mpi4py.MPI.Add_error_code

`mpi4py.MPI.Add_error_code(errorclass)`

Add an *error code* to an *error class*.

Parameters

errorclass (`int`)

Return type

`int`

mpi4py.MPI.Add_error_string

`mpi4py.MPI.Add_error_string(errorcode, string)`

Associate an *error string* with an *error class* or *error code*.

Parameters

- **errorcode** (`int`)

- **string** (`str`)

Return type

`None`

mpi4py.MPI.Aint_add

`mpi4py.MPI.Aint_add(base, disp)`

Return the sum of base address and displacement.

Parameters

- **base** (*int*)
- **disp** (*int*)

Return type

int

mpi4py.MPI.Aint_diff

`mpi4py.MPI.Aint_diff(addr1, addr2)`

Return the difference between absolute addresses.

Parameters

- **addr1** (*int*)
- **addr2** (*int*)

Return type

int

mpi4py.MPI.Alloc_mem

`mpi4py.MPI.Alloc_mem(size, info=INFO_NULL)`

Allocate memory for message passing and remote memory access.

Parameters

- **size** (*int*)
- **info** (*Info*)

Return type

buffer

mpi4py.MPI.Attach_buffer

`mpi4py.MPI.Attach_buffer(buf)`

Attach a user-provided buffer for sending in buffered mode.

Parameters

buf (*Buffer* | *None*)

Return type

None

mpi4py.MPI.Close_port

`mpi4py.MPI.Close_port(port_name)`

Close a port.

Parameters

port_name (*str*)

Return type

None

mpi4py.MPI.Compute_dims

`mpi4py.MPI.Compute_dims(nnodes, dims)`

Return a balanced distribution of processes per coordinate direction.

Parameters

- **nnodes** (*int*)
- **dims** (*int* | *Sequence[int]*)

Return type

list[int]

mpi4py.MPI.Detach_buffer

`mpi4py.MPI.Detach_buffer()`

Remove an existing attached buffer.

Return type

Buffer | *None*

mpi4py.MPI.Finalize

`mpi4py.MPI.Finalize()`

Terminate the MPI execution environment.

Return type

None

mpi4py.MPI.Flush_buffer

`mpi4py.MPI.Flush_buffer()`

Block until all buffered messages have been transmitted.

Return type

None

mpi4py.MPI.Free_mem

`mpi4py.MPI.Free_mem(mem)`

Free memory allocated with *Alloc_mem*.

Parameters

mem (*buffer*)

Return type

None

mpi4py.MPI.Get_address

`mpi4py.MPI.Get_address(location)`

Get the address of a location in memory.

Parameters

location (*Buffer* / *Bottom*)

Return type

int

mpi4py.MPI.Get_error_class

`mpi4py.MPI.Get_error_class(errorcode)`

Convert an *error code* into an *error class*.

Parameters

errorcode (*int*)

Return type

int

mpi4py.MPI.Get_error_string

`mpi4py.MPI.Get_error_string(errorcode)`

Return the *error string* for a given *error class* or *error code*.

Parameters

errorcode (*int*)

Return type

str

mpi4py.MPI.Get_hw_resource_info

`mpi4py.MPI.Get_hw_resource_info()`

Obtain information about the hardware platform of the calling processor.

Return type

Info

mpi4py.MPI.Get_library_version

`mpi4py.MPI.Get_library_version()`

Obtain the version string of the MPI library.

Return type

`str`

mpi4py.MPI.Get_processor_name

`mpi4py.MPI.Get_processor_name()`

Obtain the name of the calling processor.

Return type

`str`

mpi4py.MPI.Get_version

`mpi4py.MPI.Get_version()`

Obtain the version number of the MPI standard.

Return type

`tuple[int, int]`

mpi4py.MPI.Iflush_buffer

`mpi4py.MPI.Iflush_buffer()`

Nonblocking flush for buffered messages.

Return type

`Request`

mpi4py.MPI.Init

`mpi4py.MPI.Init()`

Initialize the MPI execution environment.

Return type

`None`

mpi4py.MPI.Init_thread

`mpi4py.MPI.Init_thread(required=THREAD_MULTIPLE)`

Initialize the MPI execution environment.

Parameters

required (*int*)

Return type

`int`

mpi4py.MPI.Is_finalized

`mpi4py.MPI.Is_finalized()`

Indicate whether *Finalize* has completed.

Return type
`bool`

mpi4py.MPI.Is_initialized

`mpi4py.MPI.Is_initialized()`

Indicate whether *Init* has been called.

Return type
`bool`

mpi4py.MPI.Is_thread_main

`mpi4py.MPI.Is_thread_main()`

Indicate whether this thread called *Init* or *Init_thread*.

Return type
`bool`

mpi4py.MPI.Lookup_name

`mpi4py.MPI.Lookup_name(service_name, info=INFO_NULL)`

Lookup a port name given a service name.

Parameters

- **service_name** (*str*)
- **info** (*Info*)

Return type
`str`

mpi4py.MPI.Open_port

`mpi4py.MPI.Open_port(info=INFO_NULL)`

Return an address used to connect group of processes.

Parameters

info (*Info*)

Return type
`str`

mpi4py.MPI.Pcontrol

`mpi4py.MPI.Pcontrol(level)`

Control profiling.

Parameters

level (*int*)

Return type

None

mpi4py.MPI.Publish_name

`mpi4py.MPI.Publish_name(service_name, port_name, info=INFO_NULL)`

Publish a service name.

Parameters

- **service_name** (*str*)
- **port_name** (*str*)
- **info** (*Info*)

Return type

None

mpi4py.MPI.Query_thread

`mpi4py.MPI.Query_thread()`

Return the level of thread support provided by the MPI library.

Return type

int

mpi4py.MPI.Register_datarep

`mpi4py.MPI.Register_datarep(datarep, read_fn, write_fn, extent_fn)`

Register user-defined data representations.

Parameters

- **datarep** (*str*)
- **read_fn** (*Callable*[[*Buffer*, *Datatype*, *int*, *Buffer*, *int*], *None*])
- **write_fn** (*Callable*[[*Buffer*, *Datatype*, *int*, *Buffer*, *int*], *None*])
- **extent_fn** (*Callable*[[*Datatype*], *int*])

Return type

None

mpi4py.MPI.Remove_error_class

`mpi4py.MPI.Remove_error_class(errorclass)`

Remove an *error class* from the known error classes.

Parameters

errorclass (*int*)

Return type

None

mpi4py.MPI.Remove_error_code

`mpi4py.MPI.Remove_error_code(errorcode)`

Remove an *error code* from the known error codes.

Parameters

errorcode (*int*)

Return type

None

mpi4py.MPI.Remove_error_string

`mpi4py.MPI.Remove_error_string(errorcode)`

Remove *error string* association from *error class* or *error code*.

Parameters

errorcode (*int*)

Return type

None

mpi4py.MPI.Unpublish_name

`mpi4py.MPI.Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name, info=INFO_NULL)`

Unpublish a service name.

Parameters

- **service_name** (*str*)
- **port_name** (*str*)
- **info** (*Info*)

Return type

None

mpi4py.MPI.Wtick

mpi4py.MPI.Wtick()

Return the resolution of *Wtime*.

Return type
float

mpi4py.MPI.Wtime

mpi4py.MPI.Wtime()

Return an elapsed time on the calling processor.

Return type
float

mpi4py.MPI.get_vendor

mpi4py.MPI.get_vendor()

Information about the underlying MPI implementation.

Returns

- string with the name of the MPI implementation.
- integer 3-tuple version number (major, minor, micro).

Return type
tuple[str, tuple[int, int, int]]

Attributes

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| <i>UNDEFINED</i> | Constant UNDEFINED of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>ANY_SOURCE</i> | Constant ANY_SOURCE of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>ANY_TAG</i> | Constant ANY_TAG of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>PROC_NULL</i> | Constant PROC_NULL of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>ROOT</i> | Constant ROOT of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>BOTTOM</i> | Constant BOTTOM of type <i>BottomType</i> |
| <i>IN_PLACE</i> | Constant IN_PLACE of type <i>InPlaceType</i> |
| <i>KEYVAL_INVALID</i> | Constant KEYVAL_INVALID of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>TAG_UB</i> | Constant TAG_UB of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>IO</i> | Constant IO of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>WTIME_IS_GLOBAL</i> | Constant WTIME_IS_GLOBAL of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>UNIVERSE_SIZE</i> | Constant UNIVERSE_SIZE of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>APPNUM</i> | Constant APPNUM of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>LASTUSEDPCODE</i> | Constant LASTUSEDPCODE of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>WIN_BASE</i> | Constant WIN_BASE of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>WIN_SIZE</i> | Constant WIN_SIZE of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>WIN_DISP_UNIT</i> | Constant WIN_DISP_UNIT of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>WIN_CREATE_FLAVOR</i> | Constant WIN_CREATE_FLAVOR of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>WIN_FLAVOR</i> | Constant WIN_FLAVOR of type <i>int</i> |
| <i>WIN_MODEL</i> | Constant WIN_MODEL of type <i>int</i> |

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Table 8 – continued from previous page

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| <code>SUCCESS</code> | Constant <code>SUCCESS</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_LASTCODE</code> | Constant <code>ERR_LASTCODE</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_TYPE</code> | Constant <code>ERR_TYPE</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_REQUEST</code> | Constant <code>ERR_REQUEST</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_OP</code> | Constant <code>ERR_OP</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_GROUP</code> | Constant <code>ERR_GROUP</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_INFO</code> | Constant <code>ERR_INFO</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_ERRHANDLER</code> | Constant <code>ERR_ERRHANDLER</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_SESSION</code> | Constant <code>ERR_SESSION</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_COMM</code> | Constant <code>ERR_COMM</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_WIN</code> | Constant <code>ERR_WIN</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_FILE</code> | Constant <code>ERR_FILE</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_BUFFER</code> | Constant <code>ERR_BUFFER</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_COUNT</code> | Constant <code>ERR_COUNT</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_TAG</code> | Constant <code>ERR_TAG</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_RANK</code> | Constant <code>ERR_RANK</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_ROOT</code> | Constant <code>ERR_ROOT</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_TRUNCATE</code> | Constant <code>ERR_TRUNCATE</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_IN_STATUS</code> | Constant <code>ERR_IN_STATUS</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_PENDING</code> | Constant <code>ERR_PENDING</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_TOPOLOGY</code> | Constant <code>ERR_TOPOLOGY</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_DIMS</code> | Constant <code>ERR_DIMS</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_ARG</code> | Constant <code>ERR_ARG</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_OTHER</code> | Constant <code>ERR_OTHER</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_UNKNOWN</code> | Constant <code>ERR_UNKNOWN</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_INTERN</code> | Constant <code>ERR_INTERN</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_KEYVAL</code> | Constant <code>ERR_KEYVAL</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_NO_MEM</code> | Constant <code>ERR_NO_MEM</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_INFO_KEY</code> | Constant <code>ERR_INFO_KEY</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_INFO_VALUE</code> | Constant <code>ERR_INFO_VALUE</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_INFO_NOKEY</code> | Constant <code>ERR_INFO_NOKEY</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_SPAWN</code> | Constant <code>ERR_SPAWN</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_PORT</code> | Constant <code>ERR_PORT</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_SERVICE</code> | Constant <code>ERR_SERVICE</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_NAME</code> | Constant <code>ERR_NAME</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_PROC_ABORTED</code> | Constant <code>ERR_PROC_ABORTED</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_BASE</code> | Constant <code>ERR_BASE</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_SIZE</code> | Constant <code>ERR_SIZE</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_DISP</code> | Constant <code>ERR_DISP</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_ASSERT</code> | Constant <code>ERR_ASSERT</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_LOCKTYPE</code> | Constant <code>ERR_LOCKTYPE</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_RMA_CONFLICT</code> | Constant <code>ERR_RMA_CONFLICT</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_RMA_SYNC</code> | Constant <code>ERR_RMA_SYNC</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_RMA_RANGE</code> | Constant <code>ERR_RMA_RANGE</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_RMA_ATTACH</code> | Constant <code>ERR_RMA_ATTACH</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_RMA_SHARED</code> | Constant <code>ERR_RMA_SHARED</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_RMA_FLAVOR</code> | Constant <code>ERR_RMA_FLAVOR</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_BAD_FILE</code> | Constant <code>ERR_BAD_FILE</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_NO_SUCH_FILE</code> | Constant <code>ERR_NO_SUCH_FILE</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_FILE_EXISTS</code> | Constant <code>ERR_FILE_EXISTS</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_FILE_IN_USE</code> | Constant <code>ERR_FILE_IN_USE</code> of type <code>int</code> |
| <code>ERR_AMODE</code> | Constant <code>ERR_AMODE</code> of type <code>int</code> |

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Table 8 – continued from previous page

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| ERR_ACCESS | Constant ERR_ACCESS of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_READ_ONLY | Constant ERR_READ_ONLY of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_NO_SPACE | Constant ERR_NO_SPACE of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_QUOTA | Constant ERR_QUOTA of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_NOT_SAME | Constant ERR_NOT_SAME of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_IO | Constant ERR_IO of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_UNSUPPORTED_OPERATION | Constant ERR_UNSUPPORTED_OPERATION of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_UNSUPPORTED_DATAREP | Constant ERR_UNSUPPORTED_DATAREP of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_CONVERSION | Constant ERR_CONVERSION of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_DUP_DATAREP | Constant ERR_DUP_DATAREP of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_VALUE_TOO_LARGE | Constant ERR_VALUE_TOO_LARGE of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_REVOKED | Constant ERR_REVOKED of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_PROC_FAILED | Constant ERR_PROC_FAILED of type <code>int</code> |
| ERR_PROC_FAILED_PENDING | Constant ERR_PROC_FAILED_PENDING of type <code>int</code> |
| ORDER_C | Constant ORDER_C of type <code>int</code> |
| ORDER_FORTTRAN | Constant ORDER_FORTTRAN of type <code>int</code> |
| ORDER_F | Constant ORDER_F of type <code>int</code> |
| TYPECLASS_INTEGER | Constant TYPECLASS_INTEGER of type <code>int</code> |
| TYPECLASS_REAL | Constant TYPECLASS_REAL of type <code>int</code> |
| TYPECLASS_COMPLEX | Constant TYPECLASS_COMPLEX of type <code>int</code> |
| DISTRIBUTE_NONE | Constant DISTRIBUTE_NONE of type <code>int</code> |
| DISTRIBUTE_BLOCK | Constant DISTRIBUTE_BLOCK of type <code>int</code> |
| DISTRIBUTE_CYCLIC | Constant DISTRIBUTE_CYCLIC of type <code>int</code> |
| DISTRIBUTE_DFLT_DARG | Constant DISTRIBUTE_DFLT_DARG of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_NAMED | Constant COMBINER_NAMED of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_DUP | Constant COMBINER_DUP of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_CONTIGUOUS | Constant COMBINER_CONTIGUOUS of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_VECTOR | Constant COMBINER_VECTOR of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_HVECTOR | Constant COMBINER_HVECTOR of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_INDEXED | Constant COMBINER_INDEXED of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_HINDEXED | Constant COMBINER_HINDEXED of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_INDEXED_BLOCK | Constant COMBINER_INDEXED_BLOCK of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_HINDEXED_BLOCK | Constant COMBINER_HINDEXED_BLOCK of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_STRUCT | Constant COMBINER_STRUCT of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_SUBARRAY | Constant COMBINER_SUBARRAY of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_DARRAY | Constant COMBINER_DARRAY of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_RESIZED | Constant COMBINER_RESIZED of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_VALUE_INDEX | Constant COMBINER_VALUE_INDEX of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_F90_INTEGER | Constant COMBINER_F90_INTEGER of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_F90_REAL | Constant COMBINER_F90_REAL of type <code>int</code> |
| COMBINER_F90_COMPLEX | Constant COMBINER_F90_COMPLEX of type <code>int</code> |
| F_SOURCE | Constant F_SOURCE of type <code>int</code> |
| F_TAG | Constant F_TAG of type <code>int</code> |
| F_ERROR | Constant F_ERROR of type <code>int</code> |
| F_STATUS_SIZE | Constant F_STATUS_SIZE of type <code>int</code> |
| IDENT | Constant IDENT of type <code>int</code> |
| CONGRUENT | Constant CONGRUENT of type <code>int</code> |
| SIMILAR | Constant SIMILAR of type <code>int</code> |
| UNEQUAL | Constant UNEQUAL of type <code>int</code> |
| CART | Constant CART of type <code>int</code> |
| GRAPH | Constant GRAPH of type <code>int</code> |
| DIST_GRAPH | Constant DIST_GRAPH of type <code>int</code> |

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Table 8 – continued from previous page

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| UNWEIGHTED | Constant UNWEIGHTED of type <i>int</i> |
| WEIGHTS_EMPTY | Constant WEIGHTS_EMPTY of type <i>int</i> |
| COMM_TYPE_SHARED | Constant COMM_TYPE_SHARED of type <i>int</i> |
| COMM_TYPE_HW_GUIDED | Constant COMM_TYPE_HW_GUIDED of type <i>int</i> |
| COMM_TYPE_HW_UNGUIDED | Constant COMM_TYPE_HW_UNGUIDED of type <i>int</i> |
| COMM_TYPE_RESOURCE_GUIDED | Constant COMM_TYPE_RESOURCE_GUIDED of type <i>int</i> |
| BSEND_OVERHEAD | Constant BSEND_OVERHEAD of type <i>int</i> |
| BUFFER_AUTOMATIC | Constant BUFFER_AUTOMATIC of type <i>BufferAutomaticType</i> |
| WIN_FLAVOR_CREATE | Constant WIN_FLAVOR_CREATE of type <i>int</i> |
| WIN_FLAVOR_ALLOCATE | Constant WIN_FLAVOR_ALLOCATE of type <i>int</i> |
| WIN_FLAVOR_DYNAMIC | Constant WIN_FLAVOR_DYNAMIC of type <i>int</i> |
| WIN_FLAVOR_SHARED | Constant WIN_FLAVOR_SHARED of type <i>int</i> |
| WIN_SEPARATE | Constant WIN_SEPARATE of type <i>int</i> |
| WIN_UNIFIED | Constant WIN_UNIFIED of type <i>int</i> |
| MODE_NOCHECK | Constant MODE_NOCHECK of type <i>int</i> |
| MODE_NOSTORE | Constant MODE_NOSTORE of type <i>int</i> |
| MODE_NOPUT | Constant MODE_NOPUT of type <i>int</i> |
| MODE_NOPRECEDE | Constant MODE_NOPRECEDE of type <i>int</i> |
| MODE_NOSUCCEED | Constant MODE_NOSUCCEED of type <i>int</i> |
| LOCK_EXCLUSIVE | Constant LOCK_EXCLUSIVE of type <i>int</i> |
| LOCK_SHARED | Constant LOCK_SHARED of type <i>int</i> |
| MODE_RDONLY | Constant MODE_RDONLY of type <i>int</i> |
| MODE_WRONLY | Constant MODE_WRONLY of type <i>int</i> |
| MODE_RDWR | Constant MODE_RDWR of type <i>int</i> |
| MODE_CREATE | Constant MODE_CREATE of type <i>int</i> |
| MODE_EXCL | Constant MODE_EXCL of type <i>int</i> |
| MODE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE | Constant MODE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE of type <i>int</i> |
| MODE_UNIQUE_OPEN | Constant MODE_UNIQUE_OPEN of type <i>int</i> |
| MODE_SEQUENTIAL | Constant MODE_SEQUENTIAL of type <i>int</i> |
| MODE_APPEND | Constant MODE_APPEND of type <i>int</i> |
| SEEK_SET | Constant SEEK_SET of type <i>int</i> |
| SEEK_CUR | Constant SEEK_CUR of type <i>int</i> |
| SEEK_END | Constant SEEK_END of type <i>int</i> |
| DISPLACEMENT_CURRENT | Constant DISPLACEMENT_CURRENT of type <i>int</i> |
| DISP_CUR | Constant DISP_CUR of type <i>int</i> |
| THREAD_SINGLE | Constant THREAD_SINGLE of type <i>int</i> |
| THREAD_FUNNELED | Constant THREAD_FUNNELED of type <i>int</i> |
| THREAD_SERIALIZED | Constant THREAD_SERIALIZED of type <i>int</i> |
| THREAD_MULTIPLE | Constant THREAD_MULTIPLE of type <i>int</i> |
| VERSION | Constant VERSION of type <i>int</i> |
| SUBVERSION | Constant SUBVERSION of type <i>int</i> |
| MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME | Constant MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME of type <i>int</i> |
| MAX_ERROR_STRING | Constant MAX_ERROR_STRING of type <i>int</i> |
| MAX_PORT_NAME | Constant MAX_PORT_NAME of type <i>int</i> |
| MAX_INFO_KEY | Constant MAX_INFO_KEY of type <i>int</i> |
| MAX_INFO_VAL | Constant MAX_INFO_VAL of type <i>int</i> |
| MAX_OBJECT_NAME | Constant MAX_OBJECT_NAME of type <i>int</i> |
| MAX_DATAREP_STRING | Constant MAX_DATAREP_STRING of type <i>int</i> |
| MAX_LIBRARY_VERSION_STRING | Constant MAX_LIBRARY_VERSION_STRING of type <i>int</i> |
| MAX_PSET_NAME_LEN | Constant MAX_PSET_NAME_LEN of type <i>int</i> |
| MAX_STRINGTAG_LEN | Constant MAX_STRINGTAG_LEN of type <i>int</i> |

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Table 8 – continued from previous page

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| DATATYPE_NULL | Object DATATYPE_NULL of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| PACKED | Object PACKED of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| BYTE | Object BYTE of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| AINT | Object AINT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| OFFSET | Object OFFSET of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| COUNT | Object COUNT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| CHAR | Object CHAR of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| WCHAR | Object WCHAR of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| SIGNED_CHAR | Object SIGNED_CHAR of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| SHORT | Object SHORT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| INT | Object INT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| LONG | Object LONG of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| LONG_LONG | Object LONG_LONG of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| UNSIGNED_CHAR | Object UNSIGNED_CHAR of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| UNSIGNED_SHORT | Object UNSIGNED_SHORT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| UNSIGNED | Object UNSIGNED of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| UNSIGNED_LONG | Object UNSIGNED_LONG of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG | Object UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| FLOAT | Object FLOAT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| DOUBLE | Object DOUBLE of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| LONG_DOUBLE | Object LONG_DOUBLE of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| C_BOOL | Object C_BOOL of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| INT8_T | Object INT8_T of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| INT16_T | Object INT16_T of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| INT32_T | Object INT32_T of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| INT64_T | Object INT64_T of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| UINT8_T | Object UINT8_T of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| UINT16_T | Object UINT16_T of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| UINT32_T | Object UINT32_T of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| UINT64_T | Object UINT64_T of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| C_COMPLEX | Object C_COMPLEX of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| C_FLOAT_COMPLEX | Object C_FLOAT_COMPLEX of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| C_DOUBLE_COMPLEX | Object C_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| C_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX | Object C_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| CXX_BOOL | Object CXX_BOOL of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| CXX_FLOAT_COMPLEX | Object CXX_FLOAT_COMPLEX of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| CXX_DOUBLE_COMPLEX | Object CXX_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| CXX_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX | Object CXX_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| SHORT_INT | Object SHORT_INT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| INT_INT | Object INT_INT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| TWOINT | Object TWOINT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| LONG_INT | Object LONG_INT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| FLOAT_INT | Object FLOAT_INT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| DOUBLE_INT | Object DOUBLE_INT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| LONG_DOUBLE_INT | Object LONG_DOUBLE_INT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| CHARACTER | Object CHARACTER of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| LOGICAL | Object LOGICAL of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| INTEGER | Object INTEGER of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| REAL | Object REAL of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| DOUBLE_PRECISION | Object DOUBLE_PRECISION of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| COMPLEX | Object COMPLEX of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| DOUBLE_COMPLEX | Object DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type <i>Datatype</i> |

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Table 8 – continued from previous page

| | |
|------------------|---|
| LOGICAL1 | Object LOGICAL1 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| LOGICAL2 | Object LOGICAL2 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| LOGICAL4 | Object LOGICAL4 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| LOGICAL8 | Object LOGICAL8 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| INTEGER1 | Object INTEGER1 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| INTEGER2 | Object INTEGER2 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| INTEGER4 | Object INTEGER4 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| INTEGER8 | Object INTEGER8 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| INTEGER16 | Object INTEGER16 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| REAL2 | Object REAL2 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| REAL4 | Object REAL4 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| REAL8 | Object REAL8 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| REAL16 | Object REAL16 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| COMPLEX4 | Object COMPLEX4 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| COMPLEX8 | Object COMPLEX8 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| COMPLEX16 | Object COMPLEX16 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| COMPLEX32 | Object COMPLEX32 of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| UNSIGNED_INT | Object UNSIGNED_INT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| SIGNED_SHORT | Object SIGNED_SHORT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| SIGNED_INT | Object SIGNED_INT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| SIGNED_LONG | Object SIGNED_LONG of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| SIGNED_LONG_LONG | Object SIGNED_LONG_LONG of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| BOOL | Object BOOL of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| SINT8_T | Object SINT8_T of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| SINT16_T | Object SINT16_T of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| SINT32_T | Object SINT32_T of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| SINT64_T | Object SINT64_T of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| F_BOOL | Object F_BOOL of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| F_INT | Object F_INT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| F_FLOAT | Object F_FLOAT of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| F_DOUBLE | Object F_DOUBLE of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| F_COMPLEX | Object F_COMPLEX of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| F_FLOAT_COMPLEX | Object F_FLOAT_COMPLEX of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| F_DOUBLE_COMPLEX | Object F_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type <i>Datatype</i> |
| REQUEST_NULL | Object REQUEST_NULL of type <i>Request</i> |
| MESSAGE_NULL | Object MESSAGE_NULL of type <i>Message</i> |
| MESSAGE_NO_PROC | Object MESSAGE_NO_PROC of type <i>Message</i> |
| OP_NULL | Object OP_NULL of type <i>Op</i> |
| MAX | Object MAX of type <i>Op</i> |
| MIN | Object MIN of type <i>Op</i> |
| SUM | Object SUM of type <i>Op</i> |
| PROD | Object PROD of type <i>Op</i> |
| LAND | Object LAND of type <i>Op</i> |
| BAND | Object BAND of type <i>Op</i> |
| LOR | Object LOR of type <i>Op</i> |
| BOR | Object BOR of type <i>Op</i> |
| LXOR | Object LXOR of type <i>Op</i> |
| BXOR | Object BXOR of type <i>Op</i> |
| MAXLOC | Object MAXLOC of type <i>Op</i> |
| MINLOC | Object MINLOC of type <i>Op</i> |
| REPLACE | Object REPLACE of type <i>Op</i> |
| NO_OP | Object NO_OP of type <i>Op</i> |

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Table 8 – continued from previous page

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| <i>GROUP_NULL</i> | Object GROUP_NULL of type <i>Group</i> |
| <i>GROUP_EMPTY</i> | Object GROUP_EMPTY of type <i>Group</i> |
| <i>INFO_NULL</i> | Object INFO_NULL of type <i>Info</i> |
| <i>INFO_ENV</i> | Object INFO_ENV of type <i>Info</i> |
| <i>ERRHANDLER_NULL</i> | Object ERRHANDLER_NULL of type <i>Errhandler</i> |
| <i>ERRORS_RETURN</i> | Object ERRORS_RETURN of type <i>Errhandler</i> |
| <i>ERRORS_ABORT</i> | Object ERRORS_ABORT of type <i>Errhandler</i> |
| <i>ERRORS_ARE_FATAL</i> | Object ERRORS_ARE_FATAL of type <i>Errhandler</i> |
| <i>SESSION_NULL</i> | Object SESSION_NULL of type <i>Session</i> |
| <i>COMM_NULL</i> | Object COMM_NULL of type <i>Comm</i> |
| <i>COMM_SELF</i> | Object COMM_SELF of type <i>Intracomm</i> |
| <i>COMM_WORLD</i> | Object COMM_WORLD of type <i>Intracomm</i> |
| <i>WIN_NULL</i> | Object WIN_NULL of type <i>Win</i> |
| <i>FILE_NULL</i> | Object FILE_NULL of type <i>File</i> |
| <i>pickle</i> | Object pickle of type <i>Pickle</i> |

mpi4py.MPI.UNDEFINED

`mpi4py.MPI.UNDEFINED: int = UNDEFINED`

Constant UNDEFINED of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ANY_SOURCE

`mpi4py.MPI.ANY_SOURCE: int = ANY_SOURCE`

Constant ANY_SOURCE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ANY_TAG

`mpi4py.MPI.ANY_TAG: int = ANY_TAG`

Constant ANY_TAG of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.PROC_NULL

`mpi4py.MPI.PROC_NULL: int = PROC_NULL`

Constant PROC_NULL of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ROOT

`mpi4py.MPI.ROOT: int = ROOT`

Constant ROOT of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.BOTTOM

`mpi4py.MPI.BOTTOM: BottomType = BOTTOM`
Constant BOTTOM of type *BottomType*

mpi4py.MPI.IN_PLACE

`mpi4py.MPI.IN_PLACE: InPlaceType = IN_PLACE`
Constant IN_PLACE of type *InPlaceType*

mpi4py.MPI.KEYVAL_INVALID

`mpi4py.MPI.KEYVAL_INVALID: int = KEYVAL_INVALID`
Constant KEYVAL_INVALID of type *int*

mpi4py.MPI.TAG_UB

`mpi4py.MPI.TAG_UB: int = TAG_UB`
Constant TAG_UB of type *int*

mpi4py.MPI.IO

`mpi4py.MPI.IO: int = IO`
Constant IO of type *int*

mpi4py.MPI.WTIME_IS_GLOBAL

`mpi4py.MPI.WTIME_IS_GLOBAL: int = WTIME_IS_GLOBAL`
Constant WTIME_IS_GLOBAL of type *int*

mpi4py.MPI.UNIVERSE_SIZE

`mpi4py.MPI.UNIVERSE_SIZE: int = UNIVERSE_SIZE`
Constant UNIVERSE_SIZE of type *int*

mpi4py.MPI.APPNUM

`mpi4py.MPI.APPNUM: int = APPNUM`
Constant APPNUM of type *int*

mpi4py.MPI.LASTUSEDCODE

`mpi4py.MPI.LASTUSEDCODE: int = LASTUSEDCODE`
Constant LASTUSEDCODE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_BASE

`mpi4py.MPI.WIN_BASE: int = WIN_BASE`
Constant WIN_BASE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_SIZE

`mpi4py.MPI.WIN_SIZE: int = WIN_SIZE`
Constant WIN_SIZE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_DISP_UNIT

`mpi4py.MPI.WIN_DISP_UNIT: int = WIN_DISP_UNIT`
Constant WIN_DISP_UNIT of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_CREATE_FLAVOR

`mpi4py.MPI.WIN_CREATE_FLAVOR: int = WIN_CREATE_FLAVOR`
Constant WIN_CREATE_FLAVOR of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_FLAVOR

`mpi4py.MPI.WIN_FLAVOR: int = WIN_FLAVOR`
Constant WIN_FLAVOR of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_MODEL

`mpi4py.MPI.WIN_MODEL: int = WIN_MODEL`
Constant WIN_MODEL of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.SUCCESS

`mpi4py.MPI.SUCCESS: int = SUCCESS`
Constant SUCCESS of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_LASTCODE

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_LASTCODE: int = ERR_LASTCODE`
Constant ERR_LASTCODE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_TYPE

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_TYPE: int = ERR_TYPE`
Constant ERR_TYPE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_REQUEST

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_REQUEST: int = ERR_REQUEST`
Constant ERR_REQUEST of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_OP

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_OP: int = ERR_OP`
Constant ERR_OP of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_GROUP

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_GROUP: int = ERR_GROUP`
Constant ERR_GROUP of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_INFO

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_INFO: int = ERR_INFO`
Constant ERR_INFO of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_ERRHANDLER

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_ERRHANDLER: int = ERR_ERRHANDLER`
Constant ERR_ERRHANDLER of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_SESSION

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_SESSION: int = ERR_SESSION`
Constant ERR_SESSION of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_COMM

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_COMM: int = ERR_COMM`
Constant ERR_COMM of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_WIN

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_WIN: int = ERR_WIN`
Constant ERR_WIN of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_FILE

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_FILE: int = ERR_FILE`
Constant ERR_FILE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_BUFFER

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_BUFFER: int = ERR_BUFFER`
Constant ERR_BUFFER of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_COUNT

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_COUNT: int = ERR_COUNT`
Constant ERR_COUNT of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_TAG

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_TAG: int = ERR_TAG`
Constant ERR_TAG of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_RANK

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_RANK: int = ERR_RANK`
Constant ERR_RANK of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_ROOT

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_ROOT: int = ERR_ROOT`
Constant ERR_ROOT of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_TRUNCATE

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_TRUNCATE: int = ERR_TRUNCATE`
Constant ERR_TRUNCATE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_IN_STATUS

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_IN_STATUS: int = ERR_IN_STATUS`
Constant ERR_IN_STATUS of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_PENDING

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_PENDING: int = ERR_PENDING`
Constant ERR_PENDING of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_TOPOLOGY

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_TOPOLOGY: int = ERR_TOPOLOGY`
Constant ERR_TOPOLOGY of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_DIMS

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_DIMS: int = ERR_DIMS`
Constant ERR_DIMS of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_ARG

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_ARG: int = ERR_ARG`
Constant ERR_ARG of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_OTHER

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_OTHER: int = ERR_OTHER`
Constant ERR_OTHER of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_UNKNOWN

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_UNKNOWN: int = ERR_UNKNOWN`
Constant ERR_UNKNOWN of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_INTERN

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_INTERN: int = ERR_INTERN`
Constant ERR_INTERN of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_KEYVAL

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_KEYVAL: int = ERR_KEYVAL`
Constant ERR_KEYVAL of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_NO_MEM

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_NO_MEM: int = ERR_NO_MEM`
Constant ERR_NO_MEM of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_INFO_KEY

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_INFO_KEY: int = ERR_INFO_KEY`
Constant ERR_INFO_KEY of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_INFO_VALUE

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_INFO_VALUE: int = ERR_INFO_VALUE`
Constant ERR_INFO_VALUE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_INFO_NOKEY

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_INFO_NOKEY: int = ERR_INFO_NOKEY`
Constant ERR_INFO_NOKEY of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_SPAWN

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_SPAWN: int = ERR_SPAWN`
Constant ERR_SPAWN of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_PORT

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_PORT: int = ERR_PORT`
Constant ERR_PORT of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_SERVICE

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_SERVICE: int = ERR_SERVICE`
Constant ERR_SERVICE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_NAME

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_NAME: int = ERR_NAME`
Constant ERR_NAME of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_PROC_ABORTED

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_PROC_ABORTED: int = ERR_PROC_ABORTED`
Constant ERR_PROC_ABORTED of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_BASE

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_BASE: int = ERR_BASE`
Constant ERR_BASE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_SIZE

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_SIZE: int = ERR_SIZE`
Constant ERR_SIZE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_DISP

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_DISP: int = ERR_DISP`
Constant ERR_DISP of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_ASSERT

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_ASSERT: int = ERR_ASSERT`
Constant ERR_ASSERT of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_LOCKTYPE

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_LOCKTYPE: int = ERR_LOCKTYPE`
Constant ERR_LOCKTYPE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_RMA_CONFLICT

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_RMA_CONFLICT: int = ERR_RMA_CONFLICT`
Constant ERR_RMA_CONFLICT of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_RMA_SYNC

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_RMA_SYNC: int = ERR_RMA_SYNC`
Constant ERR_RMA_SYNC of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_RMA_RANGE

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_RMA_RANGE: int = ERR_RMA_RANGE`
Constant ERR_RMA_RANGE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_RMA_ATTACH

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_RMA_ATTACH: int = ERR_RMA_ATTACH`
Constant ERR_RMA_ATTACH of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_RMA_SHARED

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_RMA_SHARED: int = ERR_RMA_SHARED`
Constant ERR_RMA_SHARED of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_RMA_FLAVOR

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_RMA_FLAVOR: int = ERR_RMA_FLAVOR`
Constant ERR_RMA_FLAVOR of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_BAD_FILE

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_BAD_FILE: int = ERR_BAD_FILE`
Constant ERR_BAD_FILE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_NO_SUCH_FILE

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_NO_SUCH_FILE: int = ERR_NO_SUCH_FILE`
Constant ERR_NO_SUCH_FILE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_FILE_EXISTS

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_FILE_EXISTS: int = ERR_FILE_EXISTS`
Constant ERR_FILE_EXISTS of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_FILE_IN_USE

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_FILE_IN_USE: int = ERR_FILE_IN_USE`
Constant ERR_FILE_IN_USE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_AMODE

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_AMODE: int = ERR_AMODE`
Constant ERR_AMODE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_ACCESS

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_ACCESS: int = ERR_ACCESS`
Constant ERR_ACCESS of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_READ_ONLY

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_READ_ONLY: int = ERR_READ_ONLY`
Constant ERR_READ_ONLY of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_NO_SPACE

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_NO_SPACE: int = ERR_NO_SPACE`
Constant ERR_NO_SPACE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_QUOTA

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_QUOTA: int = ERR_QUOTA`
Constant ERR_QUOTA of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_NOT_SAME

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_NOT_SAME: int = ERR_NOT_SAME`
Constant ERR_NOT_SAME of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_IO

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_IO: int = ERR_IO`

Constant ERR_IO of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_UNSUPPORTED_OPERATION

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_UNSUPPORTED_OPERATION: int = ERR_UNSUPPORTED_OPERATION`

Constant ERR_UNSUPPORTED_OPERATION of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_UNSUPPORTED_DATAREP

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_UNSUPPORTED_DATAREP: int = ERR_UNSUPPORTED_DATAREP`

Constant ERR_UNSUPPORTED_DATAREP of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_CONVERSION

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_CONVERSION: int = ERR_CONVERSION`

Constant ERR_CONVERSION of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_DUP_DATAREP

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_DUP_DATAREP: int = ERR_DUP_DATAREP`

Constant ERR_DUP_DATAREP of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_VALUE_TOO_LARGE

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_VALUE_TOO_LARGE: int = ERR_VALUE_TOO_LARGE`

Constant ERR_VALUE_TOO_LARGE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_REVOKED

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_REVOKED: int = ERR_REVOKED`

Constant ERR_REVOKED of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_PROC_FAILED

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_PROC_FAILED: int = ERR_PROC_FAILED`

Constant ERR_PROC_FAILED of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ERR_PROC_FAILED_PENDING

`mpi4py.MPI.ERR_PROC_FAILED_PENDING: int = ERR_PROC_FAILED_PENDING`
Constant ERR_PROC_FAILED_PENDING of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ORDER_C

`mpi4py.MPI.ORDER_C: int = ORDER_C`
Constant ORDER_C of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ORDER_FORTRAN

`mpi4py.MPI.ORDER_FORTRAN: int = ORDER_FORTRAN`
Constant ORDER_FORTRAN of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.ORDER_F

`mpi4py.MPI.ORDER_F: int = ORDER_F`
Constant ORDER_F of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.TYPECLASS_INTEGER

`mpi4py.MPI.TYPECLASS_INTEGER: int = TYPECLASS_INTEGER`
Constant TYPECLASS_INTEGER of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.TYPECLASS_REAL

`mpi4py.MPI.TYPECLASS_REAL: int = TYPECLASS_REAL`
Constant TYPECLASS_REAL of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.TYPECLASS_COMPLEX

`mpi4py.MPI.TYPECLASS_COMPLEX: int = TYPECLASS_COMPLEX`
Constant TYPECLASS_COMPLEX of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.DISTRIBUTE_NONE

`mpi4py.MPI.DISTRIBUTE_NONE: int = DISTRIBUTE_NONE`
Constant DISTRIBUTE_NONE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.DISTRIBUTE_BLOCK

`mpi4py.MPI.DISTRIBUTE_BLOCK: int = DISTRIBUTE_BLOCK`

Constant DISTRIBUTE_BLOCK of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.DISTRIBUTE_CYCLIC

`mpi4py.MPI.DISTRIBUTE_CYCLIC: int = DISTRIBUTE_CYCLIC`

Constant DISTRIBUTE_CYCLIC of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.DISTRIBUTE_DFLT_DARG

`mpi4py.MPI.DISTRIBUTE_DFLT_DARG: int = DISTRIBUTE_DFLT_DARG`

Constant DISTRIBUTE_DFLT_DARG of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_NAMED

`mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_NAMED: int = COMBINER_NAMED`

Constant COMBINER_NAMED of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_DUP

`mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_DUP: int = COMBINER_DUP`

Constant COMBINER_DUP of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_CONTIGUOUS

`mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_CONTIGUOUS: int = COMBINER_CONTIGUOUS`

Constant COMBINER_CONTIGUOUS of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_VECTOR

`mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_VECTOR: int = COMBINER_VECTOR`

Constant COMBINER_VECTOR of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_HVECTOR

`mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_HVECTOR: int = COMBINER_HVECTOR`

Constant COMBINER_HVECTOR of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_INDEXED

`mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_INDEXED: int = COMBINER_INDEXED`

Constant COMBINER_INDEXED of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_HINDEXED

`mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_HINDEXED: int = COMBINER_HINDEXED`

Constant COMBINER_HINDEXED of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_INDEXED_BLOCK

`mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_INDEXED_BLOCK: int = COMBINER_INDEXED_BLOCK`

Constant COMBINER_INDEXED_BLOCK of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_HINDEXED_BLOCK

`mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_HINDEXED_BLOCK: int = COMBINER_HINDEXED_BLOCK`

Constant COMBINER_HINDEXED_BLOCK of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_STRUCT

`mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_STRUCT: int = COMBINER_STRUCT`

Constant COMBINER_STRUCT of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_SUBARRAY

`mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_SUBARRAY: int = COMBINER_SUBARRAY`

Constant COMBINER_SUBARRAY of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_DARRAY

`mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_DARRAY: int = COMBINER_DARRAY`

Constant COMBINER_DARRAY of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_RESIZED

`mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_RESIZED: int = COMBINER_RESIZED`

Constant COMBINER_RESIZED of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_VALUE_INDEX

`mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_VALUE_INDEX: int = COMBINER_VALUE_INDEX`
Constant COMBINER_VALUE_INDEX of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_F90_INTEGER

`mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_F90_INTEGER: int = COMBINER_F90_INTEGER`
Constant COMBINER_F90_INTEGER of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_F90_REAL

`mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_F90_REAL: int = COMBINER_F90_REAL`
Constant COMBINER_F90_REAL of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_F90_COMPLEX

`mpi4py.MPI.COMBINER_F90_COMPLEX: int = COMBINER_F90_COMPLEX`
Constant COMBINER_F90_COMPLEX of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.F_SOURCE

`mpi4py.MPI.F_SOURCE: int = F_SOURCE`
Constant F_SOURCE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.F_TAG

`mpi4py.MPI.F_TAG: int = F_TAG`
Constant F_TAG of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.F_ERROR

`mpi4py.MPI.F_ERROR: int = F_ERROR`
Constant F_ERROR of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.F_STATUS_SIZE

`mpi4py.MPI.F_STATUS_SIZE: int = F_STATUS_SIZE`
Constant F_STATUS_SIZE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.IDENT

`mpi4py.MPI.IDENT: int = IDENT`
Constant IDENT of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.CONGRUENT

`mpi4py.MPI.CONGRUENT: int = CONGRUENT`
Constant CONGRUENT of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.SIMILAR

`mpi4py.MPI.SIMILAR: int = SIMILAR`
Constant SIMILAR of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.UNEQUAL

`mpi4py.MPI.UNEQUAL: int = UNEQUAL`
Constant UNEQUAL of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.CART

`mpi4py.MPI.CART: int = CART`
Constant CART of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.GRAPH

`mpi4py.MPI.GRAPH: int = GRAPH`
Constant GRAPH of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.DIST_GRAPH

`mpi4py.MPI.DIST_GRAPH: int = DIST_GRAPH`
Constant DIST_GRAPH of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.UNWEIGHTED

`mpi4py.MPI.UNWEIGHTED: int = UNWEIGHTED`
Constant UNWEIGHTED of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.WEIGHTS_EMPTY

`mpi4py.MPI.WEIGHTS_EMPTY: int = WEIGHTS_EMPTY`
Constant WEIGHTS_EMPTY of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.COMM_TYPE_SHARED

`mpi4py.MPI.COMM_TYPE_SHARED: int = COMM_TYPE_SHARED`
Constant COMM_TYPE_SHARED of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.COMM_TYPE_HW_GUIDED

`mpi4py.MPI.COMM_TYPE_HW_GUIDED: int = COMM_TYPE_HW_GUIDED`
Constant COMM_TYPE_HW_GUIDED of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.COMM_TYPE_HW_UNGUIDED

`mpi4py.MPI.COMM_TYPE_HW_UNGUIDED: int = COMM_TYPE_HW_UNGUIDED`
Constant COMM_TYPE_HW_UNGUIDED of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.COMM_TYPE_RESOURCE_GUIDED

`mpi4py.MPI.COMM_TYPE_RESOURCE_GUIDED: int = COMM_TYPE_RESOURCE_GUIDED`
Constant COMM_TYPE_RESOURCE_GUIDED of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.BSEND_OVERHEAD

`mpi4py.MPI.BSEND_OVERHEAD: int = BSEND_OVERHEAD`
Constant BSEND_OVERHEAD of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.BUFFER_AUTOMATIC

`mpi4py.MPI.BUFFER_AUTOMATIC: BufferAutomaticType = BUFFER_AUTOMATIC`
Constant BUFFER_AUTOMATIC of type *BufferAutomaticType*

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_FLAVOR_CREATE

`mpi4py.MPI.WIN_FLAVOR_CREATE: int = WIN_FLAVOR_CREATE`
Constant WIN_FLAVOR_CREATE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_FLAVOR_ALLOCATE

`mpi4py.MPI.WIN_FLAVOR_ALLOCATE: int = WIN_FLAVOR_ALLOCATE`
Constant WIN_FLAVOR_ALLOCATE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_FLAVOR_DYNAMIC

`mpi4py.MPI.WIN_FLAVOR_DYNAMIC: int = WIN_FLAVOR_DYNAMIC`
Constant WIN_FLAVOR_DYNAMIC of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_FLAVOR_SHARED

`mpi4py.MPI.WIN_FLAVOR_SHARED: int = WIN_FLAVOR_SHARED`
Constant WIN_FLAVOR_SHARED of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_SEPARATE

`mpi4py.MPI.WIN_SEPARATE: int = WIN_SEPARATE`
Constant WIN_SEPARATE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_UNIFIED

`mpi4py.MPI.WIN_UNIFIED: int = WIN_UNIFIED`
Constant WIN_UNIFIED of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_NOCHECK

`mpi4py.MPI.MODE_NOCHECK: int = MODE_NOCHECK`
Constant MODE_NOCHECK of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_NOSTORE

`mpi4py.MPI.MODE_NOSTORE: int = MODE_NOSTORE`
Constant MODE_NOSTORE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_NOPUT

`mpi4py.MPI.MODE_NOPUT: int = MODE_NOPUT`
Constant MODE_NOPUT of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_NOPRECEDE

`mpi4py.MPI.MODE_NOPRECEDE: int = MODE_NOPRECEDE`
Constant `MODE_NOPRECEDE` of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_NOSUCCEED

`mpi4py.MPI.MODE_NOSUCCEED: int = MODE_NOSUCCEED`
Constant `MODE_NOSUCCEED` of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.LOCK_EXCLUSIVE

`mpi4py.MPI.LOCK_EXCLUSIVE: int = LOCK_EXCLUSIVE`
Constant `LOCK_EXCLUSIVE` of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.LOCK_SHARED

`mpi4py.MPI.LOCK_SHARED: int = LOCK_SHARED`
Constant `LOCK_SHARED` of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_RDONLY

`mpi4py.MPI.MODE_RDONLY: int = MODE_RDONLY`
Constant `MODE_RDONLY` of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_WRONLY

`mpi4py.MPI.MODE_WRONLY: int = MODE_WRONLY`
Constant `MODE_WRONLY` of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_RDWR

`mpi4py.MPI.MODE_RDWR: int = MODE_RDWR`
Constant `MODE_RDWR` of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_CREATE

`mpi4py.MPI.MODE_CREATE: int = MODE_CREATE`
Constant `MODE_CREATE` of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_EXCL

`mpi4py.MPI.MODE_EXCL: int = MODE_EXCL`

Constant `MODE_EXCL` of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE

`mpi4py.MPI.MODE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE: int = MODE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE`

Constant `MODE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE` of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_UNIQUE_OPEN

`mpi4py.MPI.MODE_UNIQUE_OPEN: int = MODE_UNIQUE_OPEN`

Constant `MODE_UNIQUE_OPEN` of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_SEQUENTIAL

`mpi4py.MPI.MODE_SEQUENTIAL: int = MODE_SEQUENTIAL`

Constant `MODE_SEQUENTIAL` of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.MODE_APPEND

`mpi4py.MPI.MODE_APPEND: int = MODE_APPEND`

Constant `MODE_APPEND` of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.SEEK_SET

`mpi4py.MPI.SEEK_SET: int = SEEK_SET`

Constant `SEEK_SET` of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.SEEK_CUR

`mpi4py.MPI.SEEK_CUR: int = SEEK_CUR`

Constant `SEEK_CUR` of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.SEEK_END

`mpi4py.MPI.SEEK_END: int = SEEK_END`

Constant `SEEK_END` of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.DISPLACEMENT_CURRENT

`mpi4py.MPI.DISPLACEMENT_CURRENT: int = DISPLACEMENT_CURRENT`
Constant DISPLACEMENT_CURRENT of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.DISP_CUR

`mpi4py.MPI.DISP_CUR: int = DISP_CUR`
Constant DISP_CUR of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.THREAD_SINGLE

`mpi4py.MPI.THREAD_SINGLE: int = THREAD_SINGLE`
Constant THREAD_SINGLE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.THREAD_FUNNELED

`mpi4py.MPI.THREAD_FUNNELED: int = THREAD_FUNNELED`
Constant THREAD_FUNNELED of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.THREAD_SERIALIZED

`mpi4py.MPI.THREAD_SERIALIZED: int = THREAD_SERIALIZED`
Constant THREAD_SERIALIZED of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.THREAD_MULTIPLE

`mpi4py.MPI.THREAD_MULTIPLE: int = THREAD_MULTIPLE`
Constant THREAD_MULTIPLE of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.VERSION

`mpi4py.MPI.VERSION: int = VERSION`
Constant VERSION of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.SUBVERSION

`mpi4py.MPI.SUBVERSION: int = SUBVERSION`
Constant SUBVERSION of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME

`mpi4py.MPI.MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME: int = MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME`
Constant MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.MAX_ERROR_STRING

`mpi4py.MPI.MAX_ERROR_STRING: int = MAX_ERROR_STRING`
Constant MAX_ERROR_STRING of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.MAX_PORT_NAME

`mpi4py.MPI.MAX_PORT_NAME: int = MAX_PORT_NAME`
Constant MAX_PORT_NAME of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.MAX_INFO_KEY

`mpi4py.MPI.MAX_INFO_KEY: int = MAX_INFO_KEY`
Constant MAX_INFO_KEY of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.MAX_INFO_VAL

`mpi4py.MPI.MAX_INFO_VAL: int = MAX_INFO_VAL`
Constant MAX_INFO_VAL of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.MAX_OBJECT_NAME

`mpi4py.MPI.MAX_OBJECT_NAME: int = MAX_OBJECT_NAME`
Constant MAX_OBJECT_NAME of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.MAX_DATAREP_STRING

`mpi4py.MPI.MAX_DATAREP_STRING: int = MAX_DATAREP_STRING`
Constant MAX_DATAREP_STRING of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.MAX_LIBRARY_VERSION_STRING

`mpi4py.MPI.MAX_LIBRARY_VERSION_STRING: int = MAX_LIBRARY_VERSION_STRING`
Constant MAX_LIBRARY_VERSION_STRING of type `int`

mpi4py.MPI.MAX_PSET_NAME_LEN

`mpi4py.MPI.MAX_PSET_NAME_LEN: int = MAX_PSET_NAME_LEN`
Constant MAX_PSET_NAME_LEN of type *int*

mpi4py.MPI.MAX_STRINGTAG_LEN

`mpi4py.MPI.MAX_STRINGTAG_LEN: int = MAX_STRINGTAG_LEN`
Constant MAX_STRINGTAG_LEN of type *int*

mpi4py.MPI.DATATYPE_NULL

`mpi4py.MPI.DATATYPE_NULL: Datatype = DATATYPE_NULL`
Object DATATYPE_NULL of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.PACKED

`mpi4py.MPI.PACKED: Datatype = PACKED`
Object PACKED of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.BYTE

`mpi4py.MPI.BYTE: Datatype = BYTE`
Object BYTE of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.AINT

`mpi4py.MPI.AINT: Datatype = AINT`
Object AINT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.OFFSET

`mpi4py.MPI.OFFSET: Datatype = OFFSET`
Object OFFSET of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.COUNT

`mpi4py.MPI.COUNT: Datatype = COUNT`
Object COUNT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.CHAR

`mpi4py.MPI.CHAR: Datatype = CHAR`
Object CHAR of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.WCHAR

`mpi4py.MPI.WCHAR: Datatype = WCHAR`
Object WCHAR of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED_CHAR

`mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED_CHAR: Datatype = SIGNED_CHAR`
Object SIGNED_CHAR of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.SHORT

`mpi4py.MPI.SHORT: Datatype = SHORT`
Object SHORT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INT

`mpi4py.MPI.INT: Datatype = INT`
Object INT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.LONG

`mpi4py.MPI.LONG: Datatype = LONG`
Object LONG of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.LONG_LONG

`mpi4py.MPI.LONG_LONG: Datatype = LONG_LONG`
Object LONG_LONG of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED_CHAR

`mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED_CHAR: Datatype = UNSIGNED_CHAR`
Object UNSIGNED_CHAR of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED_SHORT

`mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED_SHORT: Datatype = UNSIGNED_SHORT`
Object UNSIGNED_SHORT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED

`mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED: Datatype = UNSIGNED`
Object UNSIGNED of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED_LONG

`mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED_LONG: Datatype = UNSIGNED_LONG`
Object UNSIGNED_LONG of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG

`mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG: Datatype = UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG`
Object UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.FLOAT

`mpi4py.MPI.FLOAT: Datatype = FLOAT`
Object FLOAT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.DOUBLE

`mpi4py.MPI.DOUBLE: Datatype = DOUBLE`
Object DOUBLE of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.LONG_DOUBLE

`mpi4py.MPI.LONG_DOUBLE: Datatype = LONG_DOUBLE`
Object LONG_DOUBLE of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.C_BOOL

`mpi4py.MPI.C_BOOL: Datatype = C_BOOL`
Object C_BOOL of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INT8_T

`mpi4py.MPI.INT8_T: Datatype = INT8_T`
Object INT8_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INT16_T

`mpi4py.MPI.INT16_T: Datatype = INT16_T`
Object INT16_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INT32_T

`mpi4py.MPI.INT32_T: Datatype = INT32_T`
Object INT32_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INT64_T

`mpi4py.MPI.INT64_T: Datatype = INT64_T`
Object INT64_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.UINT8_T

`mpi4py.MPI.UINT8_T: Datatype = UINT8_T`
Object UINT8_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.UINT16_T

`mpi4py.MPI.UINT16_T: Datatype = UINT16_T`
Object UINT16_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.UINT32_T

`mpi4py.MPI.UINT32_T: Datatype = UINT32_T`
Object UINT32_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.UINT64_T

`mpi4py.MPI.UINT64_T: Datatype = UINT64_T`
Object UINT64_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.C_COMPLEX

`mpi4py.MPI.C_COMPLEX: Datatype = C_COMPLEX`
Object C_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.C_FLOAT_COMPLEX

`mpi4py.MPI.C_FLOAT_COMPLEX: Datatype = C_FLOAT_COMPLEX`
Object C_FLOAT_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.C_DOUBLE_COMPLEX

`mpi4py.MPI.C_DOUBLE_COMPLEX: Datatype = C_DOUBLE_COMPLEX`
Object C_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.C_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX

`mpi4py.MPI.C_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX: Datatype = C_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX`
Object C_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.CXX_BOOL

`mpi4py.MPI.CXX_BOOL: Datatype = CXX_BOOL`
Object CXX_BOOL of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.CXX_FLOAT_COMPLEX

`mpi4py.MPI.CXX_FLOAT_COMPLEX: Datatype = CXX_FLOAT_COMPLEX`
Object CXX_FLOAT_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.CXX_DOUBLE_COMPLEX

`mpi4py.MPI.CXX_DOUBLE_COMPLEX: Datatype = CXX_DOUBLE_COMPLEX`
Object CXX_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.CXX_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX

`mpi4py.MPI.CXX_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX: Datatype = CXX_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX`
Object CXX_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.SHORT_INT

`mpi4py.MPI.SHORT_INT: Datatype = SHORT_INT`
Object SHORT_INT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INT_INT

`mpi4py.MPI.INT_INT: Datatype = INT_INT`
Object INT_INT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.TWOINT

`mpi4py.MPI.TWOINT: Datatype = TWOINT`
Object TWOINT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.LONG_INT

`mpi4py.MPI.LONG_INT: Datatype = LONG_INT`
Object LONG_INT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.FLOAT_INT

`mpi4py.MPI.FLOAT_INT: Datatype = FLOAT_INT`
Object FLOAT_INT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.DOUBLE_INT

`mpi4py.MPI.DOUBLE_INT: Datatype = DOUBLE_INT`
Object DOUBLE_INT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.LONG_DOUBLE_INT

`mpi4py.MPI.LONG_DOUBLE_INT: Datatype = LONG_DOUBLE_INT`
Object LONG_DOUBLE_INT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.CHARACTER

`mpi4py.MPI.CHARACTER: Datatype = CHARACTER`
Object CHARACTER of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL

`mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL: Datatype = LOGICAL`
Object LOGICAL of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER

`mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER: Datatype = INTEGER`
Object INTEGER of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.REAL

`mpi4py.MPI.REAL: Datatype = REAL`
Object REAL of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.DOUBLE_PRECISION

`mpi4py.MPI.DOUBLE_PRECISION: Datatype = DOUBLE_PRECISION`
Object DOUBLE_PRECISION of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX

`mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX: Datatype = COMPLEX`
Object COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.DOUBLE_COMPLEX

`mpi4py.MPI.DOUBLE_COMPLEX: Datatype = DOUBLE_COMPLEX`
Object DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL1

`mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL1: Datatype = LOGICAL1`
Object LOGICAL1 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL2

`mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL2: Datatype = LOGICAL2`
Object LOGICAL2 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL4

`mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL4: Datatype = LOGICAL4`
Object LOGICAL4 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL8

`mpi4py.MPI.LOGICAL8: Datatype = LOGICAL8`
Object LOGICAL8 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER1

`mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER1: Datatype = INTEGER1`
Object INTEGER1 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER2

`mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER2: Datatype = INTEGER2`
Object INTEGER2 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER4

`mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER4: Datatype = INTEGER4`
Object INTEGER4 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER8

`mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER8: Datatype = INTEGER8`
Object INTEGER8 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER16

`mpi4py.MPI.INTEGER16: Datatype = INTEGER16`
Object INTEGER16 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.REAL2

`mpi4py.MPI.REAL2: Datatype = REAL2`
Object REAL2 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.REAL4

`mpi4py.MPI.REAL4: Datatype = REAL4`
Object REAL4 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.REAL8

`mpi4py.MPI.REAL8: Datatype = REAL8`
Object REAL8 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.REAL16

`mpi4py.MPI.REAL16: Datatype = REAL16`
Object REAL16 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX4

`mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX4: Datatype = COMPLEX4`
Object COMPLEX4 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX8

`mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX8: Datatype = COMPLEX8`
Object COMPLEX8 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX16

`mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX16: Datatype = COMPLEX16`
Object COMPLEX16 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX32

`mpi4py.MPI.COMPLEX32: Datatype = COMPLEX32`
Object COMPLEX32 of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED_INT

`mpi4py.MPI.UNSIGNED_INT: Datatype = UNSIGNED_INT`
Object UNSIGNED_INT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED_SHORT

`mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED_SHORT: Datatype = SIGNED_SHORT`
Object SIGNED_SHORT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED_INT

`mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED_INT: Datatype = SIGNED_INT`
Object SIGNED_INT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED_LONG

`mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED_LONG: Datatype = SIGNED_LONG`
Object SIGNED_LONG of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED_LONG_LONG

`mpi4py.MPI.SIGNED_LONG_LONG: Datatype = SIGNED_LONG_LONG`
Object SIGNED_LONG_LONG of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.BOOL

`mpi4py.MPI.BOOL: Datatype = BOOL`
Object BOOL of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.SINT8_T

`mpi4py.MPI.SINT8_T: Datatype = SINT8_T`
Object SINT8_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.SINT16_T

`mpi4py.MPI.SINT16_T: Datatype = SINT16_T`
Object SINT16_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.SINT32_T

`mpi4py.MPI.SINT32_T: Datatype = SINT32_T`
Object SINT32_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.SINT64_T

`mpi4py.MPI.SINT64_T: Datatype = SINT64_T`
Object SINT64_T of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.F_BOOL

`mpi4py.MPI.F_BOOL: Datatype = F_BOOL`
Object F_BOOL of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.F_INT

`mpi4py.MPI.F_INT: Datatype = F_INT`
Object F_INT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.F_FLOAT

`mpi4py.MPI.F_FLOAT: Datatype = F_FLOAT`
Object F_FLOAT of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.F_DOUBLE

`mpi4py.MPI.F_DOUBLE: Datatype = F_DOUBLE`
Object F_DOUBLE of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.F_COMPLEX

`mpi4py.MPI.F_COMPLEX: Datatype = F_COMPLEX`
Object F_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.F_FLOAT_COMPLEX

`mpi4py.MPI.F_FLOAT_COMPLEX: Datatype = F_FLOAT_COMPLEX`
Object F_FLOAT_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.F_DOUBLE_COMPLEX

`mpi4py.MPI.F_DOUBLE_COMPLEX: Datatype = F_DOUBLE_COMPLEX`
Object F_DOUBLE_COMPLEX of type *Datatype*

mpi4py.MPI.REQUEST_NULL

`mpi4py.MPI.REQUEST_NULL: Request = REQUEST_NULL`

Object REQUEST_NULL of type *Request*

mpi4py.MPI.MESSAGE_NULL

`mpi4py.MPI.MESSAGE_NULL: Message = MESSAGE_NULL`

Object MESSAGE_NULL of type *Message*

mpi4py.MPI.MESSAGE_NO_PROC

`mpi4py.MPI.MESSAGE_NO_PROC: Message = MESSAGE_NO_PROC`

Object MESSAGE_NO_PROC of type *Message*

mpi4py.MPI.OP_NULL

`mpi4py.MPI.OP_NULL: Op = OP_NULL`

Object OP_NULL of type *Op*

Parameters

- **x** (*Any*)
- **y** (*Any*)

Return type

Any

mpi4py.MPI.MAX

`mpi4py.MPI.MAX: Op = MAX`

Object MAX of type *Op*

Parameters

- **x** (*Any*)
- **y** (*Any*)

Return type

Any

mpi4py.MPI.MIN

`mpi4py.MPI.MIN: Op = MIN`

Object MIN of type *Op*

Parameters

- **x** (*Any*)
- **y** (*Any*)

Return type

Any

mpi4py.MPI.SUM

mpi4py.MPI.SUM: *Op* = SUM

Object SUM of type *Op*

Parameters

- **x** (*Any*)
- **y** (*Any*)

Return type

Any

mpi4py.MPI.PROD

mpi4py.MPI.PROD: *Op* = PROD

Object PROD of type *Op*

Parameters

- **x** (*Any*)
- **y** (*Any*)

Return type

Any

mpi4py.MPI.LAND

mpi4py.MPI.LAND: *Op* = LAND

Object LAND of type *Op*

Parameters

- **x** (*Any*)
- **y** (*Any*)

Return type

Any

mpi4py.MPI.BAND

mpi4py.MPI.BAND: *Op* = BAND

Object BAND of type *Op*

Parameters

- **x** (*Any*)
- **y** (*Any*)

Return type

Any

mpi4py.MPI.LOR

`mpi4py.MPI.LOR`: *Op* = LOR

Object LOR of type *Op*

Parameters

- *x* (*Any*)
- *y* (*Any*)

Return type

Any

mpi4py.MPI.BOR

`mpi4py.MPI.BOR`: *Op* = BOR

Object BOR of type *Op*

Parameters

- *x* (*Any*)
- *y* (*Any*)

Return type

Any

mpi4py.MPI.LXOR

`mpi4py.MPI.LXOR`: *Op* = LXOR

Object LXOR of type *Op*

Parameters

- *x* (*Any*)
- *y* (*Any*)

Return type

Any

mpi4py.MPI.BXOR

`mpi4py.MPI.BXOR`: *Op* = BXOR

Object BXOR of type *Op*

Parameters

- *x* (*Any*)
- *y* (*Any*)

Return type

Any

mpi4py.MPI.MAXLOC

`mpi4py.MPI.MAXLOC: Op = MAXLOC`

Object MAXLOC of type *Op*

Parameters

- *x* (*Any*)
- *y* (*Any*)

Return type

Any

mpi4py.MPI.MINLOC

`mpi4py.MPI.MINLOC: Op = MINLOC`

Object MINLOC of type *Op*

Parameters

- *x* (*Any*)
- *y* (*Any*)

Return type

Any

mpi4py.MPI.REPLACE

`mpi4py.MPI.REPLACE: Op = REPLACE`

Object REPLACE of type *Op*

Parameters

- *x* (*Any*)
- *y* (*Any*)

Return type

Any

mpi4py.MPI.NO_OP

`mpi4py.MPI.NO_OP: Op = NO_OP`

Object NO_OP of type *Op*

Parameters

- *x* (*Any*)
- *y* (*Any*)

Return type

Any

mpi4py.MPI.GROUP_NULL

`mpi4py.MPI.GROUP_NULL: Group = GROUP_NULL`
Object GROUP_NULL of type *Group*

mpi4py.MPI.GROUP_EMPTY

`mpi4py.MPI.GROUP_EMPTY: Group = GROUP_EMPTY`
Object GROUP_EMPTY of type *Group*

mpi4py.MPI.INFO_NULL

`mpi4py.MPI.INFO_NULL: Info = INFO_NULL`
Object INFO_NULL of type *Info*

mpi4py.MPI.INFO_ENV

`mpi4py.MPI.INFO_ENV: Info = INFO_ENV`
Object INFO_ENV of type *Info*

mpi4py.MPI.ERRHANDLER_NULL

`mpi4py.MPI.ERRHANDLER_NULL: Errhandler = ERRHANDLER_NULL`
Object ERRHANDLER_NULL of type *Errhandler*

mpi4py.MPI.ERRORS_RETURN

`mpi4py.MPI.ERRORS_RETURN: Errhandler = ERRORS_RETURN`
Object ERRORS_RETURN of type *Errhandler*

mpi4py.MPI.ERRORS_ABORT

`mpi4py.MPI.ERRORS_ABORT: Errhandler = ERRORS_ABORT`
Object ERRORS_ABORT of type *Errhandler*

mpi4py.MPI.ERRORS_ARE_FATAL

`mpi4py.MPI.ERRORS_ARE_FATAL: Errhandler = ERRORS_ARE_FATAL`
Object ERRORS_ARE_FATAL of type *Errhandler*

mpi4py.MPI.SESSION_NULL

`mpi4py.MPI.SESSION_NULL: Session = SESSION_NULL`
Object SESSION_NULL of type *Session*

mpi4py.MPI.COMM_NULL

`mpi4py.MPI.COMM_NULL: Comm = COMM_NULL`
Object COMM_NULL of type *Comm*

mpi4py.MPI.COMM_SELF

`mpi4py.MPI.COMM_SELF: Intracomm = COMM_SELF`
Object COMM_SELF of type *Intracomm*

mpi4py.MPI.COMM_WORLD

`mpi4py.MPI.COMM_WORLD: Intracomm = COMM_WORLD`
Object COMM_WORLD of type *Intracomm*

mpi4py.MPI.WIN_NULL

`mpi4py.MPI.WIN_NULL: Win = WIN_NULL`
Object WIN_NULL of type *Win*

mpi4py.MPI.FILE_NULL

`mpi4py.MPI.FILE_NULL: File = FILE_NULL`
Object FILE_NULL of type *File*

mpi4py.MPI.pickle

`mpi4py.MPI.pickle: Pickle = <mpi4py.MPI.Pickle object>`
Object pickle of type *Pickle*

12 Citation

If MPI for Python been significant to a project that leads to an academic publication, please acknowledge that fact by citing the project.

- M. Rogowski, S. Aseeri, D. Keyes, and L. Dalcin, *mpi4py.futures: MPI-Based Asynchronous Task Execution for Python*, IEEE Transactions on Parallel and Distributed Systems, 34(2):611-622, 2023. <https://doi.org/10.1109/TPDS.2022.3225481>
- L. Dalcin and Y.-L. L. Fang, *mpi4py: Status Update After 12 Years of Development*, Computing in Science & Engineering, 23(4):47-54, 2021. <https://doi.org/10.1109/MCSE.2021.3083216>

- L. Dalcin, P. Kler, R. Paz, and A. Cosimo, *Parallel Distributed Computing using Python*, Advances in Water Resources, 34(9):1124-1139, 2011. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.advwatres.2011.04.013>
- L. Dalcin, R. Paz, M. Storti, and J. D'Elia, *MPI for Python: performance improvements and MPI-2 extensions*, Journal of Parallel and Distributed Computing, 68(5):655-662, 2008. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jpdc.2007.09.005>
- L. Dalcin, R. Paz, and M. Storti, *MPI for Python*, Journal of Parallel and Distributed Computing, 65(9):1108-1115, 2005. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jpdc.2005.03.010>

13 Installation

13.1 Build backends

mpi4py supports three different build backends: `setuptools` (default), `scikit-build-core` (CMake-based), and `meson-python` (Meson-based). The build backend can be selected by setting the `MPI4PY_BUILD_BACKEND` environment variable.

`MPI4PY_BUILD_BACKEND`

Choices

"setuptools", "scikit-build-core", "meson-python"

Default

"setuptools"

Request a build backend for building mpi4py from sources.

Using setuptools

Tip

Set the `MPI4PY_BUILD_BACKEND` environment variable to "setuptools" to use the `setuptools` build backend.

When using the default `setuptools` build backend, mpi4py relies on the legacy Python distutils framework to build C extension modules. The following environment variables affect the build configuration.

`MPI4PY_BUILD_MPICC`

The `mpicc` compiler wrapper command is searched for in the executable search path (PATH environment variable) and used to compile the `mpi4py.MPI` C extension module. Alternatively, use the `MPI4PY_BUILD_MPICC` environment variable to the full path or command corresponding to the MPI-aware C compiler.

`MPI4PY_BUILD_MPILD`

The `mpicc` compiler wrapper command is also used for linking the `mpi4py.MPI` C extension module. Alternatively, use the `MPI4PY_BUILD_MPILD` environment variable to specify the full path or command corresponding to the MPI-aware C linker.

`MPI4PY_BUILD_MPICFG`

If the MPI implementation does not provide a compiler wrapper, or it is not installed in a default system location, all relevant build information like include/library locations and library lists can be provided in an ini-style configuration file under a [mpi] section. mpi4py can then be asked to use the custom build information by setting the `MPI4PY_BUILD_MPICFG` environment variable to the full path of the configuration file. As an example, see the `mpi.cfg` file located in the top level mpi4py source directory.

MPI4PY_BUILD_CONFIGURE

Some vendor MPI implementations may not provide complete coverage of the MPI standard, or may provide partial features of newer MPI standard versions while advertising support for an older version. Setting the `MPI4PY_BUILD_CONFIGURE` environment variable to a non-empty string will trigger the run of exhaustive checks for the availability of all MPI constants, predefined handles, and routines.

The following environment variables are aliases for the ones described above. Having shorter names, they are convenient for occasional use in the command line. Its usage is not recommended in automation scenarios like packaging recipes, deployment scripts, and container image creation.

MPICC

Convenience alias for `MPI4PY_BUILD_MPICC`.

MPILD

Convenience alias for `MPI4PY_BUILD_MPILD`.

MPICFG

Convenience alias for `MPI4PY_BUILD_MPICFG`.

Using scikit-build-core

Tip

Set the `MPI4PY_BUILD_BACKEND` environment variable to "scikit-build-core" to use the `scikit-build-core` build backend.

When using the `scikit-build-core` build backend, `mpi4py` delegates all of MPI build configuration to `CMake`'s `FindMPI` module. Besides the obvious advantage of cross-platform support, this delegation to `CMake` may be convenient in build environments exposing vendor software stacks via intricate module systems. Note however that `mpi4py` will not be able to look for MPI routines available beyond the MPI standard version the MPI implementation advertises to support (via the `MPI_VERSION` and `MPI_SUBVERSION` macro constants in the `mpi.h` header file), any missing MPI constant or symbol will prevent a successful build.

Using meson-python

Tip

Set the `MPI4PY_BUILD_BACKEND` environment variable to "meson-python" to use the `meson-python` build backend.

When using the `meson-python` build backend, `mpi4py` delegates build tasks to the `Meson` build system.

Warning

`mpi4py` support for the `meson-python` build backend is experimental. For the time being, users must set the `CC` environment variable to the command or path corresponding to the `mpicc` C compiler wrapper.

13.2 Using pip

You can install the latest mpi4py release from its source distribution at [PyPI](#) using pip:

```
$ python -m pip install mpi4py
```

You can also install the in-development version with:

```
$ python -m pip install git+https://github.com/mpi4py/mpi4py
```

or:

```
$ python -m pip install https://github.com/mpi4py/mpi4py/tarball/master
```

Note

Installing mpi4py from its source distribution (available at PyPI) or Git source code repository (available at GitHub) requires a C compiler and a working MPI implementation with development headers and libraries.

Warning

pip keeps previously built wheel files on its cache for future reuse. If you want to reinstall the mpi4py package using a different or updated MPI implementation, you have to either first remove the cached wheel file with:

```
$ python -m pip cache remove mpi4py
```

or ask pip to disable the cache:

```
$ python -m pip install --no-cache-dir mpi4py
```

13.3 Using conda

The [conda-forge](#) community provides ready-to-use binary packages from an ever growing collection of software libraries built around the multi-platform *conda* package manager. Four MPI implementations are available on conda-forge: Open MPI (Linux and macOS), MPICH (Linux and macOS), Intel MPI (Linux and Windows) and Microsoft MPI (Windows). You can install mpi4py and your preferred MPI implementation using the conda package manager:

- to use MPICH do:

```
$ conda install -c conda-forge mpi4py mpich
```

- to use Open MPI do:

```
$ conda install -c conda-forge mpi4py openmpi
```

- to use Intel MPI do:

```
$ conda install -c conda-forge mpi4py impi_rt
```

- to use Microsoft MPI do:

```
$ conda install -c conda-forge mpi4py msmpi
```

MPICH and many of its derivatives are ABI-compatible. You can provide the package specification `mpich=X.Y.*=external_*` (where `X` and `Y` are the major and minor version numbers) to request the conda package manager to use system-provided MPICH (or derivative) libraries. Similarly, you can provide the package specification `openmpi=X.Y.*=external_*` to use system-provided Open MPI libraries.

The `openmpi` package on conda-forge has built-in CUDA support, but it is disabled by default. To enable it, follow the instruction outlined during `conda install`. Additionally, UCX support is also available once the `ucx` package is installed.

Warning

Binary conda-forge packages are built with a focus on compatibility. The MPICH and Open MPI packages are built in a constrained environment with relatively dated OS images. Therefore, they may lack support for high-performance features like cross-memory attach (XPMEM/CMA). In production scenarios, it is recommended to use external (either custom-built or system-provided) MPI installations. See the relevant conda-forge documentation about [using external MPI libraries](#).

13.4 Linux

On **Fedora Linux** systems (as well as **RHEL** and their derivatives using the EPEL software repository), you can install binary packages with the system package manager:

- using `dnf` and the `mpich` package:

```
$ sudo dnf install python3-mpi4py-mpich
```

- using `dnf` and the `openmpi` package:

```
$ sudo dnf install python3-mpi4py-openmpi
```

Please remember to load the correct MPI module for your chosen MPI implementation:

- for the `mpich` package do:

```
$ module load mpi/mpich-$(arch)
$ python -c "from mpi4py import MPI"
```

- for the `openmpi` package do:

```
$ module load mpi/openmpi-$(arch)
$ python -c "from mpi4py import MPI"
```

On **Ubuntu Linux** and **Debian Linux** systems, binary packages are available for installation using the system package manager:

```
$ sudo apt install python3-mpi4py
```

Note that on Ubuntu/Debian systems, the `mpi4py` package uses Open MPI. To use MPICH, install the `libmpich-dev` and `python3-dev` packages (and any other required development tools). Afterwards, install `mpi4py` from sources using `pip`.

13.5 macOS

macOS users can install mpi4py using the [Homebrew](#) package manager:

```
$ brew install mpi4py
```

Note that the Homebrew mpi4py package uses Open MPI. Alternatively, install the `mpich` package and next install mpi4py from sources using `pip`.

13.6 Windows

Windows users can install mpi4py from binary wheels hosted on the Python Package Index (PyPI) using `pip`:

```
$ python -m pip install mpi4py
```

The Windows wheels available on PyPI are specially crafted to work with either the [Intel MPI](#) or the [Microsoft MPI](#) runtime, therefore requiring a separate installation of any one of these packages.

Intel MPI is under active development and supports recent version of the MPI standard. Intel MPI can be installed with `pip` (see the `impi-rt` package on PyPI), being therefore straightforward to get it up and running within a Python environment. Intel MPI can also be installed system-wide as part of the Intel HPC Toolkit for Windows or via standalone online/offline installers.

14 Development

14.1 Prerequisites

You need to have the following software properly installed to develop *MPI for Python*:

- [Python](#) 3.6 or above.
- The [Cython](#) compiler.
- A working [MPI](#) implementation like [MPICH](#) or [Open MPI](#), preferably supporting MPI-4 and built with shared/dynamic libraries.

Optionally, consider installing the following packages:

- [NumPy](#) for enabling comprehensive testing of MPI communication.
- [CuPy](#) for enabling comprehensive testing with a GPU-aware MPI.
- [Sphinx](#) to build the documentation.

Tip

Most routine development tasks like building, installing in editable mode, testing, and generating documentation can be performed with the [spin](#) developer tool. Run **spin** at the top level source directory for a list of available subcommands.

14.2 Building

MPI for Python uses **setuptools**-based build system that relies on the `setup.py` file. Some **setuptools** commands (e.g., *build*) accept additional options:

--mpi=

Lets you pass a section with MPI configuration within a special configuration file. Alternatively, you can use the *MPICFG* environment variable.

--mpicc=

Specify the path or name of the **mpicc** C compiler wrapper. Alternatively, use the *MPICC* environment variable.

--mpil=

Specify the full path or name for the MPI-aware C linker. Alternatively, use the *MPILD* environment variable. If not set, the **mpicc** C compiler wrapper is used for linking.

--configure

Runs exhaustive tests for checking about missing MPI types, constants, and functions. This option should be passed in order to build *MPI for Python* against old MPI-1, MPI-2, or MPI-3 implementations, possibly providing a subset of MPI-4.

If you use a MPI implementation providing a **mpicc** C compiler wrapper (e.g., MPICH or Open MPI), it will be used for compilation and linking. This is the preferred and easiest way to build *MPI for Python*.

If **mpicc** is found in the executable search path (PATH environment variable), simply run the *build* command:

```
$ python setup.py build
```

If **mpicc** is not in your search path or the compiler wrapper has a different name, you can run the *build* command specifying its location, either via the **--mpicc** command option or using the *MPICC* environment variable:

```
$ python setup.py build --mpicc=/path/to/mpicc
$ env MPICC=/path/to/mpicc python setup.py build
```

Alternatively, you can provide all the relevant information about your MPI implementation by editing the `mpi.cfg` file located in the top level source directory. You can use the default section `[mpi]` or add a new custom section, for example `[vendor_mpi]` (see the examples provided in the `mpi.cfg` file as a starting point to write your own section):

```
[mpi]
include_dirs      = /usr/local/mpi/include
libraries         = mpi
library_dirs      = /usr/local/mpi/lib
runtime_library_dirs = /usr/local/mpi/lib

[vendor_mpi]
include_dirs      = /opt/mpi/include ...
libraries         = mpi ...
library_dirs      = /opt/mpi/lib ...
runtime_library_dirs = /opt/mpi/lib ...

...
```

and then run the *build* command specifying you custom configuration section:

```
$ python setup.py build --mpi=vendor_mpi
$ env MPICFG=vendor_mpi python setup.py build
```

14.3 Installing

MPI for Python can be installed in editable mode:

```
$ python -m pip install --editable .
```

After modifying Cython sources, an in-place rebuild is needed:

```
$ python setup.py build --inplace
```

14.4 Testing

To quickly test the installation:

```
$ mpiexec -n 5 python -m mpi4py.bench helloworld
Hello, World! I am process 0 of 5 on localhost.
Hello, World! I am process 1 of 5 on localhost.
Hello, World! I am process 2 of 5 on localhost.
Hello, World! I am process 3 of 5 on localhost.
Hello, World! I am process 4 of 5 on localhost.

$ mpiexec -n 5 python -m mpi4py.bench ringtest -l 10 -n 1048576
time for 10 loops = 0.00361614 seconds (5 processes, 1048576 bytes)
```

If you installed from a git clone or the source distribution, issuing at the command line:

```
$ mpiexec -n 5 python demo/helloworld.py
```

will launch a five-process run of the Python interpreter and run the demo script `demo/helloworld.py` from the source distribution.

You can also run all the *unittest* scripts:

```
$ mpiexec -n 5 python test/main.py
```

or, if you have the *pytest* unit testing framework installed:

```
$ mpiexec -n 5 pytest
```

15 Guidelines

15.1 Fair play

Summary

This section defines Rules of Play for companies and outside developers that engage with the *mpi4py* project. It covers:

- Restrictions on use of the *mpi4py* name.
- How and whether to publish a modified distribution.
- How to make us aware of patched versions.

After reading this section, companies and developers will know what kinds of behavior the mpi4py developers and contributors would like to see, and which we consider troublesome, bothersome, and unacceptable.

This document is a close adaptation of [NumPy NEP 36](#).

Motivation

Occasionally, we learn of modified mpi4py versions and binary distributions circulated by outsiders. These patched versions can cause problems to mpi4py users (see, e.g., [mpi4py/mpi4py#508](#)). When issues like these arise, our developers waste time identifying the problematic release, locating alterations, and determining an appropriate course of action.

In addition, packages on the Python Packaging Index are sometimes named such that users assume they are sanctioned or maintained by the mpi4py developers. We wish to reduce the number of such incidents.

Scope

This document aims to define a minimal set of rules that, when followed, will be considered good-faith efforts in line with the expectations of the mpi4py developers and contributors.

Our hope is that companies and outside developers who feel they need to modify mpi4py will first consider contributing to the project, or use alternative mechanisms for patching and extending mpi4py.

When in doubt, please [talk to us first](#). We may suggest an alternative; at minimum, we'll be informed and we may even grant an exception if deemed appropriate.

Fair play rules

1. Do not reuse the mpi4py name for projects not affiliated with the mpi4py project.

At time of writing, there are only a handful of mpi4py-named packages developed by the mpi4py project, including mpi4py and mpi4py-fft. We ask that outside packages not include the phrase mpi4py, i.e., avoid names such as mycompany-mpi4py or mpi4py-mycompany.

To be clear, this rule only applies to modules (package names); it is perfectly acceptable to have a *submodule* of your own package named mycompany.mpi4py.

2. Do not publish binary mpi4py wheels on PyPI (<https://pypi.org/>).

We ask companies and outside developers to not publish binary mpi4py wheels in the main Python Package Index (<https://pypi.org/>) under names such as mpi4py-mpich, mpi4py-openmpi, or mpi4py-vendor_mpi.

The usual approaches to build binary Python wheels involve the embedding of dependent shared libraries. While such an approach may seem convenient and often is, in the particular case of MPI and mpi4py it is ultimately harmful to end users. Embedding the MPI shared libraries would prevent the use of external, system-provided MPI installations with hardware-specific optimizations and site-specific tweaks.

The MPI Forum is currently discussing the standardization of a proposal for an Application Binary Interface (ABI) for MPI, see [[mpi-abi-paper](#)] and [[mpi-abi-issue](#)]. Such standardization will allow for any binary dependent on the MPI library to be used with multiple MPI backends. Once this proposal becomes part of the MPI standard, the mpi4py project will consider publishing on PyPI binary wheels capable of using any backend MPI implementation supporting the new MPI ABI specification. In the mean time, mpi4py is currently distributing experimental MPI and mpi4py binary wheels on <https://anaconda.org/mpi4py>.

3. Do not republish modified versions of mpi4py.

Modified versions of mpi4py make it very difficult for the developers to address bug reports, since we typically do not know which parts of mpi4py have been modified.

If you have to break this rule (and we implore you not to!), then make it clear in the `__version__` tag that you have modified `mpi4py`, e.g.:

```
>>> print(mpi4py.__version__)
'4.0.0+mycompany.13'
```

We understand that minor patches are often required to make a library work inside of a package ecosystem. This is totally acceptable, but we ask that no substantive changes are made.

4. Do not extend or modify `mpi4py`'s API.

If you absolutely have to break the previous rule, please do not add additional functions to the namespace, or modify the API of existing functions. Having additional functions exposed in distributed versions is confusing for users and developers alike.

16 LICENSE

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17 CHANGES

17.1 Release 4.0.1 [2024-10-11]

- Update support for Python 3.13:
 - Enable Cython 3.1 support for free-threaded CPython.
 - Allow compiling Cython-generated C sources with the full Python C-API.
 - Fix MPI DLL path workarounds on Windows after changes to `locals()`.
- Enhancements to test suite:
 - Support XML reports via `unittest-xml-reporting`.

- Add command line options to exclude tests by patterns and files.
- Refactor Python 2 code to use Python 3 constructs using `pyupgrade`.
- Miscellaneous:
 - Minor and mostly inconsequential subclass fix in `mpi4py.util.pk15`.
 - Update compatibility workarounds for legacy MPICH 3.0 release.

17.2 Release 4.0.0 [2024-07-28]

- New features:
 - Add support for the MPI-4.0 standard.
 - * Use large count MPI-4 routines.
 - * Add persistent collective communication.
 - * Add partitioned point-to-point communication.
 - * Add new communicator constructors.
 - * Add the `Session` class and its methods.
 - Add support for the MPI-4.1 standard.
 - * Add non-destructive completion test for multiple requests.
 - * Add value-index datatype constructor.
 - * Add communicator/session buffer attach/detach/flush.
 - * Support for removal of error classes/codes/strings.
 - * Support for querying hardware resource information.
 - Add preliminary support for the upcoming MPI-5.0 standard.
 - * User-level failure mitigation (ULFM).
 - `mpi4py.util.pool`: New drop-in replacement for `multiprocessing.pool`.
 - `mpi4py.util.sync`: New synchronization utilities.
 - Add runtime check for mismatch between `mpiexec` and MPI library.
 - Support `scikit-build-core` as an alternative build backend.
 - Support `meson-python` as an alternative build backend.
- Enhancements:
 - `mpi4py.futures`: Support for parallel tasks.
 - `mpi4py.futures`: Report exception tracebacks in workers.
 - `mpi4py.util.pk15`: Add support for collective communication.
 - Add methods `Datatype.fromcode()`, `Datatype.tocode()` and attributes `Datatype.typestr`, `Datatype.typechar` to simplify NumPy interoperability for simple cases.
 - Add methods `Comm.Create_errhandler()`, `Win.Create_errhandler()`, and `File.Create_errhandler()` to create custom error handlers.

- Add support for pickle serialization of instances of MPI types. All instances of `Datatype`, `Info`, and `Status` can be serialized. Instances of `Op` can be serialized only if created through `mpi4py` by calling `Op.Create()`. Instances of other MPI types can be serialized only if they reference predefined handles.
- Add `handle` attribute and `fromhandle()` class method to MPI classes to ease interoperability with external code. The handle value is an unsigned integer guaranteed to fit on the platform's `uintptr_t` C type.
- Add lowercase `free()` method to MPI classes to ease MPI object deallocation and cleanup. This method eventually attempts to call `Free()`, but only if the object's MPI handle is not a null or predefined handle, and such call is allowed within the World Model init/finalize.
- Backward-incompatible changes:
 - Python 2 is no longer supported, Python 3.6+ is required, but typing stubs are supported for Python 3.8+.
 - The `Intracomm.Create_group()` method is no longer defined in the base `Comm` class.
 - `Group.Compare()` and `Comm.Compare()` are no longer class methods but instance methods. Existing codes using the former class methods are expected to continue working.
 - `Group.Translate_ranks()` is no longer a class method but an instance method. Existing codes using the former class method are expected to continue working.
 - The LB and UB datatypes are no longer available, use `Datatype.Create_resized()` instead.
 - The `HOST` predefined attribute key is no longer available.
 - The `MPI.memory` class has been renamed to `MPI.buffer`. The old name is still available as an alias to the new name.
 - The `mpi4py.dl` module is no longer available.
 - The `mpi4py.get_config` function returns an empty dictionary.
- Miscellaneous:
 - The project is now licensed under the BSD-3-Clause license. This change is fairly inconsequential for users and distributors. It simply adds an additional clause against using contributor names for promotional purposes without their consent.
 - Add a new guidelines section to documentation laying out new fair play rules. These rules ask companies and outside developers to refrain from reusing the `mpi4py` name in unaffiliated projects, publishing binary `mpi4py` wheels on the main Python Package Index (PyPI), and distributing modified versions with incompatible or extended API changes. The primary motivation of these rules is to avoid fragmentation and end-user confusion.

17.3 Release 3.1.6 [2024-04-14]

Warning

This is the last release supporting Python 2.

- Fix various build issues.

17.4 Release 3.1.5 [2023-10-04]

Warning

This is the last release supporting Python 2.

- Rebuild C sources with Cython 0.29.36 to support Python 3.12.

17.5 Release 3.1.4 [2022-11-02]

Warning

This is the last release supporting Python 2.

- Rebuild C sources with Cython 0.29.32 to support Python 3.11.
- Fix contiguity check for DLPack and CAI buffers.
- Workaround build failures with setuptools v60.

17.6 Release 3.1.3 [2021-11-25]

Warning

This is the last release supporting Python 2.

- Add missing support for `MPI.BOTTOM` to generalized all-to-all collectives.

17.7 Release 3.1.2 [2021-11-04]

Warning

This is the last release supporting Python 2.

- `mpi4py.futures`: Add `_max_workers` property to `MPILoopExecutor`.
- `mpi4py.util.dtlb`: Fix computation of alignment for predefined datatypes.
- `mpi4py.util.pk15`: Fix deadlock when using `ssend()` + `mprobe()`.
- `mpi4py.util.pk15`: Add environment variable `MPI4PY_PICKLE_THRESHOLD`.
- `mpi4py.rc`: Interpret "y" and "n" strings as boolean values.
- Fix/add typemap/typestr for `MPI.WCHAR/MPI.COUNT` datatypes.
- Minor fixes and additions to documentation.
- Minor fixes to typing support.

- Support for local version identifier (PEP-440).

17.8 Release 3.1.1 [2021-08-14]

Warning

This is the last release supporting Python 2.

- Fix typo in Requires-Python package metadata.
- Regenerate C sources with Cython 0.29.24.

17.9 Release 3.1.0 [2021-08-12]

Warning

This is the last release supporting Python 2.

- New features:
 - `mpi4py.util`: New package collecting miscellaneous utilities.
- Enhancements:
 - Add pickle-based `Request.waitsome()` and `Request.testsome()`.
 - Add lowercase methods `Request.get_status()` and `Request.cancel()`.
 - Support for passing Python GPU arrays compliant with the [DLPack](#) data interchange mechanism ([link](#)) and the `__cuda_array_interface__` (CAI) standard ([link](#)) to uppercase methods. This support requires that `mpi4py` is built against [CUDA-aware MPI](#) implementations. This feature is currently experimental and subject to future changes.
 - `mpi4py.futures`: Add support for initializers and canceling futures at shutdown. Environment variables names now follow the pattern `MPI4PY_FUTURES_*`, the previous `MPI4PY_*` names are deprecated.
 - Add type annotations to Cython code. The first line of the docstring of functions and methods displays a signature including type annotations.
 - Add companion stub files to support type checkers.
 - Support for weak references.
- Miscellaneous:
 - Add a new `mpi4py` publication ([link](#)) to the citation listing.

17.10 Release 3.0.3 [2019-11-04]

- Regenerate Cython wrappers to support Python 3.8.

17.11 Release 3.0.2 [2019-06-11]

- Bug fixes:
 - Fix handling of readonly buffers in support for Python 2 legacy buffer interface. The issue triggers only when using a buffer-like object that is readonly and does not export the new Python 3 buffer interface.
 - Fix build issues with Open MPI 4.0.x series related to removal of many MPI-1 symbols deprecated in MPI-2 and removed in MPI-3.
 - Minor documentation fixes.

17.12 Release 3.0.1 [2019-02-15]

- Bug fixes:
 - Fix `Comm.scatter()` and other collectives corrupting input send list. Add safety measures to prevent related issues in global reduction operations.
 - Fix error-checking code for counts in `Op.Reduce_local()`.
- Enhancements:
 - Map size-specific Python/NumPy typecodes to MPI datatypes.
 - Allow partial specification of target list/tuple arguments in the various `Win` RMA methods.
 - Workaround for removal of `MPI_{LB|UB}` in Open MPI 4.0.
 - Support for Microsoft MPI v10.0.

17.13 Release 3.0.0 [2017-11-08]

- New features:
 - `mpi4py.futures`: Execute computations asynchronously using a pool of MPI processes. This package is based on `concurrent.futures` from the Python standard library.
 - `mpi4py.run`: Run Python code and abort execution in case of unhandled exceptions to prevent deadlocks.
 - `mpi4py.bench`: Run basic MPI benchmarks and tests.
- Enhancements:
 - Lowercase, pickle-based collective communication calls are now thread-safe through the use of fine-grained locking.
 - The `MPI` module now exposes a `memory` type which is a lightweight variant of the builtin `memoryview` type, but exposes both the legacy Python 2 and the modern Python 3 buffer interface under a Python 2 runtime.
 - The `MPI.Comm.Alltoallw()` method now uses `count=1` and `displ=0` as defaults, assuming that messages are specified through user-defined datatypes.
 - The `Request.Wait[all]()` methods now return `True` to match the interface of `Request.Test[all]()`.
 - The `Win` class now implements the Python buffer interface.

- Backward-incompatible changes:
 - The `buf` argument of the `MPI.Comm.recv()` method is deprecated, passing anything but `None` emits a warning.
 - The `MPI.Win.memory` property was removed, use the `MPI.Win.tomemory()` method instead.
 - Executing `python -m mpi4py` in the command line is now equivalent to `python -m mpi4py.run`. For the former behavior, use `python -m mpi4py.bench`.
 - Python 2.6 and 3.2 are no longer supported. The `mpi4py.MPI` module may still build and partially work, but other pure-Python modules under the `mpi4py` namespace will not.
 - Windows: Remove support for legacy MPICH2, Open MPI, and DeinoMPI.

17.14 Release 2.0.0 [2015-10-18]

- Support for MPI-3 features.
 - Matched probes and receives.
 - Nonblocking collectives.
 - Neighborhood collectives.
 - New communicator constructors.
 - Request-based RMA operations.
 - New RMA communication and synchronisation calls.
 - New window constructors.
 - New datatype constructor.
 - New C++ boolean and floating complex datatypes.
- Support for MPI-2 features not included in previous releases.
 - Generalized All-to-All collective (`Comm.Alltoallw()`)
 - User-defined data representations (`Register_datarep()`)
- New scalable implementation of reduction operations for Python objects. This code is based on binomial tree algorithms using point-to-point communication and duplicated communicator contexts. To disable this feature, use `mpi4py.rc.fast_reduce = False`.
- Backward-incompatible changes:
 - Python 2.4, 2.5, 3.0 and 3.1 are no longer supported.
 - Default MPI error handling policies are overridden. After import, `mpi4py` sets the `ERRORS_RETURN` error handler in `COMM_SELF` and `COMM_WORLD`, as well as any new `Comm`, `Win`, or `File` instance created through `mpi4py`, thus effectively ignoring the MPI rules about error handler inheritance. This way, MPI errors translate to Python exceptions. To disable this behavior and use the standard MPI error handling rules, use `mpi4py.rc.errors = 'default'`.
 - Change signature of all send methods, `dest` is a required argument.
 - Change signature of all receive and probe methods, `source` defaults to `ANY_SOURCE`, `tag` defaults to `ANY_TAG`.
 - Change signature of send lowercase-spelling methods, `obj` arguments are not mandatory.
 - Change signature of recv lowercase-spelling methods, renamed ‘`obj`’ arguments to ‘`buf`’.

- Change `Request.Waitosome()` and `Request.Testosome()` to return `None` or `list`.
- Change signature of all lowercase-spelling collectives, `sendobj` arguments are now mandatory, `recvobj` arguments were removed.
- Reduction operations `MAXLOC` and `MINLOC` are no longer special-cased in lowercase-spelling methods `Comm.[all]reduce()` and `Comm.[ex]scan()`, the input object must be specified as a tuple (`obj`, `location`).
- Change signature of name publishing functions. The new signatures are `Publish_name(service_name, port_name, info=INFO_NULL)` and `Unpublish_name(service_name, port_name, info=INFO_NULL)``.
- `Win` instances now cache Python objects exposing memory by keeping references instead of using MPI attribute caching.
- Change signature of `Win.Lock()`. The new signature is `Win.Lock(rank, lock_type=LOCK_EXCLUSIVE, assertion=0)`.
- Move `Cartcomm.Map()` to `Intracomm.Cart_map()`.
- Move `Graphcomm.Map()` to `Intracomm.Graph_map()`.
- Remove the `mpi4py.MPE` module.
- Rename the Cython definition file for use with `cimport` statement from `mpi_c.pxd` to `libmpi.pxd`.

17.15 Release 1.3.1 [2013-08-07]

- Regenerate C wrappers with Cython 0.19.1 to support Python 3.3.
- Install `*.pxd` files in `<site-packages>/mpi4py` to ease the support for Cython's `cimport` statement in code requiring to access `mpi4py` internals.
- As a side-effect of using Cython 0.19.1, ancient Python 2.3 is no longer supported. If you really need it, you can install an older Cython and run `python setup.py build_src --force`.

17.16 Release 1.3 [2012-01-20]

- Now `Comm.recv()` accept a buffer to receive the message.
- Add `Comm.irecv()` and `Request.{wait|test}[any|all]()`.
- Add `Intracomm.Spawn_multiple()`.
- Better buffer handling for PEP 3118 and legacy buffer interfaces.
- Add support for attribute attribute caching on communicators, datatypes and windows.
- Install MPI-enabled Python interpreter as `<path>/mpi4py/bin/python-mpi`.
- Windows: Support for building with Open MPI.

17.17 Release 1.2.2 [2010-09-13]

- Add `mpi4py.get_config()` to retrieve information (compiler wrappers, includes, libraries, etc) about the MPI implementation employed to build `mpi4py`.
- Workaround Python libraries with missing GILState-related API calls in case of non-threaded Python builds.
- Windows: look for MPICH2, DeinoMPI, Microsoft HPC Pack at their default install locations under `%Program-Files`.
- MPE: fix hacks related to old API's, these hacks are broken when MPE is built with a MPI implementations other than MPICH2.
- HP-MPI: fix for missing Fortran datatypes, use `dlopen()` to load the MPI shared library before `MPI_Init()`
- Many distutils-related fixes, cleanup, and enhancements, better logics to find MPI compiler wrappers.
- Support for `pip install mpi4py`.

17.18 Release 1.2.1 [2010-02-26]

- Fix declaration in Cython include file. This declaration, while valid for Cython, broke the simple-minded parsing used in `conf/mpidistutils.py` to implement configure-tests for availability of MPI symbols.
- Update SWIG support and make it compatible with Python 3. Also generate an warning for SWIG < 1.3.28.
- Fix distutils-related issues in Mac OS X. Now ARCHFLAGS environment variable is honored of all Python's `config/Makefile` variables.
- Fix issues with Open MPI < 1.4.2 related to error checking and `MPI_XXX_NULL` handles.

17.19 Release 1.2 [2009-12-29]

- Automatic MPI datatype discovery for NumPy arrays and PEP-3118 buffers. Now buffer-like objects can be mesaged directly, it is no longer required to explicitly pass a 2/3-list/tuple like `[data, MPI.DOUBLE]`, or `[data, count, MPI.DOUBLE]`. Only basic types are supported, i.e., all C/C99-native signed/unsigned integral types and single/double precision real/complex floating types. Many thanks to Eilif Muller for the initial feedback.
- Nonblocking send of pickled Python objects. Many thanks to Andreas Kloeckner for the initial patch and enlightening discussion about this enhancement.
- `Request` instances now hold a reference to the Python object exposing the buffer involved in point-to-point communication or parallel I/O. Many thanks to Andreas Kloeckner for the initial feedback.
- Support for logging of user-defined states and events using [MPE](#). Runtime (i.e., without requiring a recompile!) activation of logging of all MPI calls is supported in POSIX platforms implementing `dlopen()`.
- Support for all the new features in MPI-2.2 (new C99 and F90 datatypes, distributed graph topology, local reduction operation, and other minor enhancements).
- Fix the annoying issues related to Open MPI and Python dynamic loading of extension modules in platforms supporting `dlopen()`.
- Fix SLURM dynamic loading issues on SiCortex. Many thanks to Ian Langmore for providing me shell access.

17.20 Release 1.1.0 [2009-06-06]

- Fix bug in `Comm.Iprobe()` that caused segfaults as Python C-API calls were issued with the GIL released (issue #2).
- Add `Comm.bsend()` and `Comm.ssend()` for buffered and synchronous send semantics when communicating general Python objects.
- Now the call `Info.Get(key)` return a *single* value (i.e, instead of a 2-tuple); this value is `None` if `key` is not in the `Info` object, or a string otherwise. Previously, the call redundantly returned `(None, False)` for missing key-value pairs; `None` is enough to signal a missing entry.
- Add support for parametrized Fortran datatypes.
- Add support for decoding user-defined datatypes.
- Add support for user-defined reduction operations on memory buffers. However, at most 16 user-defined reduction operations can be created. Ask the author for more room if you need it.

17.21 Release 1.0.0 [2009-03-20]

This is the first release of the all-new, Cython-based, implementation of *MPI for Python*. Unfortunately, this implementation is not backward-compatible with the previous one. The list below summarizes the more important changes that can impact user codes.

- Some communication calls had *overloaded* functionality. Now there is a clear distinction between communication of general Python object with *pickle*, and (fast, near C-speed) communication of buffer-like objects (e.g., NumPy arrays).
 - for communicating general Python objects, you have to use all-lowercase methods, like `send()`, `recv()`, `bcast()`, etc.
 - for communicating array data, you have to use `Send()`, `Recv()`, `Bcast()`, etc. methods. Buffer arguments to these calls must be explicitly specified by using a 2/3-list/tuple like `[data, MPI.DOUBLE]`, or `[data, count, MPI.DOUBLE]` (the former one uses the byte-size of `data` and the extent of the MPI datatype to define the count).
- Indexing a communicator with an integer returned a special object associating the communication with a target rank, alleviating you from specifying source/destination/root arguments in point-to-point and collective communications. This functionality is no longer available, expressions like:

```
MPI.COMM_WORLD[0].Send(...)  
MPI.COMM_WORLD[0].Recv(...)  
MPI.COMM_WORLD[0].Bcast(...)
```

have to be replaced by:

```
MPI.COMM_WORLD.Send(..., dest=0)  
MPI.COMM_WORLD.Recv(..., source=0)  
MPI.COMM_WORLD.Bcast(..., root=0)
```

- Automatic MPI initialization (i.e., at import time) requests the maximum level of MPI thread support (i.e., it is done by calling `MPI_Init_thread()` and passing `MPI_THREAD_MULTIPLE`). In case you need to change this behavior, you can tweak the contents of the `mpi4py.rc` module.
- In order to obtain the values of predefined attributes attached to the world communicator, now you have to use the `Get_attr()` method on the `MPI.COMM_WORLD` instance:

```
tag_ub = MPI.COMM_WORLD.Get_attr(MPI.TAG_UB)
```

- In the previous implementation, `MPI.COMM_WORLD` and `MPI.COMM_SELF` were associated to **duplicates** of the (C-level) `MPI_COMM_WORLD` and `MPI_COMM_SELF` predefined communicator handles. Now this is no longer the case, `MPI.COMM_WORLD` and `MPI.COMM_SELF` proxies the **actual** `MPI_COMM_WORLD` and `MPI_COMM_SELF` handles.
- Convenience aliases `MPI.WORLD` and `MPI.SELF` were removed. Use instead `MPI.COMM_WORLD` and `MPI.COMM_SELF`.
- Convenience constants `MPI.WORLD_SIZE` and `MPI.WORLD_RANK` were removed. Use instead `MPI.COMM_WORLD.Get_size()` and `MPI.COMM_WORLD.Get_rank()`.

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Python Module Index

m

- `mpi4py`, 21
- `mpi4py.bench`, 71
- `mpi4py.futures`, 40
- `mpi4py.MPI`, 71
- `mpi4py.run`, 70
- `mpi4py.typing`, 37
- `mpi4py.util`, 50
- `mpi4py.util.dtlb`, 50
- `mpi4py.util.pkl5`, 51
- `mpi4py.util.pool`, 58
- `mpi4py.util.sync`, 62

Index

Symbols

- `__enter__()` (*mpi4py.util.sync.Condition method*), 66
 - `__enter__()` (*mpi4py.util.sync.Mutex method*), 65
 - `__enter__()` (*mpi4py.util.sync.Semaphore method*), 68
 - `__enter__()` (*mpi4py.util.sync.Sequential method*), 63
 - `__exit__()` (*mpi4py.util.sync.Condition method*), 66
 - `__exit__()` (*mpi4py.util.sync.Mutex method*), 65
 - `__exit__()` (*mpi4py.util.sync.Semaphore method*), 68
 - `__exit__()` (*mpi4py.util.sync.Sequential method*), 63
 - `__init__()` (*mpi4py.util.pool.Pool method*), 58
 - `__init__()` (*mpi4py.util.sync.Condition method*), 66
 - `__init__()` (*mpi4py.util.sync.Counter method*), 63
 - `__init__()` (*mpi4py.util.sync.Mutex method*), 64
 - `__init__()` (*mpi4py.util.sync.Semaphore method*), 68
 - `__init__()` (*mpi4py.util.sync.Sequential method*), 62
 - `__iter__()` (*mpi4py.util.sync.Counter method*), 64
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.BottomType static method*), 72
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.BufferAutomaticType static method*), 72
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Cartcomm static method*), 73
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm static method*), 75
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype static method*), 106
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Distgraphcomm static method*), 117
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Errhandler static method*), 117
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Exception static method*), 189
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.File static method*), 119
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Graphcomm static method*), 132
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Grequest static method*), 133
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Group static method*), 134
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.InPlaceType static method*), 138
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Info static method*), 138
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Intercomm static method*), 142
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm static method*), 144
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Message static method*), 149
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Op static method*), 152
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Pickle static method*), 154
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Prequest static method*), 156
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Request static method*), 157
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Session static method*), 164
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Status static method*), 167
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm static method*), 170
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Win static method*), 175
 - `__new__()` (*mpi4py.MPI.buffer static method*), 186
 - `__next__()` (*mpi4py.util.sync.Counter method*), 64
 - `--configure`
 - command line option, 249
 - `--mpi`
 - command line option, 249
 - `--mpicc`
 - command line option, 249
 - `--mpild`
 - command line option, 249
 - `-c`
 - command line option, 71
 - `-m`
 - command line option, 71
- ### A
- `Abort()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 78
 - `Accept()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm method*), 145
 - `Accumulate()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Win method*), 177
 - `Ack_failed()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 78
 - `acquire()` (*mpi4py.util.sync.Condition method*), 66
 - `acquire()` (*mpi4py.util.sync.Mutex method*), 65
 - `acquire()` (*mpi4py.util.sync.Semaphore method*), 68
 - `Add_error_class()` (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 191
 - `Add_error_code()` (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 191
 - `Add_error_string()` (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 191
 - `address` (*mpi4py.MPI.buffer attribute*), 188
 - `Agree()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 79
 - `AINT` (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 227
 - `Aint` (in module *mpi4py.typing*), 38
 - `Aint_add()` (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 192
 - `Aint_diff()` (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 192
 - `Allgather()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 79
 - `allgather()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 100
 - `allgather()` (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Comm method*), 56
 - `Allgather_init()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 79
 - `Allgatherv()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 79
 - `Allgatherv_init()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 79
 - `Alloc_mem()` (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 192
 - `allocate()` (*mpi4py.MPI.buffer static method*), 187
 - `Allocate()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Win class method*), 177
 - `Allocate_shared()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Win class method*), 178
 - `Allreduce()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 80
 - `allreduce()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 101
 - `Allreduce_init()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 80
 - `Alltoall()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 80
 - `alltoall()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 101
 - `alltoall()` (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Comm method*), 56
 - `Alltoall_init()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 80
 - `Alltoallv()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 80
 - `Alltoallv_init()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 81
 - `Alltoallw()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 81
 - `Alltoallw_init()` (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 81
 - `amode` (*mpi4py.MPI.File attribute*), 131

ANY_SOURCE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 205
 ANY_TAG (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 205
 apply() (*mpi4py.util.pool.Pool* method), 58
 apply_async() (*mpi4py.util.pool.Pool* method), 59
 ApplyResult (class in *mpi4py.util.pool*), 62
 APPNUM (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 206
 AsyncResult (class in *mpi4py.util.pool*), 61
 atomicity (*mpi4py.MPI.File* attribute), 131
 Attach() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 178
 Attach_buffer() (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 192
 Attach_buffer() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 81
 Attach_buffer() (*mpi4py.MPI.Session* method), 165
 attrs (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* attribute), 186

B

BAND (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 239
 Barrier() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 81
 barrier() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 101
 Barrier_init() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 82
 Bcast() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 82
 bcast() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 101
 bcast() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Comm* method), 55
 Bcast_init() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 82
 begin() (*mpi4py.util.sync.Sequential* method), 63
 BOOL (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 236
 bootstrap() (*mpi4py.futures.MPIPoolExecutor* method), 43
 BOR (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 240
 BOTTOM (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 206
 Bottom (in module *mpi4py.typing*), 38
 BottomType (class in *mpi4py.MPI*), 72
 Bsend() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 82
 bsend() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 101
 bsend() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Comm* method), 53
 Bsend_init() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 82
 BSEND_OVERHEAD (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 221
 buffer (class in *mpi4py.MPI*), 186
 Buffer (in module *mpi4py.typing*), 38
 BUFFER_AUTOMATIC (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 221
 BufferAutomaticType (class in *mpi4py.MPI*), 72
 BufSpec (in module *mpi4py.typing*), 38
 BufSpecB (in module *mpi4py.typing*), 39
 BufSpecV (in module *mpi4py.typing*), 39
 BufSpecW (in module *mpi4py.typing*), 39
 BXOR (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 240
 BYTE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 227

C

C_BOOL (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 229
 C_COMPLEX (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 231
 C_DOUBLE_COMPLEX (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 231
 C_FLOAT_COMPLEX (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 231
 C_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 231
 Call_errhandler() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 83
 Call_errhandler() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 121

Call_errhandler() (*mpi4py.MPI.Session* method), 165
 Call_errhandler() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 178
 Cancel() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* method), 159
 cancel() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* method), 161
 cancel() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Request* method), 51
 cancelled (*mpi4py.MPI.Status* attribute), 170
 CART (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 220
 Cart_map() (*mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm* method), 145
 Cartcomm (class in *mpi4py.MPI*), 73
 cast() (*mpi4py.MPI.buffer* method), 187
 CC, 245
 CHAR (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 228
 CHARACTER (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 232
 clear() (*mpi4py.MPI.Info* method), 140
 Clone() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 83
 Close() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 121
 close() (*mpi4py.util.pool.Pool* method), 61
 Close_port() (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 193
 collect() (in module *mpi4py.futures*), 46
 combiner (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* attribute), 116
 COMBINER_CONTIGUOUS (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 217
 COMBINER_DARRAY (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 218
 COMBINER_DUP (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 217
 COMBINER_F90_COMPLEX (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 219
 COMBINER_F90_INTEGER (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 219
 COMBINER_F90_REAL (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 219
 COMBINER_HINDEXED (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 218
 COMBINER_HINDEXED_BLOCK (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 218
 COMBINER_HVECTOR (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 217
 COMBINER_INDEXED (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 218
 COMBINER_INDEXED_BLOCK (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 218
 COMBINER_NAMED (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 217
 COMBINER_RESIZED (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 218
 COMBINER_STRUCT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 218
 COMBINER_SUBARRAY (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 218
 COMBINER_VALUE_INDEX (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 219
 COMBINER_VECTOR (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 217
 Comm (class in *mpi4py.MPI*), 75
 Comm (class in *mpi4py.util.pkl5*), 53
 COMM_NULL (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 243
 COMM_SELF (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 243
 COMM_TYPE_HW_GUIDED (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 221
 COMM_TYPE_HW_UNGUIDED (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 221
 COMM_TYPE_RESOURCE_GUIDED (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 221
 COMM_TYPE_SHARED (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 221
 COMM_WORLD (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 243
 command line option
 --configure, 249
 --mpi, 249
 --mpicc, 249

--mpild, 249
 -c, 71
 -m, 71
 Commit() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 108
 Compare() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 83
 Compare() (*mpi4py.MPI.Group* method), 135
 Compare_and_swap() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 178
 Complete() (*mpi4py.MPI.Grequest* method), 134
 complete() (*mpi4py.MPI.Grequest* method), 134
 Complete() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 178
 COMPLEX (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 233
 COMPLEX16 (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 235
 COMPLEX32 (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 235
 COMPLEX4 (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 235
 COMPLEX8 (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 235
 compose() (in module *mpi4py.futures*), 46
 Compute_dims() (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 193
 Condition (class in *mpi4py.util.sync*), 66
 CONGRUENT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 220
 Connect() (*mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm* method), 145
 contents (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* attribute), 116
 coords (*mpi4py.MPI.Cartcomm* attribute), 74
 copy() (*mpi4py.MPI.Info* method), 140
 COUNT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 227
 Count (in module *mpi4py.typing*), 38
 count (*mpi4py.MPI.Status* attribute), 170
 count() (*mpi4py.util.sync.Mutex* method), 65
 Counter (class in *mpi4py.util.sync*), 63
 Create() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 83
 Create() (*mpi4py.MPI.Info* class method), 139
 Create() (*mpi4py.MPI.Op* class method), 153
 Create() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* class method), 178
 Create_cart() (*mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm* method), 145
 Create_contiguous() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 108
 Create_darray() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 108
 Create_dist_graph() (*mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm* method), 145
 Create_dist_graph_adjacent() (*mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm* method), 146
 Create_dynamic() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* class method), 179
 Create_env() (*mpi4py.MPI.Info* class method), 139
 Create_errhandler() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* class method), 83
 Create_errhandler() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* class method), 121
 Create_errhandler() (*mpi4py.MPI.Session* class method), 165
 Create_errhandler() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* class method), 179
 Create_f90_complex() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* class method), 108
 Create_f90_integer() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* class method), 109
 Create_f90_real() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* class method), 109
 Create_from_group() (*mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm* class method), 146
 Create_from_groups() (*mpi4py.MPI.Intercomm* class method), 143
 Create_from_session_pset() (*mpi4py.MPI.Group* class method), 135
 Create_graph() (*mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm* method), 146
 Create_group() (*mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm* method), 146
 Create_group() (*mpi4py.MPI.Session* method), 165
 Create_hindexed() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 109
 Create_hindexed_block() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 109
 Create_hvector() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 110
 Create_indexed() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 110
 Create_indexed_block() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 110
 Create_intercomm() (*mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm* method), 147
 Create_keyval() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* class method), 83
 Create_keyval() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* class method), 110
 Create_keyval() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* class method), 179
 Create_resized() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 110
 Create_struct() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* class method), 111
 Create_subarray() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 111
 Create_vector() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 111
 CXX_BOOL (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 231
 CXX_DOUBLE_COMPLEX (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 231
 CXX_FLOAT_COMPLEX (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 231
 CXX_LONG_DOUBLE_COMPLEX (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 231
D
 Datatype (class in *mpi4py.MPI*), 106
 DATATYPE_NULL (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 227
 decode() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 115
 degrees (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm* attribute), 175
 Delete() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* class method), 121
 Delete() (*mpi4py.MPI.Info* method), 139
 Delete_attr() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 83
 Delete_attr() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 111
 Delete_attr() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 179
 Detach() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 179

Detach_buffer() (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 193
 Detach_buffer() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 84
 Detach_buffer() (*mpi4py.MPI.Session* method), 165
 Difference() (*mpi4py.MPI.Group* class method), 136
 dim (*mpi4py.MPI.Cartcomm* attribute), 74
 dims (*mpi4py.MPI.Cartcomm* attribute), 74
 dims (*mpi4py.MPI.Graphcomm* attribute), 133
 Disconnect() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 84
 DISP_CUR (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 225
 Displ (in module *mpi4py.typing*), 38
 DISPLACEMENT_CURRENT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 225
 DIST_GRAPH (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 220
 Distgraphcomm (class in *mpi4py.MPI*), 117
 DISTRIBUTE_BLOCK (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 217
 DISTRIBUTE_CYCLIC (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 217
 DISTRIBUTE_DFLT_DARG (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 217
 DISTRIBUTE_NONE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 216
 DOUBLE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 229
 DOUBLE_COMPLEX (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 233
 DOUBLE_INT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 232
 DOUBLE_PRECISION (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 233
 dumps() (*mpi4py.MPI.Pickle* method), 155
 dumps_oob() (*mpi4py.MPI.Pickle* method), 155
 Dup() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 84
 Dup() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 111
 Dup() (*mpi4py.MPI.Group* method), 136
 Dup() (*mpi4py.MPI.Info* method), 140
 Dup_with_info() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 84

E

edges (*mpi4py.MPI.Graphcomm* attribute), 133
 end() (*mpi4py.util.sync.Sequential* method), 63
 envelope (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* attribute), 116
 environment variable
 CC, 245
 MPI4PY_BUILD_BACKEND, 244, 245
 MPI4PY_BUILD_CONFIGURE, 244, 245
 MPI4PY_BUILD_MPICC, 244, 245
 MPI4PY_BUILD_MPICFG, 244, 245
 MPI4PY_BUILD_MPILD, 244, 245
 MPI4PY_FUTURES_BACKOFF, 42, 43
 MPI4PY_FUTURES_MAX_WORKERS, 41, 43, 48
 MPI4PY_FUTURES_USE_PKL5, 42, 43
 MPI4PY_PICKLE_PROTOCOL, 12, 26
 MPI4PY_PICKLE_THRESHOLD, 27
 MPI4PY_RC_ERRORS, 23, 26
 MPI4PY_RC_FAST_REDUCE, 23, 25
 MPI4PY_RC_FINALIZE, 22, 24
 MPI4PY_RC_INITIALIZE, 22, 24
 MPI4PY_RC_Irecv_BUFSZ, 23, 26
 MPI4PY_RC_RECV_MPROBE, 23, 25
 MPI4PY_RC_THREAD_LEVEL, 22, 25
 MPI4PY_RC_THREADS, 22, 25
 MPICC, 245, 249

 MPICFG, 245, 249
 MPIEXEC_UNIVERSE_SIZE, 48
 MPILD, 245, 249
 PATH, 244, 249
 ERR_ACCESS (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 214
 ERR_AMODE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 214
 ERR_ARG (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 210
 ERR_ASSERT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 212
 ERR_BAD_FILE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 213
 ERR_BASE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 212
 ERR_BUFFER (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 209
 ERR_COMM (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 209
 ERR_CONVERSION (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 215
 ERR_COUNT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 209
 ERR_DIMS (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 210
 ERR_DISP (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 212
 ERR_DUP_DATAREP (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 215
 ERR_ERRHANDLER (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 208
 ERR_FILE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 209
 ERR_FILE_EXISTS (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 214
 ERR_FILE_IN_USE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 214
 ERR_GROUP (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 208
 ERR_IN_STATUS (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 210
 ERR_INFO (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 208
 ERR_INFO_KEY (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 211
 ERR_INFO_NOKEY (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 211
 ERR_INFO_VALUE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 211
 ERR_INTERN (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 211
 ERR_IO (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 215
 ERR_KEYVAL (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 211
 ERR_LASTCODE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 208
 ERR_LOCKTYPE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 212
 ERR_NAME (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 212
 ERR_NO_MEM (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 211
 ERR_NO_SPACE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 214
 ERR_NO_SUCH_FILE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 213
 ERR_NOT_SAME (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 214
 ERR_OP (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 208
 ERR_OTHER (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 210
 ERR_PENDING (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 210
 ERR_PORT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 211
 ERR_PROC_ABORTED (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 212
 ERR_PROC_FAILED (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 215
 ERR_PROC_FAILED_PENDING (in module *mpi4py.MPI*),
 216
 ERR_QUOTA (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 214
 ERR_RANK (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 209
 ERR_READ_ONLY (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 214
 ERR_REQUEST (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 208
 ERR_REVOKED (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 215
 ERR_RMA_ATTACH (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 213
 ERR_RMA_CONFLICT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 213
 ERR_RMA_FLAVOR (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 213
 ERR_RMA_RANGE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 213

ERR_RMA_SHARED (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 213
 ERR_RMA_SYNC (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 213
 ERR_ROOT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 209
 ERR_SERVICE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 212
 ERR_SESSION (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 208
 ERR_SIZE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 212
 ERR_SPAWN (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 211
 ERR_TAG (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 209
 ERR_TOPOLOGY (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 210
 ERR_TRUNCATE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 210
 ERR_TYPE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 208
 ERR_UNKNOWN (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 210
 ERR_UNSUPPORTED_DATAREP (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 215
 ERR_UNSUPPORTED_OPERATION (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 215
 ERR_VALUE_TOO_LARGE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 215
 ERR_WIN (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 209
 Errhandler (class in *mpi4py.MPI*), 117
 ERRHANDLER_NULL (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 242
 error (*mpi4py.MPI.Status* attribute), 170
 error_class (*mpi4py.MPI.Exception* attribute), 190
 error_code (*mpi4py.MPI.Exception* attribute), 190
 error_string (*mpi4py.MPI.Exception* attribute), 190
 errors (*mpi4py.mpi4py.rc* attribute), 23
 ERRORS_ABORT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 242
 ERRORS_ARE_FATAL (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 242
 ERRORS_RETURN (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 242
 Exception, 189
 Excl() (*mpi4py.MPI.Group* method), 136
 Exscan() (*mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm* method), 147
 exscan() (*mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm* method), 149
 Exscan_init() (*mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm* method), 147
 extent (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* attribute), 116

F

f2py() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* class method), 101
 f2py() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* class method), 115
 f2py() (*mpi4py.MPI.Errhandler* class method), 118
 f2py() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* class method), 130
 f2py() (*mpi4py.MPI.Group* class method), 137
 f2py() (*mpi4py.MPI.Info* class method), 141
 f2py() (*mpi4py.MPI.Message* class method), 151
 f2py() (*mpi4py.MPI.Op* class method), 154
 f2py() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* class method), 161
 f2py() (*mpi4py.MPI.Session* class method), 167
 f2py() (*mpi4py.MPI.Status* class method), 170
 f2py() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* class method), 185
 F_BOOL (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 237
 F_COMPLEX (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 237
 F_DOUBLE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 237
 F_DOUBLE_COMPLEX (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 237
 F_ERROR (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 219
 F_FLOAT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 237

F_FLOAT_COMPLEX (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 237
 F_INT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 237
 F_SOURCE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 219
 F_STATUS_SIZE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 219
 F_TAG (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 219
 fast_reduce (*mpi4py.mpi4py.rc* attribute), 22
 Fence() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 180
 Fetch_and_op() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 180
 File (class in *mpi4py.MPI*), 119
 FILE_NULL (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 243
 finalize (*mpi4py.mpi4py.rc* attribute), 22
 Finalize() (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 193
 Finalize() (*mpi4py.MPI.Session* method), 165
 flavor (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* attribute), 186
 FLOAT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 229
 FLOAT_INT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 232
 Flush() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 180
 Flush_all() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 180
 Flush_buffer() (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 193
 Flush_buffer() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 84
 Flush_buffer() (*mpi4py.MPI.Session* method), 165
 Flush_local() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 180
 Flush_local_all() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 180
 format (*mpi4py.MPI.buffer* attribute), 188
 Free() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 84
 free() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 102
 Free() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 112
 free() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 115
 Free() (*mpi4py.MPI.Errhandler* method), 118
 free() (*mpi4py.MPI.Errhandler* method), 118
 free() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 131
 Free() (*mpi4py.MPI.Group* method), 136
 free() (*mpi4py.MPI.Group* method), 137
 Free() (*mpi4py.MPI.Info* method), 140
 free() (*mpi4py.MPI.Info* method), 141
 free() (*mpi4py.MPI.Message* method), 151
 Free() (*mpi4py.MPI.Op* method), 153
 free() (*mpi4py.MPI.Op* method), 154
 Free() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* method), 159
 free() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* method), 161
 free() (*mpi4py.MPI.Session* method), 167
 Free() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 180
 free() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 185
 free() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Message* method), 52
 Free() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Request* method), 51
 free() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Request* method), 51
 free() (*mpi4py.util.sync.Condition* method), 67
 free() (*mpi4py.util.sync.Counter* method), 64
 free() (*mpi4py.util.sync.Mutex* method), 65
 free() (*mpi4py.util.sync.Semaphore* method), 69
 Free_keyval() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* class method), 84
 Free_keyval() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* class method), 112
 Free_keyval() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* class method), 181

Free_mem() (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 194
 from_numpy_dtype() (in module *mpi4py.util.dtlb*), 50
 fromaddress() (*mpi4py.MPI.buffer* static method), 187
 frombuffer() (*mpi4py.MPI.buffer* static method), 187
 fromcode() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* class method), 115
 fromhandle() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* class method), 102
 fromhandle() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* class method), 115
 fromhandle() (*mpi4py.MPI.Errhandler* class method), 118
 fromhandle() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* class method), 131
 fromhandle() (*mpi4py.MPI.Group* class method), 137
 fromhandle() (*mpi4py.MPI.Info* class method), 141
 fromhandle() (*mpi4py.MPI.Message* class method), 151
 fromhandle() (*mpi4py.MPI.Op* class method), 154
 fromhandle() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* class method), 161
 fromhandle() (*mpi4py.MPI.Session* class method), 167
 fromhandle() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* class method), 185

G

Gather() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 84
 gather() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 102
 gather() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Comm* method), 56
 Gather_init() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 85
 Gatherv() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 85
 Gatherv_init() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 85
 Get() (*mpi4py.MPI.Info* method), 140
 get() (*mpi4py.MPI.Info* method), 141
 Get() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 181
 get() (*mpi4py.util.pool.AsyncResult* method), 61
 Get_accumulate() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 181
 Get_address() (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 194
 Get_amode() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 121
 Get_atomicsity() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 121
 Get_attr() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 85
 Get_attr() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 112
 Get_attr() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 181
 Get_byte_offset() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 122
 Get_cart_rank() (*mpi4py.MPI.Cartcomm* method), 73
 get_comm_workers() (in module *mpi4py.futures*), 46
 get_config() (in module *mpi4py*), 27
 Get_contents() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 112
 Get_coords() (*mpi4py.MPI.Cartcomm* method), 73
 Get_count() (*mpi4py.MPI.Status* method), 168
 Get_dim() (*mpi4py.MPI.Cartcomm* method), 74
 Get_dims() (*mpi4py.MPI.Graphcomm* method), 132
 Get_dist_neighbors() (*mpi4py.MPI.Distgraphcomm* method), 117
 Get_dist_neighbors_count() (*mpi4py.MPI.Distgraphcomm* method), 117
 Get_elements() (*mpi4py.MPI.Status* method), 168
 Get_envelope() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 112
 Get_errhandler() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 85

Get_errhandler() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 122
 Get_errhandler() (*mpi4py.MPI.Session* method), 165
 Get_errhandler() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 181
 Get_error() (*mpi4py.MPI.Status* method), 168
 Get_error_class() (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 194
 Get_error_class() (*mpi4py.MPI.Exception* method), 189
 Get_error_code() (*mpi4py.MPI.Exception* method), 189
 Get_error_string() (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 194
 Get_error_string() (*mpi4py.MPI.Exception* method), 189
 Get_extent() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 112
 Get_failed() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 86
 Get_group() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 86
 Get_group() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 122
 Get_group() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 181
 Get_hw_resource_info() (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 194
 get_include() (in module *mpi4py*), 27
 Get_info() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 86
 Get_info() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 122
 Get_info() (*mpi4py.MPI.Session* method), 166
 Get_info() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 181
 Get_library_version() (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 195
 Get_name() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 86
 Get_name() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 112
 Get_name() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 182
 Get_neighbors() (*mpi4py.MPI.Graphcomm* method), 132
 Get_neighbors_count() (*mpi4py.MPI.Graphcomm* method), 132
 Get_nkeys() (*mpi4py.MPI.Info* method), 140
 Get_nth_pset() (*mpi4py.MPI.Session* method), 166
 Get_nthkey() (*mpi4py.MPI.Info* method), 140
 Get_num_psets() (*mpi4py.MPI.Session* method), 166
 Get_parent() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* class method), 86
 Get_position() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 122
 Get_position_shared() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 122
 Get_processor_name() (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 195
 Get_pset_info() (*mpi4py.MPI.Session* method), 166
 Get_rank() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 86
 Get_rank() (*mpi4py.MPI.Group* method), 136
 Get_remote_group() (*mpi4py.MPI.Intercomm* method), 143
 Get_remote_size() (*mpi4py.MPI.Intercomm* method), 143
 Get_size() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 86
 Get_size() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 112
 Get_size() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 122
 Get_size() (*mpi4py.MPI.Group* method), 136
 Get_source() (*mpi4py.MPI.Status* method), 168
 Get_status() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* method), 159

[get_status\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* method), 161
[get_status\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Request* method), 51
[Get_status_all\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* class method), 159
[get_status_all\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* class method), 161
[get_status_all\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Request* class method), 52
[Get_status_any\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* class method), 159
[get_status_any\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* class method), 162
[Get_status_some\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* class method), 159
[get_status_some\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* class method), 162
[Get_tag\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Status* method), 169
[Get_topo\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Cartcomm* method), 74
[Get_topo\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Graphcomm* method), 133
[Get_topology\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 86
[Get_true_extent\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 112
[Get_type_extent\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 123
[Get_value_index\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* class method), 113
[get_vendor\(\)](#) (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 199
[Get_version\(\)](#) (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 195
[Get_view\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 123
[GRAPH](#) (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 220
[Graph_map\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm* method), 147
[Graphcomm](#) (class in *mpi4py.MPI*), 132
[Grequest](#) (class in *mpi4py.MPI*), 133
[Group](#) (class in *mpi4py.MPI*), 134
[group](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* attribute), 105
[group](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.File* attribute), 131
[group](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* attribute), 186
[GROUP_EMPTY](#) (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 242
[GROUP_NULL](#) (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 242
[group_rank](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.File* attribute), 131
[group_rank](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* attribute), 186
[group_size](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.File* attribute), 131
[group_size](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* attribute), 186

H

[handle](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* attribute), 105
[handle](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* attribute), 116
[handle](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Errhandler* attribute), 119
[handle](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.File* attribute), 131
[handle](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Group* attribute), 138
[handle](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Info* attribute), 142
[handle](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Message* attribute), 152
[handle](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Op* attribute), 154
[handle](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* attribute), 164
[handle](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Session* attribute), 167

[handle](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* attribute), 186

I

[Iagree\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 86
[Iallgather\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 87
[Iallgatherv\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 87
[Iallreduce\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 87
[Ialltoall\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 87
[Ialltoallv\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 87
[Ialltoallw\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 87
[Ibarrier\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 88
[Ibcast\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 88
[Ibsend\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 88
[ibsend\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 102
[ibsend\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Comm* method), 54
[IDENT](#) (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 220
[Idup\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 88
[Idup_with_info\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 88
[Iexscan\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm* method), 147
[Iflush_buffer\(\)](#) (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 195
[Iflush_buffer\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 88
[Iflush_buffer\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Session* method), 166
[Igather\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 88
[Igatherv\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 89
[imap\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.util.pool.Pool* method), 59
[imap_unordered\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.util.pool.Pool* method), 60
[Improbe\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 89
[improbe\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 102
[improbe\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Comm* method), 55
[IN_PLACE](#) (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 206
[Incl\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Group* method), 136
[indegree](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm* attribute), 175
[index](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Graphcomm* attribute), 133
[inedges](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm* attribute), 175
[Ineighbor_allgather\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm* method), 172
[Ineighbor_allgatherv\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm* method), 172
[Ineighbor_alltoall\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm* method), 172
[Ineighbor_alltoallv\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm* method), 172
[Ineighbor_alltoallw\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm* method), 172
[Info](#) (class in *mpi4py.MPI*), 138
[info](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* attribute), 105
[info](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.File* attribute), 131
[info](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* attribute), 186
[INFO_ENV](#) (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 242
[INFO_NULL](#) (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 242
[Init\(\)](#) (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 195
[Init\(\)](#) (*mpi4py.MPI.Session* class method), 166
[Init_thread\(\)](#) (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 195
[initialize](#) (*mpi4py.mpi4py.rc* attribute), 21

inoutedges (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm* attribute), 175
 InPlace (in module *mpi4py.typing*), 38
 InPlaceType (class in *mpi4py.MPI*), 138
 INT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 228
 INT16_T (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 230
 INT32_T (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 230
 INT64_T (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 230
 INT8_T (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 230
 INT_INT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 232
 INTEGER (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 233
 INTEGER1 (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 234
 INTEGER16 (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 234
 INTEGER2 (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 234
 INTEGER4 (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 234
 INTEGER8 (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 234
 Intercomm (class in *mpi4py.MPI*), 142
 Intercomm (class in *mpi4py.util.pkl5*), 56
 Intersection() (*mpi4py.MPI.Group* class method), 136
 Intracomm (class in *mpi4py.MPI*), 144
 Intracomm (class in *mpi4py.util.pkl5*), 56
 IO (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 206
 Iprobe() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 89
 iprobe() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 102
 Iprobe() (*mpi4py.MPI.Message* class method), 150
 iprobe() (*mpi4py.MPI.Message* class method), 151
 iprobe() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Message* class method), 53
 Iread() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 123
 Iread_all() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 123
 Iread_at() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 123
 Iread_at_all() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 123
 Iread_shared() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 123
 Irecv() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 89
 irecv() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 103
 Irecv() (*mpi4py.MPI.Message* method), 150
 irecv() (*mpi4py.MPI.Message* method), 151
 irecv() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Comm* method), 54
 irecv() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Message* method), 53
 irecv_bufsz (*mpi4py.mpi4py.rc* attribute), 23
 Ireduce() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 90
 Ireduce_scatter() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 90
 Ireduce_scatter_block() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 90
 Irsend() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 90
 Is_cancelled() (*mpi4py.MPI.Status* method), 169
 is_commutative (*mpi4py.MPI.Op* attribute), 154
 Is_commutative() (*mpi4py.MPI.Op* method), 153
 Is_finalized() (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 196
 Is_initialized() (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 196
 is_inter (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* attribute), 105
 Is_inter() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 90
 is_intra (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* attribute), 106
 Is_intra() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 91
 is_named (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* attribute), 116
 is_predefined (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* attribute), 116
 is_predefined (*mpi4py.MPI.Op* attribute), 154
 Is_revoked() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 91
 Is_thread_main() (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 196
 is_topo (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* attribute), 106
 Iscan() (*mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm* method), 148
 Iscatter() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 91
 Iscatterv() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 91
 Isend() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 91
 isend() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 103
 isend() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Comm* method), 53
 Isendrecv() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 91
 Isendrecv_replace() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 92
 Ishrink() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 92
 Issend() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 92
 issend() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 103
 issend() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Comm* method), 54
 istarmap() (*mpi4py.util.pool.Pool* method), 61
 istarmap_unordered() (*mpi4py.util.pool.Pool* method), 61
 items() (*mpi4py.MPI.Info* method), 141
 itemsize (*mpi4py.MPI.buffer* attribute), 188
 Iwrite() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 124
 Iwrite_all() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 124
 Iwrite_at() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 124
 Iwrite_at_all() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 124
 Iwrite_shared() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 124

J

Join() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* class method), 93
 join() (*mpi4py.util.pool.Pool* method), 61

K

keys() (*mpi4py.MPI.Info* method), 141
 KEYVAL_INVALID (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 206

L

LAND (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 239
 LASTUSEDPCODE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 207
 lb (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* attribute), 116
 loads() (*mpi4py.MPI.Pickle* method), 155
 loads_oob() (*mpi4py.MPI.Pickle* method), 155
 Lock() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 182
 Lock_all() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 182
 LOCK_EXCLUSIVE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 223
 LOCK_SHARED (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 223
 locked() (*mpi4py.util.sync.Condition* method), 66
 locked() (*mpi4py.util.sync.Mutex* method), 65
 LOGICAL (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 233
 LOGICAL1 (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 233
 LOGICAL2 (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 233
 LOGICAL4 (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 234

LOGICAL8 (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 234
 LONG (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 228
 LONG_DOUBLE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 229
 LONG_DOUBLE_INT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 232
 LONG_INT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 232
 LONG_LONG (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 228
 Lookup_name() (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 196
 LOR (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 240
 LXOR (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 240

M

map() (*mpi4py.futures.MPIPoolExecutor* method), 42
 map() (*mpi4py.util.pool.Pool* method), 59
 map_async() (*mpi4py.util.pool.Pool* method), 59
 MapResult (class in *mpi4py.util.pool*), 62
 Match_size() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* class method), 113
 MAX (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 238
 MAX_DATAREP_STRING (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 226
 MAX_ERROR_STRING (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 226
 MAX_INFO_KEY (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 226
 MAX_INFO_VAL (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 226
 MAX_LIBRARY_VERSION_STRING (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 226
 MAX_OBJECT_NAME (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 226
 MAX_PORT_NAME (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 226
 MAX_PROCESSOR_NAME (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 226
 MAX_PSET_NAME_LEN (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 227
 MAX_STRINGTAG_LEN (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 227
 MAXLOC (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 241
 memory (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 188
 Merge() (*mpi4py.MPI.Intercomm* method), 143
 Message (class in *mpi4py.MPI*), 149
 Message (class in *mpi4py.util.pkl5*), 52
 MESSAGE_NO_PROC (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 238
 MESSAGE_NULL (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 238
 MIN (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 238
 MINLOC (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 241
 MODE_APPEND (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 224
 MODE_CREATE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 223
 MODE_DELETE_ON_CLOSE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 224
 MODE_EXCL (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 224
 MODE_NOCHECK (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 222
 MODE_NOPRECEDE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 223
 MODE_NOPUT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 222
 MODE_NOSTORE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 222
 MODE_NOSUCCEED (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 223
 MODE_RDONLY (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 223
 MODE_RDWR (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 223
 MODE_SEQUENTIAL (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 224
 MODE_UNIQUE_OPEN (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 224
 MODE_WRONLY (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 223
 model (*mpi4py.MPI*.Win attribute), 186
 module

mpi4py, 21
mpi4py.bench, 71
mpi4py.futures, 40
mpi4py.MPI, 71
mpi4py.run, 70
mpi4py.typing, 37
mpi4py.util, 50
mpi4py.util.dtlb, 50
mpi4py.util.pkl5, 51
mpi4py.util.pool, 58
mpi4py.util.sync, 62
mpi4py
 module, 21
mpi4py.bench
 module, 71
mpi4py.futures
 module, 40
mpi4py.MPI
 module, 71
mpi4py.rc (in module *mpi4py*), 21
mpi4py.run
 module, 70
mpi4py.typing
 module, 37
mpi4py.util
 module, 50
mpi4py.util.dtlb
 module, 50
mpi4py.util.pkl5
 module, 51
mpi4py.util.pool
 module, 58
mpi4py.util.sync
 module, 62
 MPI4PY_BUILD_BACKEND, 244, 245
 MPI4PY_BUILD_CONFIGURE, 245
 MPI4PY_BUILD_MPICC, 244, 245
 MPI4PY_BUILD_MPICFG, 244, 245
 MPI4PY_BUILD_MPILD, 244, 245
 MPI4PY_FUTURES_BACKOFF, 42, 43
 MPI4PY_FUTURES_MAX_WORKERS, 41, 43, 48
 MPI4PY_FUTURES_USE_PKL5, 42, 43
 MPI4PY_PICKLE_PROTOCOL, 12
 MPI4PY_RC_ERRORS, 23
 MPI4PY_RC_FAST_REDUCE, 23
 MPI4PY_RC_FINALIZE, 22
 MPI4PY_RC_INITIALIZE, 22
 MPI4PY_RC_Irecv_BUFSZ, 23
 MPI4PY_RC_RECV_MPROBE, 23
 MPI4PY_RC_THREAD_LEVEL, 22
 MPI4PY_RC_THREADS, 22
 MPICC, 249
 MPICFG, 249
 MPICommExecutor (class in *mpi4py.futures*), 44

MPIEXEC_UNIVERSE_SIZE, 48

MPILD, 249

MPIPoolExecutor (class in *mpi4py.futures*), 41

Mprobe() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 93

mprobe() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 103

mprobe() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Comm* method), 55

Mutex (class in *mpi4py.util.sync*), 64

N

name (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* attribute), 106

name (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* attribute), 116

name (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* attribute), 186

nbytes (*mpi4py.MPI.buffer* attribute), 188

ndim (*mpi4py.MPI.Cartcomm* attribute), 74

nedges (*mpi4py.MPI.Graphcomm* attribute), 133

Neighbor_allgather() (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm* method), 172

neighbor_allgather() (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm* method), 174

Neighbor_allgather_init() (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm* method), 173

Neighbor_allgather_v() (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm* method), 173

Neighbor_allgather_v_init() (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm* method), 173

Neighbor_alltoall() (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm* method), 173

neighbor_alltoall() (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm* method), 175

Neighbor_alltoall_init() (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm* method), 173

Neighbor_alltoall_v() (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm* method), 174

Neighbor_alltoall_v_init() (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm* method), 174

Neighbor_alltoall_w() (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm* method), 174

Neighbor_alltoall_w_init() (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm* method), 174

neighbors (*mpi4py.MPI.Graphcomm* attribute), 133

next() (*mpi4py.util.sync.Counter* method), 64

nneighbors (*mpi4py.MPI.Graphcomm* attribute), 133

nnodes (*mpi4py.MPI.Graphcomm* attribute), 133

NO_OP (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 241

notify() (*mpi4py.util.sync.Condition* method), 67

notify_all() (*mpi4py.util.sync.Condition* method), 67

num_workers (*mpi4py.futures.MPIPoolExecutor* attribute), 43

O

obj (*mpi4py.MPI.buffer* attribute), 188

OFFSET (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 227

Offset (in module *mpi4py.typing*), 38

Op (class in *mpi4py.MPI*), 152

OP_NULL (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 238

Open() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* class method), 124

Open_port() (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 196

ORDER_C (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 216

ORDER_F (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 216

ORDER_FORTRAN (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 216

outdegree (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm* attribute), 175

outedges (*mpi4py.MPI.Topocomm* attribute), 175

P

Pack() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 113

Pack_external() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 113

Pack_external_size() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 113

Pack_size() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 114

PACKED (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 227

Parrived() (*mpi4py.MPI.Prequest* method), 156

PATH, 244, 249

Pcontrol() (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 197

periods (*mpi4py.MPI.Cartcomm* attribute), 74

Pickle (class in *mpi4py.MPI*), 154

pickle (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 243

Pool (class in *mpi4py.util.pool*), 58

pop() (*mpi4py.MPI.Info* method), 141

popitem() (*mpi4py.MPI.Info* method), 141

Post() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 182

Pready() (*mpi4py.MPI.Prequest* method), 156

Pready_list() (*mpi4py.MPI.Prequest* method), 156

Pready_range() (*mpi4py.MPI.Prequest* method), 157

Preallocate() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 125

Precv_init() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 93

Prequest (class in *mpi4py.MPI*), 156

Probe() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 93

probe() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 104

Probe() (*mpi4py.MPI.Message* class method), 150

probe() (*mpi4py.MPI.Message* class method), 151

probe() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Message* class method), 53

PROC_NULL (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 205

PROD (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 239

profile() (in module *mpi4py*), 27

PROTOCOL (*mpi4py.MPI.Pickle* attribute), 156

Psend_init() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 93

Publish_name() (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 197

Put() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 182

py2f() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm* method), 104

py2f() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 116

py2f() (*mpi4py.MPI.Errhandler* method), 118

py2f() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 131

py2f() (*mpi4py.MPI.Group* method), 138

py2f() (*mpi4py.MPI.Info* method), 142

py2f() (*mpi4py.MPI.Message* method), 152

py2f() (*mpi4py.MPI.Op* method), 154

py2f() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* method), 162

py2f() (*mpi4py.MPI.Session* method), 167

py2f() (*mpi4py.MPI.Status method*), 170
py2f() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win method*), 185
Python Enhancement Proposals
PEP 574, 51

Q

Query_thread() (*in module mpi4py.MPI*), 197

R

Raccumulate() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win method*), 182
Range_excl() (*mpi4py.MPI.Group method*), 137
Range_incl() (*mpi4py.MPI.Group method*), 137
rank (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm attribute*), 106
rank (*mpi4py.MPI.Group attribute*), 138
Read() (*mpi4py.MPI.File method*), 125
Read_all() (*mpi4py.MPI.File method*), 125
Read_all_begin() (*mpi4py.MPI.File method*), 125
Read_all_end() (*mpi4py.MPI.File method*), 125
Read_at() (*mpi4py.MPI.File method*), 125
Read_at_all() (*mpi4py.MPI.File method*), 126
Read_at_all_begin() (*mpi4py.MPI.File method*), 126
Read_at_all_end() (*mpi4py.MPI.File method*), 126
Read_ordered() (*mpi4py.MPI.File method*), 126
Read_ordered_begin() (*mpi4py.MPI.File method*), 126
Read_ordered_end() (*mpi4py.MPI.File method*), 127
Read_shared() (*mpi4py.MPI.File method*), 127
readonly (*mpi4py.MPI.buffer attribute*), 188
ready() (*mpi4py.util.pool.AsyncResult method*), 62
REAL (*in module mpi4py.MPI*), 233
REAL16 (*in module mpi4py.MPI*), 235
REAL2 (*in module mpi4py.MPI*), 234
REAL4 (*in module mpi4py.MPI*), 235
REAL8 (*in module mpi4py.MPI*), 235
Recv() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 94
recv() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 104
Recv() (*mpi4py.MPI.Message method*), 151
recv() (*mpi4py.MPI.Message method*), 152
recv() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Comm method*), 54
recv() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Message method*), 52
Recv_init() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 94
recv_mprobe (*mpi4py.mpi4py.rc attribute*), 23
Reduce() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 94
reduce() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 104
Reduce_init() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 95
Reduce_local() (*mpi4py.MPI.Op method*), 153
Reduce_scatter() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 95
Reduce_scatter_block() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 95
Reduce_scatter_block_init() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 95
Reduce_scatter_init() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 95
Register_datarep() (*in module mpi4py.MPI*), 197

release() (*mpi4py.MPI.buffer method*), 187
release() (*mpi4py.util.sync.Condition method*), 66
release() (*mpi4py.util.sync.Mutex method*), 65
release() (*mpi4py.util.sync.Semaphore method*), 68
remote_group (*mpi4py.MPI.Intercomm attribute*), 144
remote_size (*mpi4py.MPI.Intercomm attribute*), 144
Remove_error_class() (*in module mpi4py.MPI*), 198
Remove_error_code() (*in module mpi4py.MPI*), 198
Remove_error_string() (*in module mpi4py.MPI*), 198
REPLACE (*in module mpi4py.MPI*), 241
Request (*class in mpi4py.MPI*), 157
Request (*class in mpi4py.util.pkl5*), 51
REQUEST_NULL (*in module mpi4py.MPI*), 238
Revoke() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 96
Rget() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win method*), 183
Rget_accumulate() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win method*), 183
ROOT (*in module mpi4py.MPI*), 205
Rput() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win method*), 183
Rsend() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 96
Rsend_init() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 96

S

S (*in module mpi4py.typing*), 40
Scan() (*mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm method*), 148
scan() (*mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm method*), 149
Scan_init() (*mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm method*), 148
Scatter() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 96
scatter() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 104
scatter() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Comm method*), 56
Scatter_init() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 96
Scatterv() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 97
Scatterv_init() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 97
Seek() (*mpi4py.MPI.File method*), 127
SEEK_CUR (*in module mpi4py.MPI*), 224
SEEK_END (*in module mpi4py.MPI*), 224
SEEK_SET (*in module mpi4py.MPI*), 224
Seek_shared() (*mpi4py.MPI.File method*), 127
Semaphore (*class in mpi4py.util.sync*), 68
Send() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 97
send() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 104
send() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Comm method*), 53
Send_init() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 98
Sendrecv() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 98
sendrecv() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 105
sendrecv() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Comm method*), 55
Sendrecv_replace() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 98
Sequential (*class in mpi4py.util.sync*), 62
Session (*class in mpi4py.MPI*), 164
SESSION_NULL (*in module mpi4py.MPI*), 243
Set() (*mpi4py.MPI.Info method*), 140
Set_atomicsity() (*mpi4py.MPI.File method*), 127
Set_attr() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 99
Set_attr() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype method*), 114
Set_attr() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win method*), 183

Set_cancelled() (*mpi4py.MPI.Status method*), 169
 Set_elements() (*mpi4py.MPI.Status method*), 169
 Set_errhandler() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 99
 Set_errhandler() (*mpi4py.MPI.File method*), 127
 Set_errhandler() (*mpi4py.MPI.Session method*), 166
 Set_errhandler() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win method*), 183
 Set_error() (*mpi4py.MPI.Status method*), 169
 Set_info() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 99
 Set_info() (*mpi4py.MPI.File method*), 128
 Set_info() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win method*), 184
 Set_name() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 99
 Set_name() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype method*), 114
 Set_name() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win method*), 184
 Set_size() (*mpi4py.MPI.File method*), 128
 Set_source() (*mpi4py.MPI.Status method*), 169
 Set_tag() (*mpi4py.MPI.Status method*), 170
 Set_view() (*mpi4py.MPI.File method*), 128
 Shared_query() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win method*), 184
 Shift() (*mpi4py.MPI.Cartcomm method*), 74
 SHORT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 228
 SHORT_INT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 232
 Shrink() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 99
 shutdown() (*mpi4py.futures.MPIPoolExecutor method*), 43
 SIGNED_CHAR (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 228
 SIGNED_INT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 236
 SIGNED_LONG (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 236
 SIGNED_LONG_LONG (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 236
 SIGNED_SHORT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 236
 SIMILAR (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 220
 SINT16_T (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 236
 SINT32_T (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 236
 SINT64_T (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 237
 SINT8_T (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 236
 size (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm attribute*), 106
 size (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype attribute*), 116
 size (*mpi4py.MPI.File attribute*), 131
 size (*mpi4py.MPI.Group attribute*), 138
 source (*mpi4py.MPI.Status attribute*), 170
 Spawn() (*mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm method*), 148
 Spawn_multiple() (*mpi4py.MPI.Intracomm method*), 149
 Split() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 100
 Split_type() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 100
 Ssend() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 100
 ssend() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 105
 ssend() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Comm method*), 53
 Ssend_init() (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm method*), 100
 starmap() (*mpi4py.futures.MPIPoolExecutor method*), 42
 starmap() (*mpi4py.util.pool.Pool method*), 60
 starmap_async() (*mpi4py.util.pool.Pool method*), 60
 Start() (*mpi4py.MPI.Grequest class method*), 134
 Start() (*mpi4py.MPI.Prequest method*), 157
 Start() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win method*), 184
 Startall() (*mpi4py.MPI.Prequest class method*), 157
 Status (class in *mpi4py.MPI*), 167
 Sub() (*mpi4py.MPI.Cartcomm method*), 74
 submit() (*mpi4py.futures.MPIPoolExecutor method*), 42
 SUBVERSION (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 225
 SUCCESS (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 207
 successful() (*mpi4py.util.pool.AsyncResult method*), 62
 SUM (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 239
 SupportsBuffer (in module *mpi4py.typing*), 37
 SupportsCAI (in module *mpi4py.typing*), 37
 SupportsDLPack (in module *mpi4py.typing*), 37
 Sync() (*mpi4py.MPI.File method*), 128
 Sync() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win method*), 184

T

T (in module *mpi4py.typing*), 40
 tag (*mpi4py.MPI.Status attribute*), 170
 TAG_UB (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 206
 TargetSpec (in module *mpi4py.typing*), 40
 terminate() (*mpi4py.util.pool.Pool method*), 61
 Test() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request method*), 160
 test() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request method*), 162
 Test() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win method*), 184
 test() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Request method*), 52
 Testall() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request class method*), 160
 testall() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request class method*), 162
 testall() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Request class method*), 52
 Testany() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request class method*), 160
 testany() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request class method*), 162
 Testsome() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request class method*), 160
 testsome() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request class method*), 163
 THREAD_FUNNELED (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 225
 thread_level (*mpi4py.mpi4py.rc attribute*), 22
 THREAD_MULTIPLE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 225
 THREAD_SERIALIZED (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 225
 THREAD_SINGLE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 225
 ThreadPool (class in *mpi4py.util.pool*), 61
 threads (*mpi4py.mpi4py.rc attribute*), 22
 THRESHOLD (*mpi4py.MPI.Pickle attribute*), 156
 to_numpy_dtype() (in module *mpi4py.util.dtlb*), 50
 tobytes() (*mpi4py.MPI.buffer method*), 188
 tocode() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype method*), 116
 tomemory() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win method*), 185
 topo (*mpi4py.MPI.Cartcomm attribute*), 74
 topo (*mpi4py.MPI.Graphcomm attribute*), 133
 Topocomm (class in *mpi4py.MPI*), 170
 topology (*mpi4py.MPI.Comm attribute*), 106
 toreadonly() (*mpi4py.MPI.buffer method*), 188
 Translate_ranks() (*mpi4py.MPI.Group method*), 137
 true_extent (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype attribute*), 116
 true_lb (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype attribute*), 116
 true_ub (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype attribute*), 116

TWOINT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 232
 typechar (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* attribute), 116
 TYPECLASS_COMPLEX (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 216
 TYPECLASS_INTEGER (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 216
 TYPECLASS_REAL (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 216
 TypeSpec (in module *mpi4py.typing*), 38
 typestr (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* attribute), 116

U

U (in module *mpi4py.typing*), 40
 ub (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* attribute), 117
 UINT16_T (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 230
 UINT32_T (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 230
 UINT64_T (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 230
 UINT8_T (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 230
 UNDEFINED (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 205
 UNEQUAL (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 220
 Union() (*mpi4py.MPI.Group* class method), 137
 UNIVERSE_SIZE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 206
 Unlock() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 184
 Unlock_all() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 185
 Unpack() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method), 114
 Unpack_external() (*mpi4py.MPI.Datatype* method),
 115
 Unpublish_name() (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 198
 UNSIGNED (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 229
 UNSIGNED_CHAR (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 228
 UNSIGNED_INT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 235
 UNSIGNED_LONG (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 229
 UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 229
 UNSIGNED_SHORT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 229
 UNWEIGHTED (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 220
 update() (*mpi4py.MPI.Info* method), 142

V

V (in module *mpi4py.typing*), 40
 values() (*mpi4py.MPI.Info* method), 142
 VERSION (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 225

W

Wait() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* method), 160
 wait() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* method), 163
 Wait() (*mpi4py.MPI.Win* method), 185
 wait() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Request* method), 52
 wait() (*mpi4py.util.pool.AsyncResult* method), 62
 wait() (*mpi4py.util.sync.Condition* method), 67
 wait_for() (*mpi4py.util.sync.Condition* method), 67
 Waitall() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* class method), 160
 waitall() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* class method), 163
 waitall() (*mpi4py.util.pkl5.Request* class method), 52
 Waitany() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* class method), 161
 waitany() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* class method), 163
 Waitsome() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* class method), 163

waitsome() (*mpi4py.MPI.Request* class method), 163
 WCHAR (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 228
 WEIGHTS_EMPTY (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 221
 Win (class in *mpi4py.MPI*), 175
 WIN_BASE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 207
 WIN_CREATE_FLAVOR (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 207
 WIN_DISP_UNIT (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 207
 WIN_FLAVOR (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 207
 WIN_FLAVOR_ALLOCATE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 222
 WIN_FLAVOR_CREATE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 221
 WIN_FLAVOR_DYNAMIC (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 222
 WIN_FLAVOR_SHARED (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 222
 WIN_MODEL (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 207
 WIN_NULL (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 243
 WIN_SEPARATE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 222
 WIN_SIZE (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 207
 WIN_UNIFIED (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 222
 Write() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 128
 Write_all() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 128
 Write_all_begin() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 129
 Write_all_end() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 129
 Write_at() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 129
 Write_at_all() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 129
 Write_at_all_begin() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method),
 129
 Write_at_all_end() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 130
 Write_ordered() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 130
 Write_ordered_begin() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method),
 130
 Write_ordered_end() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 130
 Write_shared() (*mpi4py.MPI.File* method), 130
 Wtick() (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 199
 Wtime() (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 199
 WTIME_IS_GLOBAL (in module *mpi4py.MPI*), 206